

حمل الآن

مجانا وحصريا

المراجعة رقم (1)

الترم الاول





UNLOCK THE EXAM:

1

Must - Know Vocabulary

مفردات يجب معرفتها - كن جاهز لأي سؤال

1

Exam core Vocabulary

المفردات اللغوية الأساسية موضع الامتحان [كما وردت في كتاب الطالب]

water weeds الأعشاب المائية	flavor طعم - مذاق	tasty لذيذ / شهى
insects حشرات	spices توابل	the Nile River نهر النيل
lizard سحلية	hunt يصطاد / يطارد	fox ثعلب
leaves أوراق الشجرة	crocodile تمساح	trunk جذع شجرة
simple بسيط	snake ثعبان	lentils عدس
easy سهل	branch فرع / غصن [شجرة]	garden حديقة
dry جاف	selfish أنانى	crown تاج
shade ظل	ceremony حفل رسمي / احتفال	koshari كشرى [وجبة مصرية]
rich غنى	chickpeas حمص	onions بصل
recipe وصفة طهى	vinegar خل	meal وجبة
steps خطوات	ingredients مكونات / مقادير	main أساسى

2

Definitions

التعريفات

Word الكلمة	Definition التعريف
trunk	the main, thick part of a tree supporting its branches and leaves الجزء الرئيسى السميكة من الشجرة الذى يدعم الفروع وأوراق الشجر
crown	a special hat worn by kings or queens قبعة مميزة يرتديها الملوك أو الملكات
branch	a part that grows out from a tree's trunk, where leaves grow جزء ينمو من جذع الشجرة، حيث تنمو الأوراق
shade	a dark shadow created when sunlight is blocked by something ظل داكن يتكوّن عندما يحجب شئ ما ضوء الشمس
care for	to show interest and concern for something يظهر اهتمامًا وتعاطفًا تجاه شئ ما
selfish	caring for oneself only الاهتمام بالنفس فقط

2

Extra Vocabulary for the Exam

مفردات مساعدة - كن جاهز لأي سؤال

المفردات اللغوية المساعدة في التعامل مع الورقة الامتحانية.

1

Pronunciation

A consonant cluster of two sounds



plant



truck



tree



black



crops

2

Conjugation of Verbs

تصريف الأفعال

Regular		Irregular	
Present	Past	Present	Past
survive يبقى على قيد الحياة	survived	keep يحافظ	kept
affect يؤثر على	affected	know يعرف	knew
harm يضر/يؤذي	harmed	think يفكر / يعتقد	thought
flow يتدفق	flowed	hide يختفي	hid
store يخزن	stored	build يبني	built
rest يستريح	rested	wear يرتدي	wore
appreciate يقدّر	appreciated	sit يجلس	sat
ignore يتجاهل	ignored	bend ينحني / يميل	bent
sail يُبحر	sailed	begin يبدأ	began
pour يسكب / يصب	poured	mean يعنى / يقصد	meant
boil يغلي / يسلق	boiled	become يصبح	became
water يسقى / يروى	watered		
fry يقلى	fried		
attract يجذب	attracted		

3

Important Expressions & Prepositions

تعبيرات وحروف جر هامة

home to	موطن لـ	show interest and concern	يظهر اهتمامًا وتعاطفًا
play an important role	يقوم بدور هام	blocked by	يحجب / يمنع
near the river	بالقرب من النهر	giving back	رد الجميل
come out	يخرج		
stay in balance	تظل في توازن		

UNLOCK THE EXAM:



Must - Know Sentences

جمل يجب معرفتها - كن جاهز لأي سؤال

جمل كتاب الطالب مُجمعة من [نصوص الاستماع والقراءة - دروس الوحدة] التي تساعدك في تدريبات في الورقة الامتحانية [الاختبار من متعدد - تصحيح الخطأ - تكملة الفراغ في القطعة - الفقرات الإنشائية].

Topic	Guiding words	Sentences
Along the Nile River	fish - colorful	The small fish in the Nile River are so colorful.
	eat-water weeds	The small fish eat water weeds.
	birds - insects	Birds eat small fish, insects, and even plants near the river.
	fish - tiny	Big fish eat smaller fish, insects and tiny creatures in the water.
	crocodiles - kings	Crocodiles are the kings of the Nile.
	strong - scary	Crocodiles are very strong and scary.
Animals in the desert	camels - live	Camels, snakes, and foxes live in the desert.
	snakes - eat	Snakes often eat small animals like rats or lizards.
	plants - strong	Camels eat plants to stay strong.
	lizards - insects	Lizards eat insects which give them energy.
The Giving Tree	apple tree	Tom had a strong apple tree in his garden.
	eat - apples	Tom ate the tree's delicious apples.
	travel away - weak	Tom traveled away and when he came back, the tree branches were weak.
	selfish	Tom realized that he had been selfish.
	take care of	Tom decided to take care of the tree.
	better	The tree began to become better.
My favorite Egyptian food	koshari - meal	Koshari is a tasty Egyptian meal with many simple ingredients.
	lentils - sauce	I like to put lentils and tomato sauce on it.
	crispy onions	You can put crispy onions on top.
	traditional - food	Koshari is a traditional Egyptian food.

UNLOCK THE EXAM:

4

Must - Know Language Rules

قواعد يجب معرفتها - كن جاهز لأي سؤال

القواعد اللغوية الأساسية موضع الامتحان [كما وردت في كتاب الطالب]

1 The Present Simple Tense :

١. زمن المضارع البسيط :

1. Affirmative Statements الجمل الخبرية المثبتة

I / They / We / You / اسم جمع + المصدر inf.

He / She / It / اسم مفرد + المصدر inf. + [s/es/ies]

2. Negative Statements الجمل الخبرية المنفية

فاعل + don't / doesn't + inf.

2 Adverbs of frequency :

٢. ظروف التكرار :

always دائما

sometimes أحيانا

often غالبا

never أبدا

usually عادة

rarely نادرا

• تستخدم ظروف التكرار مع زمن المضارع البسيط للتعبير عن عدد مرات تكرار حدوث فعل ما :

ex. - Snakes **never** eat plants.

- Lizards **are sometimes** dangerous.

• تأتي ظروف التكرار قبل الفعل الأساسي وبعد verb to be.

احرص على اقتناء

كتب المعاصر

فى اللغة الانجليزية

امنح ثقتك لمن يستحق



Sample Test 1 | on Unit 1

نصوص الاستماع
في نهاية الكتاب

1 Listen and write (T) True or (F) False.

1. The desert is hot and dry.
2. Snakes often eat small fish
3. Lizards eat insects.
4. Animals help nature stay in balance.

☐
☐
☐
☐

2 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

1. We sat under the tree to rest in the on hot days.
a. sunshine b. shade c. sail d. sun
2. The soil near the Nile is
a. dry b. sandy c. rich d. poor
3. Nada always her teeth after meals.
a. brush b. brushing c. don't brush d. brushes
4. We to school on Fridays.
a. go never b. never go c. never goes d. always goes

3 Read and complete the text with the words in the box.

sauce – lentils – top – add – pot

To make the Egyptian dish Koshari, you need a few ingredients. First, cook rice in one [1] and pasta in another. Then, boil some [2] For the sauce, fry garlic, then add tomato [3] and spices. After that, put the rice in bowl, add the pasta and lentils, and put chickpeas on the [4] Finally, add the sauce and some crispy onions for more flavor.

4 Read the text and answer the questions.

In Egypt, people enjoy many kinds of food. They often eat rice, bread, and vegetables. Dates and figs are popular fruits. Farmers grow these crops in rich soil near the Nile. The river gives water to the plants, and the sun helps them grow. People in Egypt also enjoy fish from the Nile. Food is an important part of Egyptian culture, and families usually eat together.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

1. and sun helps plants grow near the Nile.
a. Sand b. Water c. Wind d. Ice
2. The underlined word rich is the opposite of
a. high b. short c. big d. poor

B. Answer the following questions.

3. What fruits are popular in Egypt ?
.....
4. What do Egyptian people often eat ?
.....
5. Summarize the text in one sentence.
.....

5 Read and write the correct form of the word[s] between brackets.

1. Nada [go] to the zoo every weekend.
2. They [not like] swimming or diving.

6 Put the words in the correct order to form sentences.

1. come – at – Owls – out – night.
.....
2. a traditional – Koshari – meal – is – Egyptian.
.....

7 Punctuate the following.

1. does each animal have an important role
.....
2. laila smiled and drank from the stream
.....

8 Write a text of FORTY [40] words using the words below.

The Nile River

Guiding elements :

- weeds • crocodiles • soil

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....



UNLOCK THE EXAM:

1

Must - Know Vocabulary

مفردات يجب معرفتها - كن جاهز لأي سؤال

1

Exam core Vocabulary

المفردات اللغوية الأساسية موضع الامتحان [كما وردت في كتاب الطالب]

sports	الرياضات	lungs	الرئتين	emergencies	حالات الطوارئ
mental health	الصحة العقلية [النفسية]	vitamins	فيتامينات	muscles	العضلات
		organ	عضو	habit	عادة
cell	خلية	hero	بطل	blood vessels	الأوعية الدموية
treatment	علاج	fit	لائق بدنياً	diagnose	يشخص [المرض]
bones	عظام	sports	رياضات	stressed	متوتر
snack	وجبة خفيفة	nutrients	عناصر غذائية	journey	رحلة
heart	قلب	powerful	قوى / ذو تأثير كبير	blood	دم
community	مجتمع	fist	قبضة / كف	paramedics	فرق الإسعاف الطبي
workers	عمال	healthcare	الرعاية الصحية	life saver	منقذ

2

Definitions

التعريفات

Word الكلمة	Definition التعريف
mental health	how you feel and think كيف تشعر و تفكر
muscles	the parts of your body that help you move أجزاء في جسمك تساعدك على التحرك / الحركة
lungs	the organs in your chest that help you breathe الأعضاء التي في صدرك وتساعدك على التنفس
stressed	feeling unhappy or tired الشعور بعدم السعادة أو التعب
fit	being healthy and strong because you exercise أن تكون بصحة جيدة و قوياً لأنك تتمرّن
blood vessels	tubes that carry blood through the body أنابيب تحمل الدم إلى جميع أنحاء الجسم

nutrients	substances that give us energy and help our bodies grow مواد تزودنا بالطاقة وتساعد أجسامنا على النمو
organ	a body part that does a job جزء من الجسم يؤدي وظيفة
oxygen	a gas that we breathe غاز نتنفسه
fist	a hand when it is tightly closed عندما تكون اليد مغلقة بإحكام
to work around the clock	to work for long hours without much rest العمل لساعات طويلة دون راحة كبيرة
to give help on the spot	to help immediately للمساعدة فورًا
to diagnose	to identify the cause of a problem or illness يحدد سبب المشكلة أو المرض

2

Extra Vocabulary for the Exam

مفردات مساعدة - كن جاهز لأي سؤال

المفردات اللغوية المساعدة في التعامل مع الورقة الامتحانية.

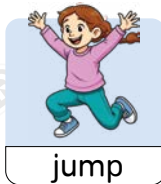
1

Pronunciation

One syllable words



arm



jump



leaf



flag



pot



feed

2

Conjugation of Verbs

تصريف الأفعال

Regular

Present		Past
increase	يزيد	increased
breathe	يتنفس	breathed
reduce	يقلل	reduced
grill	يشوي (على شواية)	grilled
replace	يستبدل	replaced
pump	يضخ	pumped
receive	يستلم	received
treat	يعالج	treated
encourage	يشجع	encouraged
transport	ينقل	transported
respond	يرد/يستجيب	responded
diagnose	يشخص	diagnosed

Irregular

Present		Past
lose	يفقد	lost
buy	يشترى	bought
keep	يحافظ	kept
hurt	يروح	hurt
beat	ينبض	beat

3 Important Expressions & Prepositions

تعابير وحروف جر هامة

go for a walk	يذهب في نزهة سيرًا على الأقدام	give advice	يعطى نصيحة
lose weight	يفقد الوزن	proud to + inf.	فخور أن
get tired	يتعب	in action	أثناء العمل
What about + inf. + ing ?	ماذا عن ... ؟	receive the correct medicine	يتلقى العلاج الصحيح
make our bodies stronger	نقوى أجسامنا	on the spot	في الحال
then and now	بين الماضي والحاضر	work around the clock	العمل على مدار الساعة
located in	تقع في		

UNLOCK THE EXAM:

3 Must - Know Sentences

جمل يجب معرفتها - كن جاهز لأي سؤال

جمل كتاب الطالب مُجمعة من [نصوص الاستماع والقراءة - دروس الوحدة] التي تساعدك في تدريبات في الورقة الامتحانية [الاختيار من متعدد - تصحيح الخطأ - تكملة الفراغ في القطعة - الفقرات الإنشائية].

Topic	Guiding words	Sentences
Sports for better health	sports-healthy	Sports help us stay healthy and make our bodies stronger.
	football-heart	Football makes our heart strong, and helps our muscles grow.
	swimming-lungs	Swimming makes our lungs strong.
	exercise - lose	Exercise helps us lose weight.
	regularly - stress	Exercising regularly reduces stress.
Adam's journey to a healthier life	football	Adam plays football with his friends every Saturday.
	water - soda	Adam drinks a lot of water instead of soda.
	fruits - vitamins	Fruits and vegetables give us important vitamins.
	habits - minds	Healthy habits are important for our bodies and minds.
Our Body's Super Pump!	heart - organs	The heart is one of the most important organs of our body.
	pump - blood	The heart's job is to pump blood to all parts of the body.
	oxygen - nutrients	Blood carries oxygen and nutrients to every cell.
	heart - blood vessels	The heart pumps blood through blood vessels.
	exercise - sick	Exercise helps your heart pump better and keeps you from getting sick.

healthcare heroes	healthcare - heroes	Healthcare workers are real-life heroes.
	workers - healthy	Healthcare workers work day and night to keep people healthy.
	knowledge - patients	Doctors use their knowledge to check patients.
	care - support	Nurses work around the clock to give care and support to patients.
	pharmacists - role	Pharmacists play a very important role.
	paramedics - hospitals	Paramedics give help on the spot and take patients safely to hospitals.
	respond - emergencies	Paramedics respond quickly in emergencies.
	workers - lives	Healthcare workers help us live healthier lives.

UNLOCK THE EXAM:

4

Must - Know Language Rules

قواعد يجب معرفتها - كن جاهز لأي سؤال

القواعد اللغوية الأساسية موضع الامتحان [كما وردت في كتاب الطالب]

Countable and uncountable nouns

• الأسماء المعدودة والغير معدودة

1 a - an

"a"

We use "a" before singular countable nouns → starting with a consonant sound.

← قبل الاسم المفرد المعدود الذي يبدأ بصوت ساكن.

• a banana

ex. - I eat a banana every day.

"an"

We use "an" before singular countable nouns → starting with a vowel sound.

← قبل الاسم المفرد المعدود الذي يبدأ بصوت متحرك.

• an egg

ex. - She eats an egg in the morning.

2 some - any

◀ تستخدم [any / some] مع الأسماء الجمع المعدودة و الأسماء غير المعدودة.

- some water/apples

- any water/mangoes

◀ تستخدم [any] في الجمل الخبرية المنفية والاستفهام.

▶ - Are there any sweets in the store ?

Sample Test 2 | on Unit 2

نصوص الاستماع
في نهاية الكتاب

1 Listen and write (T) True or (F) False.

1. A teacher is a healthcare hero. ☐
2. Doctors help sick people. ☐
3. Doctors use their knowledge to diagnose diseases. ☐
4. Doctors provide treatments to help patients get worse. ☐

2 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

1. Blood are tubes that carry blood through the body.
a. pots b. ingredients c. nutrients d. vessels
2. To be means to be healthy and strong because you exercise.
a. stressed b. nervous c. fit d. tired
3. Mazen ate apple for breakfast.
a. an b. a c. some d. any
4. They have sandwiches for the trip.
a. any b. an c. a d. some

3 Read and complete the text with the words in the box.

pump – oxygen – hurt – blood – organs

We have an amazing body. The heart is one of the most important [1] of our body. The heart's job is to [2] blood to all parts of the body. Blood carries [3] and nutrients to every cell. It also takes away waste like carbon dioxide. Too much stress can [4] our heart, so it's important to keep it healthy.

4 Read the text and answer the questions.

I'm Nader and I'd like to share how my habits have changed. In the past, I woke up late on weekends and didn't exercise much. Now, I wake up early and exercise every morning. It makes me feel **strong** and happy. I used to watch TV all day, but now I play football with friends every Friday. I used to eat chips, burgers and sweets. Now I eat more fruits and vegetables which give me important vitamins. My favorite snacks are apples, bananas, and carrots. And I drink water instead of soda.

A Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

1. The general idea of the text is about ".....".
a. Playing football b. Healthy habits
c. Snacks d. Fruits
2. The underlined word "**strong**" is the opposite of ".....".
a. weak b. powerful c. clever d. rich

B Answer the following questions.

3. When does Nader play football with his friends ?
.....
4. What are Nader's favorite snacks ?
.....
5. Summarize the text in one sentence.
.....

5 Read and write the correct form of the word[s] between brackets.

1. Is there [some] juice in the fridge ?
2. She drank [any] water ?

6 Put the words in the correct order to form sentences.

1. healthy – drink – It's – to – of – a lot – water.
.....
2. your – snack – favorite – What's ?
.....

7 Punctuate the following.

1. why is it important to play sports
.....
2. blood carries oxygen and nutrients to every cell
.....

8 Write a text of FORTY [40] words using the words below.

Staying healthy

Guiding elements :

- sports • vitamins • habits

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....



UNLOCK THE EXAM:

1

Must - Know Vocabulary

مفردات يجب معرفتها - كن جاهز لأي سؤال

1

Exam core Vocabulary

المفردات اللغوية الأساسية موضع الامتحان [كما وردت في كتاب الطالب]

thunderstorm	عاصفة رعدية	imagination	خيال	magically	بطريقة ساحرة
drought	جفاف	sandstorm	عاصفة رملية	flood	فيضان
irrigation	الري	wildfire	حرائق الغابات	heat wave	موجة حارة
basin	حوض مائي	mud bricks	قوالب من الطوب اللين	pond	بركة مياه
flies	ذباب			whisper	همسة
safely	بأمان	frog	ضفدع	the Nile River	نهر النيل
farming	الزراعة	Khamsin	رياح الخماسين	gentle	لطيف
machines	ماكينات - آلات	well	بئر	kindness	لطف / عطف
fluffy	ناعم / رقيق	cozy	مريح / دافئ	brightly	بشكل ساطع / لامع

2

Definitions

التعريفات

Word الكلمة	Definition التعريف
In a thunderstorm,	children are afraid of the lightning في العاصفة الرعدية يخاف الأطفال من البرق
A flood	is when there's too much water covering dry land يحدث عندما يكون هناك الكثير من الماء الذي يغطي الأرض الجافة
A wildfire	burns through forests and homes نار تلتهم الغابات والمنازل
A drought	happens when there is no rain for a long time يحدث عندما لا يكون هناك مطر لفترة طويلة
In a heat wave,	the temperature is dangerously high for days درجة الحرارة مرتفعة بشكل خطير لعدة أيام

A sandstorm	is a severe wind that carries sand and dust through the air making it hard to breathe هي رياح شديدة تحمل الرمال والغبار عبر الهواء مما يجعل عملية التنفس صعبة
a pond	is an area of water, usually smaller than a lake مساحة من الماء أصغر عادة من البحيرة
a well	is a deep hole dug in the ground to find water حفرة عميقة تحفر في الأرض للبحث عن الماء
flies	are small insects with two thin, small wings حشرات صغيرة ذات جناحين رقيقين و صغيرين
leap	to jump high and far in one big movement يقفز عالياً وبعيداً في حركة كبيرة واحدة
safely	protected from danger محمى من الخطر

2

Extra Vocabulary for the Exam

مفردات مساعدة - كن جاهز لأي سؤال

المفردات اللغوية المساعدة في التعامل مع الورقة الامتحانية.

1

Pronunciation

Long "e" sound



leap



eat

Long "o" sound



boat



goat

Short "u" sound



flood

2

Conjugation of Verbs

تصريف الأفعال

Regular		Irregular	
Present	Past	Present	Past
prevent يمنع	prevented	hear يسمع	heard
flood يفيض	flooded	spread ينتشر	spread
survive يبقى على قيد الحياة	survived	hit يصطدم	hit
splash يرش	splashed	strike يضرب / يهاجم	struck
flip ينقلب / يقلب	flipped	bring يجلب / يحضر	brought
float يطفو	floated	build يبني	built
clap يصفق	clapped	catch يصطاد	caught
whisper يهمس	whispered	dig يحفر	dug
seem يبدو	seemed	leap يقفز / يثب	leapt
		shine يشرق	shone

3 Important Expressions & Prepositions

تعابير وحروف جر هامة

for a long time	لفترة طويلة	any longer	لم يعد
What a pity!	يا للأسف !	near the edge of	بالقرب من حافة
on the news	عبر الأخبار	make a decision	يتخذ قرار
get stuck	يعلق - يتعثر	with a little bit of kindness	بقليل من اللطف
burn down	يحترق كليًا	upside down	رأسًا على عقب [مقلوب]
dry up	يجف تمامًا	turn over	يقلب [شيئًا]
get out	يخرج	look out	ينظر إلى الخارج
think for a moment	يفكر للحظة		

UNLOCK THE EXAM:

3 Must - Know Sentences

جمل يجب معرفتها - كن جاهز لأي سؤال

جمل كتاب الطالب مُجمعة من [نصوص الاستماع والقراءة - دروس الوحدة] التي تساعدك في تدريبات في الورقة الامتحانية [الاختيار من متعدد - تصحيح الخطأ - تكملة الفراغ في القطعة - الفقرات الإنشائية].

Topic	Guiding words	Sentences
When nature strikes!	flood	There was a flood in Mazen's city.
	covered - stuck	The water covered the streets, and many cars got stuck.
	drought	There's a drought in China for months.
	dry	The land gets so dry that animals can't find water.
	forest	A wildfire is spreading in the forest in the U.S.A.
	trees - homes	Many trees burned down, and animals lost their homes.
The weather in Ancient Egypt	weather - farming	Ancient Egypt had weather that made farming possible.
	The Nile River - flood	The Nile River flooded every year.
	rich soil - land	The Nile River brought water and rich soil to the land.
	canals-basins	The Ancient Egyptians built canals and basins to control the water.
	drought-rain	Droughts happened when there was not enough rain.
	smart-survive	The Ancient Egyptians found smart ways to survive.

The two frogs	frogs-pond	The two frogs lived together in a small pond.
	summer - dry up	One summer, the pond started to dry up.
	decide - leave	The two frogs decided to leave the pond.
	well	After a long time, they saw a deep well.
	place	One of the frogs thought it was a great place to live.
	safe	The other frog thought it wasn't safe.
	leap - search	They kept leaping and searching for a safe home.
Lily's flowers get sunshine!	cozy	Lily lived in a cozy little house.
	fluffy - upside	Lily saw big, fluffy clouds floating upside down.
	gentle - fix	Lily's grandma said that a gentle whisper could fix things.
	whisper - turn	Lily whispered to the clouds and asked them to turn right side up.
	clouds - bright	The clouds turned over, showing their bright sides.
	problems - kindness	Even big problems could be solved with a little bit of kindness.

UNLOCK THE EXAM:

4

Must - Know Language Rules

قواعد يجب معرفتها - كن جاهز لأي سؤال

القواعد اللغوية الأساسية موضع الامتحان [كما وردت في كتاب الطالب]

The Past Simple Tense :

زمن الماضي البسيط :

Subject الفاعل + التصريف الثاني للفعل + باقي الجملة .

She visited the zoo.

He saw a nice animal.

التصريف الثاني للفعل [المنتظم]

التصريف الثاني للفعل [غير المنتظم]

Subject الفاعل + did not = [didn't] + مصدر الفعل [inf.] + باقي الجملة .

ex. - She didn't listen to music.

inf.

Time phrases : من العبارات الزمنية الدالة على زمن الماضي البسيط

in the past
[فترة زمنية] + ago
yesterday
in + [2005]....

في الماضي
منذ
أمس
في + [عام ماضي]....

last

→ year
→ month
→ week
→ Tuesday

السنة الماضية
الشهر الماضي
الأسبوع الماضي
الثلاثاء الماضي

A. Yes/No question :

السؤال بـ «هل» :

Did + **subj.** الفاعل + **[inf.]** مصدر الفعل + باقي السؤال ؟

ex. - Did the teacher give us homework last Monday ?

B. Wh-question :

السؤال بكلمة استفهام :

Question word + **did/ didn't** + **subj.** الفاعل + **[inf.]** مصدر الفعل + باقي السؤال ؟
كلمة استفهام

ex. - What did the Ancient Egyptians do when the river flooded ?

Verb [to be] in the Past Simple Tense :

I/He/She/It/ اسم مفرد → **was / wasn't** + باقي الجملة .

We/They/You/ اسم جمع → **were / weren't** + باقي الجملة .

ex. - They were at the club a week ago.

A. Yes/No question :

السؤال بـ «هل» :

Was / Were + **subj.** الفاعل + باقي السؤال ؟

ex. - Were there sandstorms in the past ?

B. Wh-question :

السؤال بكلمة استفهام :

Question word + **was / were** + **subj.** الفاعل + باقي السؤال ؟

ex. - Where were you last night ?

Sample Test 3 | on Unit 3

نصوص الاستماع
في نهاية الكتاب

1 Listen and write [T] True or [F] False.

1. Sandstorms brought strong, hot winds with sand.
2. In sandstorms, it was easy to see.
3. People stayed outside to stay safe in sandstorms.
4. People built their homes with thick mud bricks.

☐
☐
☐
☐

2 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

1. Droughts made the Nile's water
a. cold b. spread c. high d. low
2. Because of the air became full of smoke.
a. drought b. flood c. wildfire d. thunderstorm
3. We the Egyptian Museum last week.
a. visiting b. visits c. visit d. visited
4. We go to the beach last summer.
a. don't b. didn't c. wasn't d. weren't

3 Read and complete the text with the words in the box.

found - jump - stuck - fly - dry

Once, two frogs lived in a small pond. One hot summer, the pond started to [1] up, and they knew they had to find a new home. After a long search, they [2] a deep well with cool water. One frog wanted to [3] in immediately. But the other, frog said, "What if this well dries up, too ? We will be [4] at the bottom and won't be able to get out. They agreed it was not safe and continued searching for a better home.

4 Read the text and answer the questions.

Ancient Egypt had weather that made farming possible, even in the desert. But sometimes, the weather also brought problems like floods, droughts, and sandstorms. The Nile River flooded every year. The water brought rich soil to the land, which helped crops grow. But sometimes, the floods were too strong and damaged farms. To stop this, the Ancient Egyptians built canals and basins to control the water and spread it over their fields. Droughts happened when there was not enough rain. The Nile's water became low, and the land became dry. Crops could not grow.

A Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

1. This text is about the in ancient Egypt.
a. clothes b. weather c. festivals d. traditions
2. The underlined word low is the opposite of
a. down b. weak c. high d. little

B Answer the following questions.

3. What problems did the weather bring ?
.....

4. What happened during the drought ?
.....

5. Summarize the text in one sentence.
.....

5 Read and write the correct form of the word[s] between brackets.

1. Where [do] he go yesterday ?
2. I didn't [bought] any books last week.

6 Put the words in the correct order to form sentences.

1. across - sailed - The boat - lake - the.
.....

2. spread - in - forest - the - The wildfire - quickly.
.....

7 Punctuate the following.

1. where were you last night
.....

2. i stay in a shade and wear a hat in heat waves
.....

8 Write a text of FORTY [40] words using the words below.

The weather in Ancient Egypt

Guiding elements :

- How was the weather in Ancient Egypt ?
- What did the Nile bring ?
- What did the Ancient Egyptians build to control the water ?

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....



UNLOCK THE EXAM:

1

Must - Know Vocabulary

مفردات يجب معرفتها - كن جاهز لأي سؤال

Exam core Vocabulary

المفردات اللغوية الأساسية موضع الامتحان [كما وردت في كتاب الطالب]

restaurant	مطعم	coffee shop	مقهى	bakery	مخبز
supermarket	سوبر ماركت	theme park	مدينة ملاهي	fields	حقول
groceries	البقالة / السلع	cottage	كوخ / بيت ريفي	village	قرية
cozy	دافئ / مريح	barn	حظيرة	crowding	ازدحام
busy	مزدحم / مشغول	peaceful	هادئ / مسالم	steel	فولاذ / صلب
New Administrative Capital		العاصمة الإدارية الجديدة			
government offices		مكاتب حكومية			

2

Extra Vocabulary for the Exam

مفردات مساعدة - كن جاهز لأي سؤال

المفردات اللغوية المساعدة في التعامل مع الورقة الامتحانية.

1

Pronunciation

- The trigraph "igh" sounds like "i" : right - flight - bright
- The trigraph "dge" sounds like "j": bridge - fridge
- The trigraph "tch" sounds like "ch" : match - watch - witch

2

Conjugation of Verbs

تصريف الأفعال

Regular		Irregular	
Present	Past	Present	Past
shop يتسوق	shopped	buy يشتري	bought
connect يتواصل	connected	sing يغنى	sang
gather يجتمع	gathered	sell يبيع	sold
design يصمم	designed	meet يقابل	met
manage يتحكم بـ/ يدير	managed	feed يطعم	fed
reduce يقلل / يقلص	reduced	build يبني	built

3 Important Expressions & Prepositions

تعابير وحروف جر هامة

hang out with	يقضى وقتاً مع	It's so relaxing!	إنه شيء مريح للغاية!
come with	يأتى مع	in the barns	في الحظائر
pass by	يمر بـ	keep animals	يربى حيوانات
pick out	ينتقى/يختار	located in	يقع في
That sounds nice!	هذا يبدو رائعاً!		

UNLOCK THE EXAM:

3 Must - Know Sentences

جمل يجب معرفتها - كن جاهز لأي سؤال

جمل كتاب الطالب مُجمعة من [نصوص الاستماع والقراءة - دروس الوحدة] التي تساعدك في تدريبات في الورقة الامتحانية [الاختبار من متعدد - تصحيح الخطأ - تكملة الفراغ في القطعة - الفقرات الإنشائية].

Topic	Guiding words	Sentences
Places in the neighborhood	places - neighborhood	Tamer and Adel talk about places in their neighborhood.
	play sports - club	Adel likes going to the club to play sports with his friends.
	hang out	Adel hangs out with his friends.
	enjoy - supermarket	Tamer enjoys picking out groceries from the supermarket with his family.
	coffee shop - cake	Adel likes going to the coffee shop for coffee and cake.
	bread - bakery	Tamer wants to get some fresh bread from the bakery.
Life in my village	small - village	I live in a small village with green fields.
	cozy - cottage	I live in a cozy cottage with my family.
	main square	The main square is the busiest place in my village.
	farmers - barns	Farmers keep their animals in the barns.
	meet - play	I meet my friends and play games at the community center.
	night - quiet	At night, the village is quiet.
Egypt's new city	new city	The New Administrative Capital is a new city.
	reduce - crowding	It helps reduce crowding in Cairo.
	city - smart	The city is designed to be very smart.
	jobs	People can find great jobs and have a peaceful life there.

UNLOCK THE EXAM:

4

Must - Know Language Rules

قواعد يجب معرفتها - كن جاهز لأي سؤال

القواعد اللغوية الأساسية موضع الامتحان [كما وردت في كتاب الطالب]

Prepositions of time :

حروف الجر الخاصة بالوقت :

- We use prepositions of time **at**, **on** and **in**, to say when something happens.
◀ نستخدم حروف الجر الخاصة بالوقت [at, on, in], لتحدث عن وقت حدوث شيء ما.

1 at

- We use [at] with : تستخدم [at] مع :
 - clock times الوقت [الساعة]
 - at 9 o'clock - at 3 p.m.
 - ex: - I get up at 8 o'clock every day.
 - Mealtimes أوقات الوجبات
 - at breakfast - at lunchtime
 - Time phrases عبارات زمنية
 - at night ليلاً - at midnight في منتصف الليل
 - at midday في منتصف النهار
 - at noon في وقت الظهر

2 on

- We use [on] with : تستخدم [on] مع :
 - Days أيام الأسبوع
 - on Friday - on Saturdays
 - ex: - The party is on Tuesday.
 - Dates التواريخ
 - on March 8th - on April 26th
 - ex: - My birthday is on June 29th.
 - Time phrases عبارات زمنية
 - on holiday في إجازة - on time في الوقت المحدد
 - on the weekend في عطلة نهاية الأسبوع
 - on a sunny day في يوم مشمس - on school days في أيام الدراسة

3 in

• We use [in] with :

• seasons, months and years

- spring - summer - winter - autumn (fall)

- January - March - September

- 2012 - 1989 - 2000 - 2019

ex : - In summer, I go to the beach.

• Parts of the day

- in the morning

- in the afternoon

- in the evening

ex : - I like visiting my uncle in the afternoons.

تستخدم [in] مع :

فصول السنة والشهور والسنوات

[فصول السنة]

[الشهور]

[السنوات]

فترات اليوم

احرص على اقتناء

كتب المعاصر
فى اللغة الانجليزية

امنح ثقتك لمن يستحق



Sample Test 4 | on Unit 4

نصوص الاستماع
في نهاية الكتاب

1 Listen and write [T] True or [F] False.

1. Mohamed is a good pupil.
2. The community center is a boring place.
3. Mohamed meets his friends in the community center.
4. The village is quiet at night.

☐
☐
☐
☐

2 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

1. You can buy fresh bread and cakes from the
a. restaurant b. coffee shop c. theme park d. bakery
2. Farmers keep animals in
a. flats b. barns c. offices d. schools
3. I was born 2015.
a. with b. at c. on d. in
4. We don't go to school Fridays.
a. on b. of c. off d. in

3 Read and complete the text with the words in the box.

smart – reduce – increase – energy – Capital

Egypt builds new cities almost everywhere. My family and I live in the New Administrative [1], 45 km east of Cairo. It's a new city that helps [2] crowding in Cairo. The city is designed to be very [3] Modern technology is used to manage roads, water, [4], and almost everything. The city has green areas everywhere.

4 Read the text and answer the questions.

My name is Rahma. I'm in grade five. I live in a small village with green fields, tall trees, and quiet hills. The people are friendly, and the village is full of life. My family and I live in a **cozy** cottage near the community center. Every morning, I hear birds singing and see farmers working in the fields. The air is fresh, and everything feels calm.

The main square is the busiest place. On Saturdays, people meet there to shop at the market. Farmers keep animals like cows, sheep, and chickens in the barns. I visit my uncle's barn to help feed the animals. The community center is a fun place. I meet my friends and play games there every Thursday.

A Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

1. This text is about ".....".
a. Rahma's village b. quiet hills
c. cozy cottage d. tall trees
2. The underlined word "cozy" means
a. comfortable b. tiring
c. ugly d. uncomfortable

B Answer the following questions.

3. Why does Rahma visit her uncle's barn ?
.....
4. Do you think Rahma loves her village ?
.....
5. Summarize the second paragraph in one sentence.
.....

5 Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets.

1. We have our English lesson [on] 8:00 a.m.
2. I'll travel to Aswan [at] winter.

6 Put the words in the correct order to form sentences.

1. buy – can – We – at – groceries – a supermarket.
.....
2. the busiest – of – What – is – part – your village ?
.....

7 Punctuate the following.

1. which place do you like most
.....
2. I was born in march
.....

8 Write a text of FORTY [40] words using the words below.

A city you like

Guiding elements :

- technology • energy • green areas

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....



UNLOCK THE EXAM:

1

Must - Know Vocabulary

مفردات يجب معرفتها - كن جاهز لأي سؤال

1

Exam core Vocabulary

• المفردات اللغوية الأساسية موضع الامتحان (كما وردت في كتاب الطالب)
• المفردات اللغوية الأساسية في القصة المقررة.

minerals	المعادن	fuel	وقود	copper	نحاس
natural resources	الموارد الطبيعية	treasures	كنوز / ثروات	underground	تحت الأرض
		miners	عمال مناجم	diamond	الماس
valuable	ذو قيمة	rare	نادر	digger	آلة الحفار
grateful	شاكر / ممتن	sunlight	ضوء الشمس	fossil fuel	وقود حفري
soil	التربة	mineral resources	موارد معدنية	hidden treasures	ثروات / كنوز خفية
electrical wires	أسلاك معدنية	tools	أدوات	pipes	مواسير
coins	عملات معدنية	cheaper	أرخص ثمنًا	shore	شاطئ
non-renewable	غير متجدد	thick	سميك	stuck	عالق
heavy mud	وحل غزير	cargo	حمولة / شحنة	ship	سفينة
load	يحمل [بضائع] / حمولة	tears	دموع	wild	شديد / قاسي
treasured	مقدر / غالٍ				

2

Definitions

التعريفات

Word الكلمة	Definition التعريف
natural resources	things from nature that help us live أشياء من الطبيعة تساعدنا على الحياة
fertile	a land with rich soil to grow food أرض ذات تربة خصبة لزراعة الطعام
minerals	crystals and metals, like gold and copper بلورات ومعادن مثل الذهب و النحاس
electricity	the energy used to power homes and machines الطاقة المستخدمة لتزويد المنازل والآلات بالكهرباء
cotton	a soft, white plant that is used to make fabric نبات ناعم وأبيض يستخدم في صناعة الأقمشة
give up	to stop trying يتوقف عن المحاولة
thick	something that is not thin شيء لا يكون رفيعاً

path	a route or way for traveling	طريق أو مسار للسفر والتنقل
load	to put things onto ships	يضع الأشياء على متن السفينة
cargo	goods which are carried by a large ship	بضائع يتم تحميلها على سفينة كبيرة
digger	a machine or tool used for digging	آلة يتم استخدامها للحفر
native	the first person who lived in a place	السكان الأصليون
tribe	a group of people who live together and share the same language, culture, and history	قبيلة
swamp	wet, muddy area of land that has a lot of water, trees, and plants	مستنقع
shelter	a safe place that protects someone from bad weather or danger	مأوى
survive	to stay alive, especially in dangerous situations	ينجو / يبقى على قيد الحياة
wisdom	using what you know to make good choices	الحكمة
disappointed	feeling sad because something didn't happen as expected	محبط
hoot	the sound an owl makes	صوت البومة
elders	older people who are wise and respected	كبار السن
attack	to try to hurt someone	يهاجم
pack	put things together to carry or take with you	يحزم أمتعته
struggle	to have a hard time doing something	يكافح
the wild	a place in nature where animals and plants live freely	البرية

2

Extra Vocabulary for the Exam

مفردات مساعدة - كن جاهز لأي سؤال

المفردات اللغوية المساعدة في التعامل مع الورقة الامتحانية.

1

Pronunciation

Prefix and stressed syllables

		prefix		stressed syllable
dislike	→	dis	+	like
misplace	→	mis	+	place
misspell	→	mis	+	spell

2 Conjugation of Verbs

تصريف الأفعال

Regular		Irregular	
Present	Past	Present	Past
power يزود بالطاقة	powered	find يجد	found
provide يمد	provided	know يعرف	knew
contain يحتوي على	contained	grow ينمو	grew
shape يتشكل	shaped	give يمد / يعطى	gave
form يتكون	formed	dig يحفر	dug
waste يهدر	wasted	make يصنع/يعد	made
pull يسحب	pulled	cost يكلف	cost

3 Important Expressions & Prepositions

تعبيرات وحروف جر هامة

Well done! = Excellent أحسنت!	get stuck يعلق
along the Nile على امتداد نهر النيل	on the shore على الشاطئ
perfect for مناسب لـ / ملائم لـ	have no shape ليس له شكل
great for wires جيد للأسلاك	sleep deep ينام نومًا عميقًا
switch off يفصل / يقطع [جهاز]	search for يبحث عن
give up يستسلم	made up of يتشكل من
pull out يسحب للخارج	

UNLOCK THE EXAM:

3 Must - Know Sentences

جمل يجب معرفتها - كن جاهز لأي سؤال

جمل كتاب الطالب مُجمعة من [نصوص الاستماع والقراءة - دروس الوحدة] التي تساعدك في تدريبات في الورقة الامتحانية [الاختيار من متعدد - تصحيح الخطأ - تكملة الفراغ في القطعة - الفقرات الإنشائية].

Topic	Guiding words	Sentences
Treasures of Egypt	things - nature	Natural resources are things we find in nature.
	water resource	The Nile River is the most important water resource in Egypt.
	oil - fuel	Oil and natural gas are used to make fuel and electricity.
	iron - minerals	Egypt has gold, iron, and other minerals in the deserts.
	use - wisely	We must use natural resources wisely.

Hidden treasures	precious – find	Minerals are precious materials that we find underground.
	soft – jewelry	Gold is soft, shiny, perfect for jewelry.
	copper – wires	Copper is great for making electrical wires.
	iron – ships	Iron is used to make cars, ships, airplanes and bridges.
	non-renewable	We must use minerals wisely because they are non-renewable.
A story by the little digger	proud – ocean	The ship was huge, and proud as it sailed across the ocean.
	stuck – mud	One morning, the big ship got stuck in the thick, heavy mud.
	machines – pull	The big machines rushed to help, but none of them could pull it out.
	digger – mud	The little digger dug around the ship and cleared the mud.
	path – clear	The path was clear, and the big ship float free!
	ship – grateful	The big ship was grateful and thanked the little digger.

UNLOCK THE EXAM:

4

Must - Know Language Rules

قواعد يجب معرفتها - كن جاهز لأي سؤال

القواعد اللغوية الأساسية موضع الامتحان [كما وردت في كتاب الطالب]

1 Comparative adjectives صفات المقارنة

للمقارنة بين شخصين أو شيئين باستخدام الصفة القصيرة نستخدم :

short adj. [الصفة القصيرة] + [er] + [than]

► ex. - Summer is **hotter than** winter.

للمقارنة بين اثنين أو شيئين باستخدام الصفة الطويلة نستخدم :

more / less + long adj. [الصفة الطويلة] + [than]

► ex. - Diamond is **more valuable** than gold.

2 Irregular comparative forms

good → better than

little → less than

bad → worse than

many /much → more than

Sample Test 5 | on Units 5 & 6

نصوص الاستماع
في نهاية الكتاب

1 Listen and write [T] True or [F] False.

1. Mazen reads that Egypt has minerals.
2. Egypt's forests contain gold and iron.
3. Minerals are used to make jewelry.
4. Minerals help our country grow.

☐
☐
☐
☐

2 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

1. A soil is good for growing food.
a. fertile b. poor c. salty d. sweet
2. is the energy used to power homes and machines.
a. Jewelry b. Cotton c. Electricity d. Mineral
3. The dog is than the camel.
a. small b. smaller c. smallest d. the smallest
4. Gold is more valuable silver.
a. than b. then c. the d. that

3 Read and complete the text with the words in the box.

thirsty – glass – rain – animals – lakes

I am water. You might see me in a [1], a river, a cloud, or a tear. I can be quiet and still, or wild and crashing. I sleep in [2] and dance in the rain. People drink me when they're [3], bathe in me when they're dirty and cry me when they're hurt. Plants need me, [4] search for me, and without me-life would stop.

4 Read the text and answer the questions.

Under the earth, we find precious mineral resources like gold, diamond, copper and iron. These are used every day to make important things. Gold is soft, shiny, and easy to shape. People use it for coins and jewelry. I love gold rings! Diamond is a rare mineral-even more valuable than gold! Copper is a strong metal which we use for electrical wires, pipes, and tools. It's cheaper than gold. Egypt gets most of its copper and gold from the Eastern Desert. Iron is super strong. It helps make cars, ships, airplanes and bridges. It's found in many places in Egypt.

A Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

1. People use gold for coins and
a. jewelry b. wires c. pipes d. tables
2. The underlined word soft is the opposite of
a. hard b. easy c. smooth d. old

B Answer the following questions.

3. Where does Egypt get most of its copper and gold ?
.....
4. What do we use copper for ?
.....
5. Summarize the text in one sentence.
.....

5 Read and write the correct form of the word[s] between brackets.

1. Reading books are [good] than movies.
2. My mobile is [expensive] than yours.

6 Put the words in the correct order to form sentences.

1. less – gold – than – expensive – Copper – is.
.....
2. Egypt – has – resources – natural – many – important.
.....

7 Punctuate the following.

1. iron is super strong metal
.....
2. why did the big ship get stuck
.....

8 Write a text of FORTY [40] words using the words below.

Natural resources

Guiding elements :

- gold • mineral • valuable

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

Writing Skill

أهم الفقرات الانشائية التي وردت بالمنهج [موضوع الامتحان]

Unit 1

1. «Desert animals»

The desert is hot and dry, but many animals live there such as camels, snakes, and foxes. Snakes often eat small animals like rats or lizards. Camels live in the desert, too. They eat plants to stay strong. Lizards eat insects, which give them energy. Each animal has an important role in the desert.

2. «Your favorite Egyptian food»

My favorite Egyptian food is koshari. Koshari is very yummy. Koshari is a tasty Egyptian meal with simple ingredients in one bowl. People pour the red sauce over it, and put the crispy onions on top.

3. «The Nile River»

There are many rivers around the world. The Nile River is one of the longest rivers in the world. It is home to many different animals. Crocodiles are strong and dangerous. They hunt large animals in or near the water. Small fish in the river eat water weeds. Birds eat insects, small fish, and plants near the river.

Unit 2

4. «Playing sports»

Sports are very important. Sports help us stay healthy and make our bodies stronger. Football makes our heart strong and helps our muscles grow. Swimming is very good, too. It makes our lungs strong. Exercising regularly helps you sleep better and reduce stress.

5. «Your habits»

Healthy habits are important for our bodies and minds. They help us feel good and do well. We should eat a lot of fruits and vegetables. Fruits and vegetables give us important vitamins. We should also drink a lot of water.

6. «Our heart»

The heart is one of the most important organs of our body. It is about the size of your fist. The heart's job is to pump blood to all parts of the body. The heart is a strong muscle that keeps us alive.

7. «Healthcare workers»

Healthcare workers like doctors and nurses are real-life heroes. They work day and night to keep people healthy and treat illnesses. Doctors use their knowledge to check patients and provide treatments. Nurses often work around the clock to give support and care for patients.

8. «The job of the doctor»

Doctors are very important to us. They spend their lives helping others. They work day and night to keep people healthy and treat illnesses. Doctors use their knowledge and skills to check patients, diagnose diseases and provide treatments.

Unit 3

9. «Extreme weather»

Droughts, wildfires, and heat waves are extreme weather events. Droughts happen when there is no rain for a long time. The land gets dry. Animals can find water. Wildfires are dangerous. Wildfires burn through forests and homes. Wildfires spread quickly when it's dry. Animals lose their homes because of wildfires.

10. «The weather in Ancient Egypt»

Ancient Egypt had weather that made farming possible. The weather in Ancient Egypt brought some problems like floods, droughts, and sandstorms.

Sandstorms brought strong, hot winds with sand. It was hard to see and

breathe. People stayed inside during these storms to stay safe. They built their homes with thick and mud bricks to protect themselves from the wind and sand.

11. «Floods in Ancient Egypt»

The Nile River flooded every year in Ancient Egypt. The water brought rich soil to the land which helped crops grow. Sometimes the floods were too strong and damaged farms. The Ancient Egyptians built canals and basins to control the water. These canals helped to spread water over their fields.

Unit 4

12. "Your favorite places in your town"

There are many places in our town for food, drink or fun. We can relax and drink coffee at a café. We can buy groceries at a supermarket. We can eat dinner at a restaurant. We can go on rides at a theme park. We can buy bread at a bakery. We can go to the club to play sports.

13. «Your village»

Life in a village is peaceful and simple. People live in cozy cottages surrounded by green fields and fresh air. There is a market in the main square where people buy and sell fresh fruit. Farmers keep their animals in barns. Children have fun at the community center.

14. «The New Administrative Capital»

The New Administrative Capital of Egypt is a new city in Cairo. It helps reduce crowding in Cairo. It has government offices and important buildings. The city has green areas everywhere. People can find great jobs there.

15. «Places in your community»

In my community, there are many wonderful places. These places make our lives easier. There are green spaces, playgrounds and a lot of parks. There

is also a new library in our area. It has many books. The shopping center here is amazing. It has supermarkets, a bakery and clothes shops. These new places help us make our community a better place to live.

Unit 5

16. «Natural resources»

Natural resources are things we get from nature. The Nile River is the most important water resource in Egypt. It gives us water for drinking and farming. Oil and natural gas are also important resources. They are used for making fuel and electricity. Natural resources are very important so we must use them wisely.

17. «Minerals»

Gold, diamond, copper, and iron are important mineral resources. Each mineral has its special qualities. Gold is shiny and easy to shape. Diamond is more valuable than gold because it is rare. Copper is used for making electrical wires. Iron is a super strong metal. So it is perfect for making cars and planes.

18. «Helping others»

Helping others is a good thing. When someone needs help, we should try to support them. It doesn't matter if we are big or small, strong or weak. What really matters is having a kind heart. Sometimes people think that only big or important people can help. But even a small person can do something great.

19. «Water»

Water is very important. We can see it in a glass, river or cloud. It can be quiet or wild. It sleeps in lakes and dances in the rain. People drink it when they are thirsty. Water can shape the world.

20. «Gold»

Gold is soft, shiny, and easy to shape. People use it for coins and jewelry. To get gold, miners dig deep into the ground. But minerals are non-renewable, so we must use them wisely and never waste them.

General Exercises

أنماط أسئلة الورقة الامتحانية مجمعة من كتاب الطالب وكتاب التقييمات

السؤال الأول في الورقة الامتحانية.

1 Listen and write T [True] or F [False].

١. نماذج من كتاب الطالب

A

1. Playing sports isn't very important for everyone.
2. Playing sports helps us stay healthy.
3. Sleeping makes your lungs strong.
4. You shouldn't drink a lot of water.

☐
☐
☐
☐

B

1. The Nile River is the longest river in the world.
2. Different kinds of whales live in the River Nile.
3. Colorful fish eat water weeds.
4. We need to keep the Nile clean and safe.

☐
☐
☐
☐

C

1. Mazen's favorite place is the club.
2. Mazen goes to the coffee shop with his dad.
3. Mazen usually has a piece of chocolate cake.
4. The baker next door makes the best cake.

٢. نماذج من كتاب التقييمات

☐
☐
☐
☐

D

1. Luxor is a really exciting place to visit.
2. Alexandria has lots of amazing restaurants, markets and museums.
3. There is a beach that you can visit on rainy days.
4. There are shopping malls in Alexandria.

☐
☐
☐
☐

السؤال الثاني في الورقة الامتحانية.

2 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

١. نماذج من كتاب الطالب

1. in the Nile River are called water weeds.

a. Animals b. Insects c. Plants d. Fish

2. Omar will buy apples for the picnic.

a. a b. some c. any d. an

3. Why didn't you to school yesterday?
a. goes b. going c. went d. go
4. Children go on rides at a
a. theme park b. post office c. café d. bakery
5. are materials found in the deserts, like gold.
a. Dreams b. Fuels c. Minerals d. Towers
6. My brother goes to school by car.
a. never b. doesn't c. don't d. isn't
7. I visit my grandparents Monday.
a. off b. at c. in d. on
8. To means to jump high and far in one big movement.
a. leave b. search c. rest d. leap
9. The is the main, thick part of a tree supporting its branches.
a. root b. trunk c. fruit d. place
10. Exercising regularly helps her lose and become fit.
a. money b. friends c. weight d. games
11. Yesterday, they went to the café and fresh juice.
a. drinks b. drank c. drink d. drinking
12. She always does her homework night.
a. in b. on c. at d. off
13. Reading books are than movies.
a. good b. best c. better d. the best
14. Don't touch wires with wet hands.
a. electrical b. soft c. safe d. natural
15. I went to the to buy some loaves of bread.
a. bakery b. cinema c. museum d. school
16. Are there eggs in the fridge ?
a. some b. an c. any d. a
17. I learned to swim the summer.
a. in b. on c. at d. for
18. The bell rings 7:30 a.m.
a. in b. on c. at d. for
19. Taking time to relax and sleep well is good for your
a. lunch box b. bicycle c. washing machine d. mental health
20. In a thunderstorm, children might be afraid of
a. the wind b. the lightning c. the heat d. the sand

٢. نماذج من كتاب التقييمات

- 21.** Oil and natural gas are used to make
a. food **b.** clothes
c. fuel and electricity **d.** water
- 22.** There aren't milk left in the fridge.
a. any **b.** a **c.** some **d.** an
- 23.** Do you have questions ?
a. any **b.** an **c.** some **d.** an
- 24.** A burns through forests and homes.
a. flood **b.** drought **c.** wildfire **d.** sandstorm

السؤال الثالث في الورقة الامتحانية.

3 Read and complete the text with the words in the box.

A

١. نماذج من كتاب الطالب

hide – river – desert – nature – eat

The desert is hot and dry, but many animals live there. Snakes often [1] small animals like rats or lizards. Camels live in the [2] too. They eat plants to stay strong. Lizards eat insects, which give them energy. Some animals [3] under rocks to stay cool during the day. Others, like owls, come out at night when it is cooler. Each animal has an important role in the desert. They help [4] stay in balance.

B

Copper – planes – minerals – non-renewable – dig

Minerals are precious materials that we find under the ground. Gold, diamonds, copper and iron, are all [1] Each one is special. Gold is soft, shiny and perfect for jewelry. [2] is great for wires. Iron is strong and is used to make cars and [3] Aluminum is used in a huge number of products like kitchen tools. Minerals are [4] , so we must use them carefully.

C

٢. نماذج من كتاب التقييمات

protecting – Nile – insects – hunt – water weeds

The Nile River is full of life! You can see large crocodiles that [1] fish and other animals. Tiny [2] fly near the water, and small fish eat green [3] It's a busy place where every creature plays a part. [4] the river helps all these amazing animals survive.

D

habits – emergencies – nurses – Pharmacists – daily

Our community has many healthcare workers who are true heroes. Doctors and [1] work hard to treat illnesses and care for patients. [2] ensure we get the right medicine, and paramedics provide quick help in [3] They all encourage healthy [4] like eating fruits and vegetables for vitamins, to keep us well.

السؤال الرابع في الورقة الامتحانية.

4 Read the text and answer the questions.

A

ا. نماذج من كتاب الطالب

Ziad is my cousin. He lives in a beautiful village surrounded by green fields, trees and hills. The village is small, but it is full of life and friendly people. Ziad lives with his family in a cozy cottage in the middle of the village. Every morning, he hears birds singing and sees farmers working in the fields. The air is always fresh and the view is peaceful. The main square is the busiest part of Ziad's village. On Saturdays, people meet there to shop at the market. They buy and sell fresh fruit and vegetables.

A. Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d.

- The people in Ziad's village are".
a. worried b. greedy c. friendly d. lazy
- The underlined word "peaceful" means ".....".
a. loud b. noisy c. busy d. calm

B. Answer the following questions.

- What is Ziad's village surrounded by?
.....

- What does Ziad hear in the morning ?
.....

- What is the general idea of the text ?
.....

B

Adam wanted to be healthier. In the past, he watched TV all day and ate lots of unhealthy snacks. Now, he has new habits. He exercises every morning. He eats more fruits and vegetables because they give him important vitamins. He plays football with his friends at the club on Saturdays. His family also changed their habits. They grill their food instead of frying it. Adam feels much better now. He has more energy and doesn't feel tired. He learned that healthy habits make a big difference.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

1. The underlined word "healthy" is the opposite of
a. unhealthy b. fit c. wet d. dry
2. Adam plays with his friends at the club.
a. handball b. tennis c. football d. volleyball

B. Answer the following questions.

3. Summarize the text in one sentence.
.....
4. Why does Adam eat more fruits and vegetables now?
.....
5. How did Adam's family change their cooking habits?
.....

C

٢. نماذج من كتاب التقييمات

Egypt is rich in natural resources that help us live. The Nile River is our most important water resource, providing water for drinking and farming. We also have oil and natural gas, which are used to make fuel and electricity. Our fertile land along the Nile helps us grow crops like cotton and wheat. Additionally, Egypt's deserts contain valuable minerals such as gold and iron. These treasures are vital for our country's growth.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

1. Oil and natural gas are used to make
a. food and clothes b. jewelry and buildings
c. fuel and electricity d. water and soil
2. The underlined word "vital" has the same meaning as
a. important b. messy c. noisy d. ugly

B. Answer the following questions.

3. Name two natural resources found in Egypt mentioned in the text.
.....
4. How does the fertile land in Egypt help its people?
.....
5. Summarize the text in one sentence.
.....

السؤال الخامس في الورقة الامتحانية.

5 Read and write the correct form of the word[s] between brackets.

١. نماذج من كتاب الطالب

1. She ate [a] apple yesterday.
2. Noha [never is] late for school.
3. My cousins [wasn't] at home yesterday.
4. Mona likes walking on the beach [at] the morning.
5. This garden has [many] beautiful flowers than my garden.

٢. نماذج من كتاب التقييمات

6. He [often] plays video games; he prefers reading books.
7. I saw [an] bird in the tree.
8. Yesterday, I [go] to the park with my friends.
9. My family moved to this city [on] 2010.
10. Is this test [bad] than the last one?

السؤال السادس في الورقة الامتحانية.

6 Put the words in the correct order to form sentences.

١. نماذج من كتاب الطالب

1. meal – is – tasty – Koshari – a – Egyptian.
.....
2. can – we – keep – How – healthy – our heart ?
.....
3. brought – The floods – water – rich soil – and.
.....
4. tall – is – How – Tower – the – Iconic ?
.....
5. expensive – Copper – less – than – is – diamond.
.....

٢. نماذج من كتاب التقييمات

6. protect – We – the – must – River – Nile.
.....
7. muscles – Football – grow – your – helps.
.....
8. hide – rocks – under – animals – Some.
.....

9. calm – Life – is – and – peaceful – in a village.

10. How – minerals – we – get – do ?

السؤال السابع في الورقة الامتحانية.

7 Punctuate the following.

١. نماذج من كتاب الطالب

1. how can humans live in the desert

2. blood carries oxygen and nutrients to every cell.

3. where was the pond

4. the Nile River is a natural resource

5. i go to the restaurant to eat dinner

٢. نماذج من كتاب التقييمات

6. snakes eat rats, lizards and small animals

7. is it safe to go outside during a sandstorm

8. farmers keep animals in the barns

9. water is essential for life

10. owls come out at night when it is cooler

السؤال الثامن في الورقة الامتحانية.

8 Write a text of FORTY [40] words using the words below.

A

١. نماذج من كتاب الطالب

Desert animals

Guiding elements :

• foxes

• camels

• lizards

B

Our heart

Guiding elements :

- organ
- stress
- pump

C

Extreme weather

Guiding elements :

- storms
- drought
- heat wave

D

Floods in Ancient Egypt

Guiding elements :

- flood
- crops
- soil

E

Places in your community

Guiding elements :

- coffee shop
- bakery
- restaurant

F

٢. نماذج من كتاب التقييمات

Trees in our life

Guiding elements :

- important
- fruit
- green leaves

G

Healthcare heroes

Guiding elements :

- doctors
- paramedics
- diagnose

H

A place you visit

Guiding elements :

- beach
- games
- friends

I

New Administrative Capital

Guiding elements :

- very smart
- Iconic Tower
- reduce crowding

J

Sports help us stay fit and happy

Guiding elements :

- lose weight
- bones
- stronger



Listening Texts

نصوص الاستماع

Part one

Listen and write (T) True or (F) False.

Sample Test (1) on Unit 1

The desert is hot and dry, but many animals live there. Snakes often eat small animals like rats or lizards. Camels eat plants to stay strong. Lizards eat insects, which give them energy. Some animals hide under rocks to stay cool during the day. Each animals has an important role in the desert. They help nature stay in balance.

Sample Test (2) on Unit 2

A doctor is a healthcare hero. They work in hospitals to help sick people. They use their knowledge to diagnose diseases. Then they provide treatments to help patients get better. Their job is very important.

Sample Test (3) on Unit 3

Sandstorms called Khamsin, brought strong, hot winds with sand. It was hard to see and breathe in sandstorms. People stayed inside to stay safe. They built their homes with thick mud bricks to protect themselves from the wind and sand.

Sample Test (4) on Unit 4

Mohamed is a good pupil. He lives in a village. There are a lot of exciting places there. The community center is a fun place. He meets his friends and play games in the community center

every Thursday. At night, the village is quiet. He walks near the fields and looks at the stars. He loves his village. It is a happy place to live in.

Sample Test (5) on Units 5 & 6

I'm Mazen. I read that Egypt has minerals, like gold! Egypt's deserts contain gold, iron, and other minerals, as well. They're used to make jewelry, make buildings. Minerals also help our country grow.

Part Two

A Playing sports is very important for everyone. It helps us stay healthy and makes our body strong. There are different sports to do, like football, swimming and running. Swimming makes your lungs strong. Also, you should drink a lot of water and eat fruits before exercising.

B The Nile River is the longest river in the world. It's important for both animals and people. Different kinds of colorful fish live in the River Nile. They eat water weeds. We use water of the Nile for drinking and growing plants. We need to keep it clean and safe.

C I'm Mazen. My favorite place in my neighborhood is the coffee shop. I go there with my dad on Fridays. I usually have a piece of chocolate cake and my dad drinks coffee. It's a relaxing place. The baker at the shop next door makes the best bread.

كيفية طباعة صفحات معينة من ملف معين مثلا ازاي نطبع الصفحات من صفحة 4 الى صفحة 9



حمل الآن

مجاناً وحصرياً

المراجعة رقم (2)

الترم الاول



Review



on Unit 1



water weeds

حشائش مائية



The Nile River

نهر النيل



insects

حشرات



hunt

يصيد



crocodile

تمساح



snake

ثعبان



lizard

سحلية



camel

جمل



owl

بومة



rat

فأر كبير



fox

ثعلب



koshari

كشري



rice

أرز



pasta

مكرونة



lentils

عدس



sauce

صلصة



chickpeas

حمص



onions

بصل



garlic

ثوم



spices

توابل

creature	كائن حي	website	موقع علي الانترنت
desert	صحراء	kings of the Nile	ملوك نهر النيل
energy	طاقة	rocks	صخور
balance	توازن	nature	الطبيعة
crown	تاج	role	دور
shade	ظل	branch	غصن / فرع
trunk	جذع (الشجرة)	traditional	تقليدي
selfish	اناني	recipe	وجبة طعام
ingredients	مكونات الطعام	flyer	منشور اعلاني

Conjugation of verbs

تصريفات الأفعال

Regular verbs

أفعال منتظمة

Irregular verbs

أفعال غير منتظمة

Present مضارع	Past ماضٍ	Present مضارع	Past ماضٍ
protect يحمي	protected	find يجد	found
hunt يصطاد	hunted	give يعطي	gave
survive يبقى حيًا	survived	hide يختبئ	hid
appreciate يُقدر	appreciated	become يصبح	became
ignore يهمل / يتجاهل	ignored	take يأخذ	took
fry يقلّي	fried	bend ينحني	bent
pour يسكب / يصب	poured	give back يرد الجميل	gave back
mix يخلط	mixed	wear يرتدي	wore
cook يطبخ	cooked	put يضع	put
chop يقطع قطع صغيرة / يفرم	chopped	cut يقطع	cut

Language notes

ملاحظات لغوية

Adverbs of Frequency الظروف التكرار

Usage الاستخدام

We use adverbs of frequency to talk about how often something happens.

نستخدم ظروف التكرار لمعرفة نسبة حدوث الفعل

always → usually → often → sometimes → rarely → never
(100%) (80%) (70%) (50%) (20%) (0%)

100%	always	I always look after my little sister. اعتنى دائماً باختي الصغيرة (افعل ذلك دائماً).
80%	usually	I am usually tired in the evening. اشعر عادة بالتعب في المساء. (في اوقات كثيرة وليس طوال الوقت)
70%	often	I don't often watch television. غالباً اشاهد التلفاز. (في اغلب الوقت)
50%	sometimes	I sometimes get up early in the summer vacation. احياناً استيقظ مبكراً في عطلة الصيف (نصف ايام الاسبوع)
20%	rarely	I rarely travel abroad. نادراً ما اسافر للخارج. (نادراً ما حدث ذلك)
0%	never	I never visit the Pyramids. لم ازر الاهرام ابداً (لم افعل ذلك ولا مرة)

- تأتي ظروف التكرار بعد فعل يكون (verb to be) وقبل الافعال الاخرى:

Verb to be → Adverbs of frequency

Adverbs of frequency → Other verbs

ظرف التكرار يأتي قبل الفعل الأساسي:

✓ I **often** play football.

✗ I play often football.

ولكن بعد فعل "verb to be" (am, is, are)

✓ She **is** always happy.

✗ She always is happy.

Test on Unit 1

1 Listen and write (T) true or (F) false:

استمع واكتب (صح) أو (خطأ):

نص الاستماع آخر الكتاب



	T	F
1. Crocodiles sit under the shade of trees.	☐	☐
2. Snakes hunt at night.	☐	☐
3. Birds make nests on branches.	☐	☐
4. People should be selfish near the river.	☐	☐

2 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

اختر الاجابة الصحيحة:

- Birds eat small fish and _____ even plants near the river.
a. crocodiles b. weeds c. insects d. animals
- You need many _____ to make a cake.
a. ingredients b. snakes c. crowns d. weeds
- Crocodiles _____ in the river.
a. lives b. live c. living d. lived
- She _____ a flyer every week.
a. make b. makes c. making d. made

3 Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

اقرأ وأكمل النص بالكلمات من الإطار:

crowns - insects - branches - recipe - selfish

Many animals live in the forest. Birds sit on the ① _____. Some animals eat small ② _____. A cook writes a special ③ _____ for fruit salad. We must never be ④ _____ and always share with others.

4 Read the text and answer the questions:

اقرأ النص ثم أجب عن الأسئلة :

Near the lake, many animals search for food every morning. Snakes move quietly and hunt small insects in the grass. Crocodiles stay close to the water weeds to find fish. Children visit the place to watch the animals and sit in the shade of tall trees. Rangers protect the area and tell visitors not to harm nature because every creature is important.

A- Choose the right answer from a, b, c or d:

1. Snakes hunt

a. water

b. insects

c. branches

d. crowns

2. Children sit

a. in the shade

b. on the recipe

c. behind snakes

d. near crowns

B- Answer the following questions:

3. Where do crocodiles stay?

.....

4. Why do rangers protect the area?

.....

5. When do the animals search for food?

.....

5 Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets:

اقرأ واكتب الصيغة الصحيحة للكلمات من بين الأقواس :

1. The Nile River (**never**) flows through Egypt.2. My brother (**often**) helps me with my chores, maybe once a week.**6 Put the words in the correct order to form sentences:**

اعد ترتيب الكلمات لتكوين جمل صحيحة :

1. **Koshari** - meal - a - tasty - is - Egyptian.

.....

2. pasta - **Prepare** - small - in - another - pot.

.....

7 Punctuate the following:

ضع علامات الترقيم للآتي:

1. do crocodiles hunt at night

2. the boy has a recipe book

8 Write a text of FORTY (40) words using the words below:

اكتب فقرة إنشائية من (٤٠) كلمة عن:

"The animals in the Nile River"**Guiding questions:**

- Where do animals live?
- What do they eat?
- Why is the Nile important for animals?

Review



on Unit 2



swimming السباحة



tired متعب



heart قلب



muscles عضلات



lungs الرئتان



bones عظام



football كرة القدم



exercise يتدرب



fit لائق بدنيا

increase energy

يزيد الطاقة

reduce stress

التوتر / يقلل الضغط

mental health

الصحة العقلية / الصحة النفسية

sleep better

ينام بشكل أفضل

vitamins

فيتامينات

watch TV

يشاهد التلفزيون

soda

مياه غازية

play football

يلعب كرة القدم

wake up late

يستيقظ متأخرًا

eat fruit and vegetables

يأكل فاكهة وخضراوات

do exercise

يؤدي تمارين رياضية

eat dinner

يأكل العشاء

wake up early

يستيقظ مبكرًا

oxygen

أكسجين

habits

عادات

nutrients

عناصر غذائية

organ

عضو

carbon dioxide

ثاني أكسيد الكربون

fist

قبضة اليد

Review 2

waste	نفايات - بقايا	cell	خلية
blood vessels	الأوعية الدموية	tube	انبوب
stress	الضغط / التوتر	hurt	يؤلم / يؤذي
muscle	عضلة	heart	قلب
pump blood	يضخ الدم	exercise	التمرين
healthcare	الرعاية الصحية	pharmacist	صيدلي
hero	بطل	paramedic	مسعف (الإسعاف الطبي)
life savers	منقذون	patient	مريض
toothpaste	معجون اسنان	treatment	علاج
emergencies	الطوارئ	stethoscope	سماعة الطبيب
doctor	طبيب	diagnose	يشخص مرض

Conjugation of verbs

تصريفات الأفعال

Regular verbs

أفعال منتظمة

Irregular verbs

أفعال غير منتظمة

Present مضارع	Past ماضٍ	Present مضارع	Past ماضٍ
increase يزيد	increased	lose يفقد	lost
exercise يتمرّن	exercised	feel يشعر	felt
reduce يقلل	reduced	think يعتقد	thought
breathe يتنفس	breathed	eat يأكل	ate
fry يقلي	fried	give يعطي	gave
share يشارك	shared	buy يشتري	bought
treat يعالج	treated	wake up يستيقظ	woke up
check يفحص	checked	beat ينبض	beat
identify يحدد / يعرف	identified	drink يشرب	drank
diagnose يشخص	diagnosed	keep يحافظ على	kept
transport ينقل	transported	hurt يؤلم / يؤذي	hurt
		spend يقضي	spent
		wear يرتدي	wore
		show يبين	showed
		take away يتخلص من / يزيل	took away

Language in use

الاسماء المعدودة وغير المعدودة Countable and uncountable nouns

الاسم المعدود Countable noun

الاسم غير المعدود uncountable noun

- هو اسم له مفرد وله جمع:
boy - boys book - books
 - في حالة المفرد نضع قبله **a \ an**:
a boy - a book - an apple - an uncle
 - يمكن أن يسبقه رقم في المفرد والجمع:
one boy - two boys - four boys

- هو اسم ليس مفرد وليس له جمع:
water - sand - oil - juice
 - لا نضع قبله **a \ an**:
a water (x) a juice (x)
 - لا يمكن أن يسبقه رقم في المفرد والجمع:
one water (x)

متى نضع **a \ an**

- نضع **a** امام الاسم المفرد المعدود الذي يبدأ بصوت ساكن مثل:
a banana - a cat - a door - a fan - a vet
 - نضع **an** قبل الاسم المفرد المعدود الذي يبدأ بصوت متحرك مثل:
an apple - an orange - an umbrella
 لاحظ:
 - إذا بدأت الكلمة بحرف ساكن صامت بعده صوت متحرك نضع قبلها **an**:

an hour

في الكلمات التي تبدأ بحرف الـ **U**

١- إذا بدأت بـ **short u** نضع قبلها **a**:
a uniform - a university
 ٢- إذا بدأت بـ **long u** تنطق مثل **U** كما في الابدجية ونضع قبلها **an**:
an uncle - an umbrella

بعض **some**

- تأتي مع الاسم غير المعدود أو المعدود الجمع في الجملة المثبتة:
 - There is **some** juice.
 - There are **some** apples.

أمثلة الاسماء غير المعدودة

١- السوائل:
oil - water - juice
 ٢- المواد الدراسية:
English - Arabic - physics - science
 ٣- بعض الأطعمة:
meat لحم - rice أرز - wheat قمح
 ٤- الاسماء المجردة:
love الحب
 ٥- الغازات والمساحيق:
salt ملح - sugar سكر - sand رمل
air - oxygen أكسجين
 ٦- بعض الاسماء مثل:
news معلومات - information اخبار
furniture أثاث منزلي - money نقود

أي **any**

- تأتي مع الاسم غير المعدود أو المعدود الجمع في الجملة المنفية والسؤال:
 - She does not have **any** bread.
 - There aren't **any** apples left.
 - Do you have **any** juice?

Test on Unit 2

1 Listen and write (T) true or (F) false:

استمع واكتب (صح) أو (خطأ):

نص الاستماع آخر الكتاب



	T	F
1. Paramedics help people in emergencies.	☐	☐
2. The heart pumps water through the body.	☐	☐
3. Good habits can reduce stress.	☐	☐
4. Bones and muscles help the body work.	☐	☐

2 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

اختر الاجابة الصحيحة:

- Doctors check the _____ to give them treatment.
a. heroes b. habits c. stress d. patients
- Sleeping well is good for your _____.
a. vitamins b. mental health c. cells d. nutrients
- I need _____ treatment for my arm.
a. any b. an c. some d. a
- There aren't _____ paramedics in the small clinic.
a. an b. some c. any d. a

3 Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

اقرأ وأكمل النص بالكلمات من الإطار:

stress – organs – blood – treatment - habits

Staying healthy is important for everyone. The heart pumps ① _____ around the body. Many ② _____ work together to keep us alive. Good ③ _____ like eating well help us feel strong. Doctors give ④ _____ when someone is sick.

4 Read the text and answer the questions:

اقرأ النص ثم أجب عن الأسئلة:

Paramedics play an important role in healthcare. They help people in emergencies and take them to the hospital quickly. Doctors check the patient's bones, muscles, and organs to understand the problem. Some people feel stress because of heavy work or bad habits. Good treatment and support can improve mental health. Healthy food also helps keep the heart strong so it can pump blood easily.

A- Choose the right answer from a, b, c or d:

1. Paramedics help people in

a. games

b. emergencies

c. holidays

d. schools

2. Doctors check bones and

a. recipes

b. forests

c. flyers

d. organs

B- Answer the following questions:

3. Why do some people feel stress?

.....

4. What helps improve mental health?

.....

5. What does healthy food help the heart do?

.....

5 Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets:

اقرأ واكتب الصيغة الصحيحة للكلمات من بين الأقواس:

1. There aren't (some) milk left in the fridge.

2. I need (a) information about treatment.

6 Put the words in the correct order to form sentences:

اعد ترتيب الكلمات لتكوين جمل صحيحة:

1. habits - has - good - She - some.

.....

2. pump - blood - The - heart - can.

.....

Review 2

7 Punctuate the following:

ضع علامات الترقيم للآتي:

1. what do paramedics do

2. the doctor gives me treatment today

8 Write a text of FORTY (40) words using the words below:

اكتب فقرة إنشائية من (٤٠) كلمة عن:

Good Habits

Guiding words

healthy food - sleep - sports

Review



on Unit 3



thunderstorm

عاصفة رعدية



sandstorm

عاصفة رملية



flood

فيضان



drought

جفاف



wildfire

حريق الغابات



heat wave

موجة حارة

news	أخبار	damaged farm	مزرعة مدمرة
damage	يتلف / يدمر	low	منخفض
spread	ينتشر	hot winds	رياح ساخنة
stuck	عالق	smart	ذكي / أنيق
planet	كوكب	strong	قوي
Ancient Egypt	مصر القديمة	Once upon a time,	يحكى أن / ذات مرة
rich soil	تربة خصبة	best friend	صديق مفضل
basins	أحواض	pond	بركة
not enough rain	مطر غير كافٍ	safely	بأمان
mud bricks	الطوب اللبن	leap	يقفز لأعلى / يشب
land became dry	اصبحت الارض جافة	fly (flies)	ذباب (ذباب)
survive	يبقى علي قيد الحياة	frog	ضفدع
weather	طقس	extremely	للغاية

Review 3

a deep well	بئر عميق	collage	ملصقة
sunshine	اشعة الشمس	cozy	دافئ / مريح
strange	غريب	fluffy clouds	سحب منقوشة
upside down	رأساً على عقب	whisper	همسة / يهمس
turn right side up	انقلبوا للوضع الصحيح	kindness	طيبة / عطف
flip	يقلب / ينقلب		

Conjugation of verbs

تصريفات الأفعال

Regular verbs

أفعال منتظمة

Present مضارع	
cover	يغطي
damage	يدمر
flood	يفيض
stop	يتوقف
control	يتحكم
protect	يحمي
breathe	يتنفس
survive	ينجو
leap	يقفز لأعلى
dry up	يجف
agree	يوافق
affect	يؤثر على
float	يطفو
clap	يصفق

Past ماضٍ

covered
damaged
flooded
stopped
controlled
protected
breathed
survived
leaped
dried up
agreed
affected
floated
clapped

Irregular verbs

أفعال غير منتظمة

Present مضارع	
strike	يضرب
get stuck	ينحشر / يتعلق
lose	يفقد / يخسر
burn down	يحرق
bring	يحضر
build	يبنى
spread	يتشتر / يوزع
get out	يخرج
leave	يغادر
swim	يسبح
dig	يحفر
catch	يصطاد
shine	تسطع

Past ماضٍ

struck
got stuck
lost
burned / burnt down
brought
built
spread
got out
left
swam
dug
caught
shone

Language in use

قواعد لغوية

Past Simple الزمن الماضي البسيط

- نستخدم زمن الماضي البسيط عندما نتحدث عن شيء حدث وانتهى في الماضي.

- I **watched** a movie yesterday. أنا شاهدت فيلمًا أمس.
- She **visited** her grandma last week. هي زارت جدتها الأسبوع الماضي.

Form التكوين

باقى الجملة + فعل في التصريف الثاني + Subject (الفاعل)

- تنقسم الأفعال في الماضي إلى أفعال منتظمة وأفعال غير منتظمة.

1. Regular verbs أفعال منتظمة

⊙ نضيف للفعل **ed** آخر الفعل في الماضي.

play → played open → opened

⊙ نضيف **d** إذا انتهى الفعل بحرف (e)

live → lived love → loved

⊙ إذا انتهى الفعل بحرف **y** + حرف ساكن نحذف **y** ونضيف **(ied)**

study → studied

2. Irregular verbs أفعال غير منتظمة

- لا نضيف **ed** ، بل نحفظ شكل الفعل الماضي.

- He **ate** pizza. هو أكل بيتزا.
- We **went** to the park. نحن ذهبنا إلى الحديقة.

Negative النفي

Subject + didn't + inf. الفعل في المصدر

- I **didn't** play football. أنا لم أعب كرة القدم.

Question السؤال

⊙ نستخدم:

Did + subject + inf. الفعل في المصدر ؟

- **Did** you watch TV? هل شاهدت التلفاز؟
- Yes, I did. اجابة فى الاثبات.
- No, I didn't. اجابة فى النفي.
- What **did** he eat? ماذا اكل؟
- He ate fish.

Key words كلمات دالة

yesterday	أمس	last week	الأسبوع الماضي	last year	السنة الماضية
two days ago	منذ يومين	when I was a child	عندما كنت طفلًا	in + سنة ماضية	في سنة 2000

Test on Unit 3

1 Listen and write (T) true or (F) false:

استمع واكتب (صح) أو (خطأ):



	T	F
1. The wildfire burned part of the forest.	☐	☐
2. The flood happened on the mountain.	☐	☐
3. Farmers didn't use an irrigation system.	☐	☐
4. People whispered prayers for safety.	☐	☐

2 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

اختر الاجابة الصحيحة:

- is a severe wind that carries sand and dust through the air, making it hard to breathe.
a. Mountain b. Flood c. Sandstorm d. Whisper
- A burns through forests and homes.
a. planet b. droughts c. flood d. wildfire
- The wildfire the trees last summer.
a. burns b. burning c. burned d. burn
- We the mountain yesterday.
a. climbed b. climb c. climbing d. climbs

3 Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

اقرأ وأكمل النص بالكلمات من الإطار:

flood - crops - sandstorm - canals - irrigation

Ancient Egyptians were clever at dealing with nature's changes. They built ① to manage the Nile's ② When a drought made the river's water low, they used ③ system. They also knew how to protect themselves from the strong winds and sand of a ④ by building homes with thick mud bricks.

4 Read the text and answer the questions:

اقرأ النص ثم أجب عن الأسئلة :

Last winter, heavy rain caused a large flood in the valley. Water filled the canal and reached the farms. Farmers were worried about their crops, so they fixed their irrigation system quickly. A group of students visited the mountain area nearby and wrote a report about natural disasters like droughts and wildfires. They said the planet needs care, and people must work together to keep nature safe.

A- Choose the right answer from a, b, c or d:

1. The flood happened in the

- a. forest b. mountain c. valley d. school

2. The students wrote a report about

- a. animals b. natural disasters c. music d. rivers

B- Answer the following questions:

3. Why were the farmers worried?

.....

4. What did the students do near the mountain?

.....

5. What does the planet need?

.....

5 Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets:

اقرأ واكتب الصيغة الصحيحة للكلمات من بين الأقواس :

1. The flood (damage) the houses yesterday.

2. We (visit) the mountain last week.

6 Put the words in the correct order to form sentences:

اعد ترتيب الكلمات لتكوين جمل صحيحة :

1. fixed - farmers - The - system - the irrigation.

.....

2. fit - means - healthy - Being - and - strong.

.....

Review 3

7 Punctuate the following:

ضع علامات الترقيم للآتي:

1. what is the size of your heart

2. the canal was full of water

8 Write a text of Forty (40) words using the words below:

اكتب فقرة إنشائية من (٤٠) كلمة عن:

A Natural Disaster I saw or learned about

Guiding questions:

- What happened?
- What did people do?
- When did the disaster happen?

Review



on Unit 4



restaurant

مطعم



coffee shop

مقهى



bakery

مخبز



supermarket

متجر



club

نادى رياضى



theme park

مدينة الملاهى / متنزه



village

قرية



fields

حقول



main square

الساحة الرئيسية



barn

حظيرة (مزرعة)



community center

مركز مجتمعى



cottage

منزل ريفى / كوخ

Review 4

community	مجتمع	neighborhood	حي سكني
reduce crowding	يقلل الازدحام	Iconic Tower	البرج الأيقوني
smart	ذكي	steel	فولاذ/ صلب
the New Administrative Capital	العاصمة الإدارية الجديدة	government	الحكومة
km (kilometer)	كيلومتر	building	مبنى
modern technology	التكنولوجيا الحديثة	Africa	قارة أفريقيا
road	طريق	airport	مطار
energy	طاقة	floor	طابق/ دور
green areas	مساحات خضراء	safe	آمن
comfortable	مريح	healthy	صحي
builder	عامل البناء		

Conjugation of verbs

تصريفات الأفعال

Regular verbs

أفعال منتظمة

Present مضارع	
relax	يسترخي
try	يحاول/ يجرب
train	يتدرب
shop	يتسوق
walk	يمشي
enjoy	يستمتع بـ
celebrate	يحتفل
gather	يجتمع
reduce	يقلل
design	يصمم
manage	يدير/ يتحكم
locate	يحدد (موقع)

Past ماضٍ

relaxed
tried
trained
shopped
walked
enjoyed
celebrated
gathered
reduced
designed
managed
located

Irregular verbs

أفعال غير منتظمة

Present مضارع	
buy	يشترى
drink	يشرب
bring	يحضر
hear	يسمع
sing	يغنى
feed	يطعم
keep	يربى
sell	يبيع
spend	يقضى
build	يبنى

Past ماضٍ

bought
drank
brought
heard
sang
fed
kept
sold
spent
built

Language in use

قواعد لغوية

Prepositions of time

At

نستخدم **at** مع أوقات اليوم **Times of Day** وأوقات الوجبات **mealtimes** والوقت **clock times** العطلات / الاجازات **Holidays**

At	at 4 o'clock	at 10:30	at noon	at midnight
	at lunchtime	at dinner time	at Christmas	at Easter

- I get up **at** 6 a.m. الساعة
- The shop is busy **at** lunchtime. وقت الغداء
- It's quiet **at** night. وقت الليل

نستخدم أيضا **at** مع بعض التعبيرات **Expressions**

- at** present - **at** the moment
- I'm watching TV **at** the moment.

نستخدم **at** مع الأماكن الصغيرة. **at home, at school.**

In

نستخدم **in** مع أجزاء اليوم **Parts of the day** والشهور **Months** والفصول **Seasons** والسنوات **Years**

In	in the morning	in the afternoon	in the evening	in April
	in November	in the summer	in the spring	in 1992
	in 2025			

- I liked visiting my uncle **in** the afternoons
- **In** December, the weather is cold.
- The weather is hot **in** summer.
- I play football **in** the afternoon. جزء من اليوم
- It's cold **in** December. شهر
- We swim **in** summer. فصل من السنة
- I was born **in** 2015. سنة
- I moved to Alexandria **in** 2020.

On

نستخدم **on** مع أيام الأسبوع **Days** والتواريخ **Dates** وأجزاء من يوم معين **Parts of specific day**

On	on Tuesday	on Saturday	on my birthday	on Christmas day
	on 15th June	on 1st August	on Monday morning	on Saturday evening
	on Friday night			

- We go to school **on** Sunday. يوم
- My birthday is **on** June 8th. تاريخ

Test on Unit 4

1 Listen and write (T) true or (F) false:

استمع واكتب (صح) أو (خطأ):



	T	F
1. They bought two loaves from the bakery.	☐	☐
2. They picked out groceries from a restaurant.	☐	☐
3. They hung out in the afternoon.	☐	☐
4. The theme park was very empty.	☐	☐

2 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

اختر الاجابة الصحيحة:

- The festival is _____ July.
a. in b. at c. on d. to
- The kids had fun on the water rides at the _____.
a. coffee b. bakery c. barn d. theme park
- We meet _____ 8 o'clock.
a. in b. on c. at d. for
- You can go to the _____ to buy groceries.
a. bakery b. restaurant c. supermarket d. cottages

3 Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

اقرأ وأكمل النص بالكلمات من الإطار:

rides – groceries – loaves – theme park – pick out

Every Friday, my family walks around the neighborhood. We buy fresh
 ① _____ of bread from the bakery. My mother likes to ② _____ the best
 bread. Then, we bought ③ _____ at the supermarket. After that, we visit a
 ④ _____ to have fun together.

4 Read the text and answer the questions:

اقرأ النص ثم أجب عن الأسئلة:

Last weekend, Adam and his sister visited a new theme park near their neighborhood. Before going, they stopped at the bakery to buy some loaves for lunch. They also picked out groceries like fruit and juice. They arrived at the park at 3 o'clock, but there was heavy crowding at the gate. They waited patiently and spent the rest of the day hanging out and enjoying the games.

A- Choose the right answer from a, b, c or d:

1. Adam bought loaves from the

- a. restaurant b. bakery c. park d. mall

2. They arrived at the park 3 o'clock.

- a. in b. on c. at d. for

B- Answer the following questions:

3. Why did they stop at the bakery?

.....

4. What groceries did they pick out?

.....

5. What happened at the park gate?

.....

5 Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets:

اقرأ واكتب الصيغة الصحيحة للكلمات من بين الأقواس:

1. We always have lunch (at) the afternoon.

2. The meeting will start (on) 9 o'clock.

6 Put the words in the correct order to form sentences:

اعد ترتيب الكلمات لتكوين جمل صحيحة:

1. calm - Life - is - and - peaceful - in a village.

.....

2. hang - evening - in the - friends - out - My.

.....

7 Punctuate the following:

ضع علامات الترقيم لآآى:

1. when did you go to the coffee shop

2. the bakery sells fresh loaves

8 Write a text of Forty (40) words using the words below:

اكتب فقرة إنشائية من (٤٠) كلمة عن:

The great city that you like

Guiding words

fun - grandparents - live in

Review



on Unit 5



sunlight

أشعة الشمس / ضوء الشمس



fossil fuel وقود حفري



water

ماء



soil

تربة



minerals

معادن



wind

رياح

nature

الطبيعة

natural gas

غاز طبيعي

cotton

قطن

electricity

الكهرباء

mineral resources

الموارد المعدنية

gold

ذهب

diamond

ماس

copper

نحاس

iron

حديد

natural resources

مصادر طبيعية

fertile land

ارض خصبة

electrical wires

أسلاك كهربائية

pipes

أنابيب

tools

أدوات

miners

عمال مناجم

non-renewable

غير متجددة

little digger

حفار صغير

thick

سميك / كثيف

Review 5

coins	عملات معدنية	load	يحمل / يشحن
jewelry	مجوهرات	tear	دمعة
rare mineral	معدن نادر	wild	جامح / نائر
cargo	شحنة / حمولة	sweat	يعرق
path	ممر / مسار / طريق	bathe	يستحم
give up	يستسلم	destroy	يدمر

Conjugation of verbs

تصريفات الأفعال

Regular verbs

أفعال منتظمة

Irregular verbs

أفعال غير منتظمة

Present مضارع	Past ماضٍ	Present مضارع	Past ماضٍ
provide يمد / يزود	provided	know يعرف	knew
name يذكر / يسمي	named	find يجد	found
waste يضيع	wasted	grow يزرع / ينمو	grew
save ينقذ	saved	take يأخذ	took
stare يحملق	stared	dig يحفر	dug
laugh يضحك	laughed	give up يقلع / يستسلم	gave up
admire يعجب	admired	think يعتقد	thought
sail يبحر	sailed	let يسمح	let
bother يضايق	bothered	sleep ينام	slept
load يحمل	loaded	drink يشرب	drank
rush يندفع	rushed	fall يقع / يسقط	fell
pull يسحب - يجر	pulled	freeze يتجمد	froze
float يطفو	floated		
bathe يستحم	bathed		
destroy يدمر	destroyed		

Language notes

Comparative Adjectives مقارنة الصفات

تستخدم صفات المقارنة لمقارنة شخصين أو حيوانين أو غير ذلك.

تنقسم الصفات الى صفات قصيرة **Short adjectives** وصفات طويلة **Long adjectives**

Short adjectives الصفات القصيرة

تتكون اغلب الصفات القصيرة من مقطع صوتي واحد.

Short adjectives = one syllable (مقطع واحد)

Ex: tall big small fast slow cold hot

Form التكوين

شخص / شئ + adjective + er + than + شخص / شئ

Ex: Gold is cheaper than diamond.

Spelling Rules:

لاحظ الآتي:

الصفات التي تنتهي بحرف (y)، نغير (y) إلى (i) ثم نضيف (-er).

heavy → heavier

happy → happier

Ex: Amira is happier than Mohamed.

إذا انتهت الصفة بحرف e نضيف إليها فقط r.

nice → nicer

large → larger

بعض الصفات نضاعف بها الحرف الأخير عند إضافة er:

fat → fatter

thin → thinner

big → bigger

Long adjectives الصفات الطويلة

Ex: beautiful – expensive – dangerous – comfortable

Form: التكوين

شخص / شئ + more/less + adjective + than + شخص / شئ

مع الصفات الطويلة (التي تتكون من مقطعين أو أكثر)، نستخدم "more" أو "less" قبل الصفة، و "than" بعدها.

Ex: Diamond is more valuable than gold. (الألماس أكثر قيمة من الذهب).

Test on Unit 5

1 Listen and write (T) true or (F) false:

استمع واكتب (صح) أو (خطأ):

نص الاستماع آخر الكتاب



	T	F
1. Miners work to find minerals and fossil fuel.	☐	☐
2. Wind energy is not renewable.	☐	☐
3. Precious minerals are sometimes called treasures.	☐	☐
4. Scientists want people to protect natural resources.	☐	☐

2 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

اختر الاجابة الصحيحة:

- Gold and silver are _____ minerals.
a. renewable b. precious c. wind d. electricity
- _____ is even more valuable than gold.
a. Diamond b. Plastic c. Minerals d. Fibers
- Wind energy is _____ than fossil fuel.
a. clean b. cleaner c. cleanest d. more clean
- Fossil fuel is _____ expensive than wind energy.
a. more b. most c. many d. much

3 Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

اقرأ وأكمل النص بالكلمات من الإطار:

renewable – wind – – precious – copper – call

Our planet has many minerals that help people live. Some resources, like ¹ _____ energy, are clean and ² _____. Gold and silver are ³ _____ minerals. People ⁴ _____ them natural minerals.

4 Read the text and answer the questions:

اقرأ النص ثم أجب عن الأسئلة :

Miners work deep into the earth to find minerals that we use every day. Some minerals are precious and sold at high prices. Many countries still use fossil fuel to produce electricity, but scientists advise people use renewable sources like wind and sunlight. Wind energy is cleaner and safer than fossil fuel. People all over the world are learning how to save natural resources and protect the planet for future generations.

A- Choose the right answer from a, b, c or d:

1. Miners work deep in the

a. wind

b. sand

c. ground

d. water

2. Wind energy is than fossil fuel.

a. dirtier

b. cleaner

c. weaker

d. slower

B- Answer the following questions:

3. Why are some minerals sold at high prices?

.....

4. What do scientists advise people?

.....

5. Why should we save natural resources?

.....

5 Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets:

اقرأ واكتب الصيغة الصحيحة للكلمات من بين الأقواس :

1. Gold is (**precious**) than iron.2. Wind energy is cleaner (**then**) fossil fuel.**6 Put the words in the correct order to form sentences:**

اعد ترتيب الكلمات لتكوين جمل صحيحة :

1. little - digger - The - watched - ship - big - the.

.....

2. Other - machines - help - tried - to.

.....

Review 5

7 Punctuate the following:

ضع علامات الترقيم للآتي:

1. where do miners find minerals

2. water is important for life

8 Write a text of Forty (40) words using the words below:

اكتب فقرة إنشائية من (٤٠) كلمة عن:

Renewable Energy

Guiding words

clean - useful - important

Listening Material

نصوص الاستماع الواردة في الكتاب



نصوص الاستماع الخاصة بأسئلة الاستماع
الواردة في وحدات كتاب المراجعة

Bit by Bit

Review on Unit 1 **1**

Test on Unit 1

Many animals live near the river. Crocodiles rest under the shade of big trees. Snakes hunt small insects in the morning. Some birds build their nests on high branches. People visit the river every day, but they must not be selfish and throw rubbish in the water.

Al Azhar Test 1

The Nile River is home to many animals. Birds sit on the branches of tall trees and hunt small insects. A crocodile swims in the water and looks for food. Fish hide in the shade of water weeds to stay safe.

Review on Unit 2 **2**

Test on Unit 2

Healthcare workers help people stay healthy. Paramedics arrive quickly when someone is sick or hurt. They check the patient's weight and make sure the heart

can pump blood well. Good habits, like sleeping early, reduce stress and improve mental health. Strong bones and muscles also help the body work properly.

Al Azhar Test 2

Doctors help patients stay healthy. The heart pumps blood around the body. Muscles work hard when we lift weight. Good food gives the body nutrients and reduces stress.

Review on Unit 3 **3**

Test on Unit 3

Last year, our town faced many natural problems. A wildfire burned part of the forest, and a flood damaged some homes near the canal. Farmers used an irrigation system to save their crops during the droughts. People worked together and whispered prayers for safety. Everyone learned how to protect the planet better.

Al Azhar Test 3

A sandstorm hit the village yesterday. It caused damage to many houses. Later, heavy rain fell and made a small flood. People worked together and put everything right side up again.

Review on Unit 4 **4**

Test on Unit 4

Yesterday, my friends and I visited the neighborhood shops. First, we went to the bakery and bought two fresh loaves. Then, we picked out some groceries from the small market. In the afternoon, we hung out near a restaurant. Later, we visited a theme park, but there was a lot of crowding at the entrance.

Al Azhar Test 4

Yesterday, my family went to a bakery in our neighborhood. We bought two loaves of fresh bread. After that, we went to a restaurant to pick out our lunch. Later, we visited a theme park, but there was crowding at the gate, so we waited for a few minutes.

Review on Unit 5 **5**

Test on Unit 5

Many countries depend on natural resources to produce electricity. Miners work deep underground to find minerals and fossil fuel. Today, people try to use renewable energy like wind because it is cleaner. Some minerals are very precious, and people call them treasures. Scientists say we must protect these resources for the future.

حمل الآن

مجاناً وحصرياً

المراجعة رقم (3)

الترم الاول



Units 1 & 2



A) Revision on Vocabulary

Unit 1

water weeds	أعشاب مائية	energy	طاقة
hunt	يصطاد	owls	بوم
role	دور	balance	توازن
The Nile River	نهر النيل	hot	حار
crocodile	تمساح	desert	صحراء
protect	يحمي	dry	جاف
insects	حشرات	snake	ثعابين
life	حياة	rats	فئران
birds	طيور	lizards	سحالي
larger	أكبر	rocks	صخور
near	بالقرب من	cool	منتعش / بارد
colorful	ملون	cooler	أكثر برودة
tiny	صغير جدًا (ضئيل)	crown	تاج
huge	ضخم	trunk	جذع الشجرة
plants	نباتات	leaves	أوراق الشجر
creatures	مخلوقات	branches	فروع / أغصان
scary	مخيف	shade	ظل
important	هام	selfish	أناني
garden	حديقة	tasty	لذيذ
feelings	مشاعر	bowl	وعاء / طبق
delicious	لذيذ	garlic	ثوم
weak	ضعيف	vinegar	خل
friends	أصدقاء	pot	إناء / وعاء
needs	احتياجات	oil	زيت
koshari	كشري	crunchy	مقرمش
ingredients	مكونات / مقادير	chopped	مقطع / مفروم
flavor	نكهة / طعم	traditional	تقليدي
recipe	وصفة	lentils	عدس
spices	توابل	mix	مزيج / يخلط
yummy	شهي جدًا	flyer	منشور دعائي / مطوية

Unit 2

sports	الرياضة	journey	رحلة
football	كرة القدم	habits	عادات
heart	قلب	vitamins	فيتامينات
muscles	عضلات	weekends	عطلات نهاية الأسبوع
swimming	سباحة	chips	رقائق البطاطس (الشيبسي)
lungs	رئتان	burgers	برجر
tired	متعب	sweets	حلويات
stronger	أقوى	snacks	وجبات خفيفة
normal	طبيعي	organs	أعضاء
energy	طاقة	fist	قبضة اليد
bones	عظام	oxygen	أكسجين
regularly	بانتظام	nutrients	عناصر غذائية
tubes	أنابيب	carbon dioxide	ثاني أكسيد الكربون
healthcare	رعاية صحية	blood vessels	أوعية دموية
paramedics	مسعفون	waste	فضلات / مخلفات
diagnose	يشخص	cell	خلية
pharmacists	صيادلة	knowledge	معرفة
heroes	أبطال	diseases / illnesses	أمراض
real-life	حقيقي	treatment	علاج
patients	مرضى	emergencies	حالات طوارئ
support	دعم	respect	احترام
medicine	دواء	kindness	لطف
harmful	ضار		

Practice



on Vocabulary Units 1&2

Unit 1

1 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- 1 I enjoy eating my sister's food, she prepares meals.
a) bad b) delicious c) tasteless d) boring
- 2 Camels are called animals.
a) water b) land c) ground d) desert
- 3 The king wears a on his head.
a) crown b) hat c) cap d) scarf
- 4 I don't know how to make koshari, could you tell me the?
a) pieces b) recipe c) treat d) place
- 5 It takes me 10 minutes to arrive at work, it's really
a) far b) further c) near d) away
- 6 Amina watched a movie, she was afraid.
a) funny b) happy c) scary d) comedy
- 7 Lizards eat insects in the desert to get
a) money b) energy c) hungry d) moving
- 8 Cats rats.
a) play b) run c) make d) hunt
- 9 Amira walked in the to stay cool during the hot weather.
a) heat b) warm c) hot d) shade
- 10 To cook pasta, you need to water first.
a) remove b) boil c) cool d) allow

2 Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

A)

recipe – chops – mixes – boils

Sarah likes to cook delicious meals. Her pasta (1) is very easy to make. First, she (2) water in a pot and adds the pasta. Then, she makes the red sauce. She chops tomatoes and adds it in another pot with some oil. When the pasta is ready, she (3) it with the sauce and eats it hot.

B)

energy – survive – plants – water

Animals are amazing creatures. They learn to (1) in different places. Camels eat (2) to stay strong in the desert. Lizards eat insects to get (3) Some animals hide under rocks to stay cool.

Unit 2

1 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- 1 Eating healthy foods gives you all the important you need.
a) vitamins b) fruits c) sports d) habits
- 2 The help us to breathe by taking in oxygen and removing carbon dioxide.
a) heart b) bones c) lungs d) hands
- 3 Good like reading and sleeping early can help you stay healthy.
a) games b) organs c) habits d) events
- 4 Playing helps children stay active and learn teamwork.
a) support b) sports c) port d) exercise
- 5 make sure patients receive the correct medicine.
a) Paramedics b) Pharmacists c) Workers d) Patients
- 6 Blood takes away like carbon dioxide.
a) waste b) trash c) leftovers d) oxygen
- 7 The heart is the size of a/an
a) hand b) leg c) ear d) fist
- 8 Good friends each other in difficult times.
a) avoid b) play c) ignore d) support
- 9 help people in emergencies and take them to the hospital quickly.
a) Patients b) Pharmacists c) Nurses d) Paramedics
- 10 We should always show to our parents and teachers.
a) respect b) energy c) muscles d) fist

2 Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

A)

patient – diagnosed – treatment – nurses

Last week, Adel was sick, so he went to the hospital. The doctor (1) him and advised him to stay for a day to do some tests. He gave him (2) The (3) were very supportive. Before leaving, Adel went to get the medicine and the pharmacist explained to him how and when to take it.

B)

muscles – swimming – fit – reduce

Following healthy habits is very important. Amir plays football to grow his (1) and increase his energy. Mariam practices swimming to make her strong. Sports make us (2) Exercising regularly helps (3) stress.

Units 1&2



B) Revision on Grammar

Unit 1

Adverbs of frequency

- We use **adverbs of frequency** to talk about **how often** something happens.

نستخدم ظروف التكرار للتحدث عن مدى تكرار حدوث شيء ما.

always	usually	often	sometimes	rarely	never
100%	90%	70%	50%	20%	0%

Form:

التكوين:

لاحظ ظروف التكرار تسبق الفعل:

Subject (فاعل) + **adverbs of frequency** (ظروف التكرار) + main verb (الفعل الأساسي)

e.g. I **always** go to the club on sunny Saturdays.

لاحظ أن (verb to be) يسبق ظروف التكرار:

Subject (فاعل) + verb to be (am/ is/ are) + **adverbs of frequency** (ظروف التكرار)

e.g. I'm **always** in bed at 11 pm.

Unit 2

Determiners

Countable and uncountable nouns

Countable nouns

الأسماء المعدودة

- هي الأسماء التي (تعد) ولها مفرد وجمع.
- تسبق بأداة نكرة (a/an) إذا كانت مفردة.
- تُجمع بـ (s/ es/ies).

e.g. **an** onion – onions

a mango – mangoes

ويمكن أن يأتي الجمع غير ذلك مثل:

(a child أطفال – **children** طفل)

Uncountable nouns

الأسماء غير المعدودة

- هي الأسماء التي (لا تعد)، ولا تجمع ويأتي بعدها فعل مفرد مثل: (is - was - has).
- لا تسبق بأداة نكرة (a/an).

e.g. rice – cheese – water – milk

1. Indefinite Articles أدوات النكرة

a

تستخدم (a) قبل الأسماء المفردة المعدودة التي تبدأ بصوت ساكن:

- e.g. - I have a new book.
 - Did you see a monkey?
 - I'm not a doctor.

an

تستخدم (an) قبل الأسماء المفردة المعدودة التي تبدأ بصوت متحرك (a, e, i, o, u):

- e.g. - She is eating an apple.
 - Do you want an orange?
 - It isn't an insect.

some/ any with the plural countable nouns and uncountable nouns.

(some) و (any) مع الأسماء المعدودة والأسماء غير المعدودة.

2. Quantifiers محددات الكميات

1. some اسم يُعد جمع / اسم لا يعد + some

Affirmative الجملة المثبتة

e.g. I have some apples.

Offer/ Request العرض / الطلب

e.g. A: Would you like some apples?
 B: Yes, please.

2. any اسم يُعد جمع / اسم لا يعد + any

Negative sentence الجملة المنفية

e.g. There aren't any apples left.

Question السؤال

e.g. Do you have any water?



Note

لاحظ أن بعض الكلمات قد تبدأ بحرف ساكن ولكن يسبقها an وذلك لأنها تبدأ بصوت متحرك مثل :

e.g. an hour

Practice



on Grammar Units 1 & 2

Unit 1

1 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- 1 Nada follows a healthy habit. She exercises before going to school.
a) never b) rarely c) always d) often
- 2 Omar is very healthy because he eats fast food.
a) usually b) always c) never d) often
- 3 Hazem is honest. He tells lies.
a) never b) sometimes c) always d) usually
- 4 We go to the beach in the summer. We go every summer.
a) always b) never c) rarely d) sometimes
- 5 I watch TV during the week. Maybe once a week.
a) rarely b) often c) some days d) every day
- 6 He wears a helmet when biking to avoid injuries.
a) never b) rarely c) doesn't d) always
- 7 She watch scary movies. She gets scared easily.
a) always b) never c) often d) sometimes
- 8 My parents watch the news at night. They don't do it every day.
a) always b) often c) rarely d) never
- 9 Amira is a good student. She comes to school late.
a) usually b) always c) never d) often
- 10 It rains in summer in Egypt. The weather is very dry.
a) always b) usually c) rarely d) never

2 Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets:

- 1 I (never) take the bus to school to reduce crowding.
- 2 She (always) eats sweets. Her mother doesn't buy any for her.
- 3 I (miss never) the bus every morning.
- 4 He (always) does his homework late at night. He always sleeps early.
- 5 We (usually eats) rice with lunch.
- 6 They (always are) on time.
- 7 Mona (sometimes going) camping in the desert.
- 8 Ahmed (always helping) his father.
- 9 Eman (never drink) coffee at night.
- 10 We (have sometimes) pizza for dinner.

Unit 2

1 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- 1 I saw dog in the park.
a) an b) a c) any d) some
- 2 She ate apple for breakfast.
a) an b) a c) any d) some
- 3 He is smart man.
a) an b) a c) any d) some
- 4 Do you have umbrella? It's raining heavily.
a) an b) a c) any d) some
- 5 He watched old movie.
a) an b) a c) any d) some
- 6 She bought bananas from the market.
a) an b) a c) any d) some
- 7 Can I have water, please?
a) an b) a c) any d) some
- 8 We have friends coming over.
a) an b) a c) any d) some
- 9 Do you have juice left?
a) an b) a c) any d) some
- 10 He didn't buy tickets.
a) an b) a c) any d) some

2 Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets:

- 1 We don't have (some) clean clothes.
- 2 There are (any) pencils on the table.
- 3 Reem saw (a) elephant at the zoo.
- 4 They found (any) coin on the street.
- 5 Mom made (a) sandwiches for lunch.
- 6 I don't have (some) homework today.
- 7 Did you see (some) birds in the tree?
- 8 He took (any) money from his wallet.
- 9 Heba likes watching (an) scary movie every week.
- 10 She has (an) blue pen.

Units 3 & 4



A) Revision on Vocabulary

Unit 3

weather	طقس	stuck	عالق
news	أخبار	rich soil	تربة خصبة
terrible	فظيع / مرعب	canals	قنوات مائية
thunderstorm	عاصفة رعدية	basins	أحواض
sandstorm	عاصفة رملية	smart	ذكي
flood	فيضان	mud bricks	الطوب اللبن
drought	جفاف	irrigation systems	نظم الري
wildfire	حرائق الغابات	pond	بركة / مستنقع
heat wave	موجة حارة	well	بئر
lightning	برق	flies	ذباب
dry	جاف	frog	ضفدع
dust	تراب	leap	يقفز
rain	مطر	wing	جناح
temperature	درجة الحرارة	movement	حركة
damaged	متضرر / تالف	whisper	همسة
land	أرض	flip	ينقلب
winds	رياح	clap	يصفق
mountains	جبال	imagination	مخيلة / تخيلات

Unit 4

loaves	أرغفة عيش	community center	مركز مجتمعي
restaurant	مطعم	barns	حظائر
coffee shop	مقهى	main square	الساحة الرئيسية
bakery	مخبز	hills	تلال
supermarket	سوبر ماركت	cozy	مريح
club	نادي	calm	هادئ
theme park	حديقة ملاهي	capital	عاصمة
groceries	بقالة	government offices	مكاتب حكومية
fresh	طازج	Iconic Tower	البرج الأيقوني
groceries	بقالة	steel	صلب / فولاذ
relaxing	مريح	friendly	ودود
neighborhood	حي سكني	village	قرية
air	هواء	fields	حقول
hang out	يتسكع / يقضي الوقت مع	cottage	كوخ



on Vocabulary Units 3 & 4

Unit 3

1 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- 1 The Nile gives Egypt soil.
a) poor b) sick c) rich d) modern
- 2 We should stay in the during the heat wave.
a) hot b) shade c) farms d) cave
- 3 The sky lit up with bright during the thunderstorm.
a) flood b) lightning c) drought d) sandstorm
- 4 The table was covered with after being left for weeks.
a) dust b) rust c) must d) crust
- 5 Farmers use to collect and store rainwater for their crops.
a) pots b) plates c) bowls d) basins
- 6 Boats are on the river.
a) clapping b) flipping c) sleeping d) floating
- 7 The workers a hole to plant the tree.
a) built b) bug c) dug d) create
- 8 happened when there was not enough rain.
a) Sandstorms b) Drought c) Flood d) Heat
- 9 He spoke in a so no one else could hear.
a) whisper b) cry c) loud d) sound
- 10 My shoe got in the mud while walking.
a) carried b) stuck c) down d) crowded

2 Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

A)

dry – cool – leaped – pond

Bob is a small frog. One day, the pond it lived in became (1) because of the hot weather. Bob wanted to find a new home to live in. Bob (2) from one well to the other. Finally, Bob found a small village that had a new (3) to swim in.

B)

flooded – drought – soil – crops

In Ancient Egypt, the weather made farming possible. The Nile (1) every year. The water brought rich (2) This was great for growing (3) and farming. But sometimes, the weather also brought problems like floods, droughts, and sandstorms.

Unit 4

1 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- 1 We met our friends at the to drink coffee together.
a) restaurant b) hospital c) coffee shop d) village
- 2 The children were so excited to spend the day at the to go on rides.
a) theme park b) community c) library d) school
- 3 After a long day at school, I like to and read a book.
a) stress b) impress c) relax d) sleep
- 4 The bridge was built using strong to support heavy cars.
a) mud b) steel c) coal d) plastic
- 5 If you want to buy groceries, go to the
a) club b) supermarket c) restaurant d) school
- 6 My cat loves sleeping in her bed.
a) cozy b) dirty c) high d) fresh
- 7 The bakery makes fresh of bread every morning.
a) parts b) pieces c) loaves d) leaves
- 8 They spent the weekend in a small by the lake in their uncle's village.
a) cottage b) coffee shop c) luggage d) restaurant
- 9 The new school building was opened to crowding in classrooms.
a) increase b) add c) reduce d) improve
- 10 The farmer keeps many animals in the big
a) house b) apartment c) village d) barn

2 Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

A)

bread – neighborhood – bakery – park

Last week, it was my brother's birthday. We needed to buy a big cake for him. Luckily, the (1) we live in has many shops around us. A new (2) opened recently, so we went there. They had so many things to buy! They even make fresh (3) every day.

B)

cottage – barn – fresh – house

My family and I went to visit our uncle. He lives in a cozy (1) in a small village. It has green fields and quiet hills. My uncle has many animals that he keeps in his (2) The air in the village is (3) We had so much fun!



Unit 3

The Past Simple Tense

- We use the past simple tense to talk about finished actions or events in the past.
نستخدم الماضي البسيط للحديث عن الأفعال التي انتهت في الماضي.

Affirmative Form:

✓ Subject (الفاعل) + التصريف الثاني للفعل ...

e.g. - They **went** to the cinema.

- I **rode** a horse last weekend.

1. Regular Verbs أفعال منتظمة

معظم الأفعال يضاف لها
(ed)

e.g. rain - **rained**

الأفعال المنتهية بـ (e) يضاف
لها (d)

e.g. use → **used**

الأفعال المنتهية بـ (y) قبلها حرف ساكن،
يُحذف الـ (y) ويضاف إليها الـ (ed)

e.g. study → **studied**

الأفعال ذات المقطع الواحد المنتهية بـ
(a, e, i, o, u) بعده حرف ساكن، يضاف
لها (ed) مع مضاعفة الحرف الساكن:

e.g. stop → **stopped**

2. Irregular Verbs أفعال غير منتظمة

أفعال تتغير في زمن الماضي البسيط (تحفظ) مثل:

Present	Past	Present	Past	Present	Past
go يذهب	went	find يجد	found	make يصنع	made
has/ have يمتلك	had	am/ is يكون (للمفرد)	was	are يكون (للمجمع)	were

Negative Form:

Subject + **didn't** + (inf.) المصدر في المصدر ...

- e.g. - The Ancient Egyptians **didn't have** modern tools to help them.
- They **didn't go** to the club.

Keywords:

في الماضي **in the past** - منذ **ago** - الماضي **last** - أمس **yesterday**

Unit 4

Prepositions of Time

We use **on** before:

نستخدم (on) قبل:

Days of the week

أيام الأسبوع

e.g. I go swimming **on** Mondays.
أذهب للسباحة أيام الإثنين.

Dates

تواريخ

e.g. My birthday is **on** June 1st.
عيد ميلادي في الأول من يونيو.

On the weekend

في نهاية الأسبوع

e.g. We go shopping **on** the weekend.
نذهب للتسوق في نهاية الأسبوع.

We use **at** before:

نستخدم (at) قبل:

Clock times

الأوقات

e.g. Our flight lands **at** 8 pm.
تهبط رحلتنا الساعة ٨ مساءً.

Mealtimes

أوقات الوجبات

e.g. We play basketball **at** lunchtime.
نلعب كرة السلة في وقت الغداء.

Time phrases

عبارات زمنية

e.g. I go to bed **at** night.
أذهب للسرير في الليل.

We use **in** before:

نستخدم (in) قبل:

Months

الشهور

e.g. We visit our cousins **in** June.
نزور أبناء عمي في شهر يونيو.

Seasons

فصول السنة

e.g. We went on vacation **in** the summer.
ذهبنا في إجازة في الصيف.

Years

السنوات

e.g. I was born **in** 2010.
ولدت عام.

Parts of the day

أجزاء اليوم

e.g. They arrived **in** the morning.
وصلوا في الصباح.



Unit 3

1 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- 1 I my grandma last weekend.
a) visits b) visiting c) is visiting d) visited
- 2 I breakfast this morning.
a) didn't ate b) didn't eat c) don't eating d) eats
- 3 What she cook for dinner yesterday?
a) does b) do c) did d) was
- 4 you in France last summer?
a) Was b) Did c) Were d) Is
- 5 They football after school.
a) played b) plays c) playing d) is playing
- 6 He didn't the message I sent him.
a) sees b) seeing d) saw d) see
- 7 Who you meet at the park yesterday?
a) does b) did c) doing d) is
- 8 she at school last week?
a) Was b) Were c) Is d) Did
- 9 Amira miss the bus this morning?
a) Were b) Was c) Did d) Is
- 10 She a movie last night.
a) watching b) watches c) watch d) watched

2 Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets:

- 1 We (traveling) to Luxor in January 2021.
- 2 (Were) they win the game last week?
- 3 He (buys) a new phone yesterday.
- 4 She (don't) go to the party last night.
- 5 Why did he (crying) during the film?
- 6 We (don't) finish the last project on time.
- 7 Where did you (went) on the last holiday?
- 8 When did they (arrives) at the station?
- 9 They (not enjoyed) the show last night.
- 10 Did you (reading) the book?

Unit 4

1 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- 1 I have a meeting Monday.
a) in b) on c) at d) by
- 2 The movie starts 6 pm.
a) in b) on c) at d) by
- 3 I brush my teeth the morning.
a) in b) on c) at d) by
- 4 We went to the beach Saturday.
a) in b) on c) at d) by
- 5 It gets cold December.
a) in b) on c) at d) by
- 6 We traveled a lot summer.
a) in b) on c) at d) by
- 7 The bell rang the end of the lesson.
a) in b) on c) at d) by
- 8 The train leaves 8:30 in the morning.
a) in b) on c) at d) by
- 9 She was born April 5th.
a) in b) on c) at d) by
- 10 She arrived lunchtime.
a) in b) on c) at d) by

2 Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets:

- 1 They visit us (in) weekends.
- 2 His birthday party will be (at) Friday.
- 3 I like to relax (at) the evening.
- 4 I wake up (in) 7 o'clock every day.
- 5 He goes to sleep (on) midnight.
- 6 I will call you (at) the afternoon.
- 7 She was born (on) July.
- 8 We visited Spain (at) 2022.
- 9 I like walking (on) the morning.
- 10 People prefer traveling (at) winter.

Unit 5



A) Revision on Vocabulary

Unit 5

natural resources	موارد طبيعية	minerals	معادن
sunlight	ضوء الشمس	iron	حديد
water	ماء	jewelry	مجوهرات
soil	تربة	diamond	ألماس
treasures	كنوز	rare	نادر
fossil fuel	وقود أحفوري	valuable	قيم
wind	رياح	metal	معدن
non-renewable	غير متجدد	wires	أسلاك
bridge	جسور	pipes	أنابيب
machines	آلات	size	حجم
gold	ذهب	miners	عمال المناجم
copper	نحاس	shore	ساحل
oil	نفط	mud	طين
tools	أدوات	digger	حفار
electrical	كهربائي	load	يشحن/ يحمل
cotton	القطن	cargo	بضائع
wheat	قمح	give up	يستسلم
fertile	خصبة	path	طريق
tear	دمعة	destroy	يدمر
bathe	يستحم	sweat	عرق

Unit 6

Everglades	منطقة إيفرغلديز	alligator	تمساح
the Earth	كوكب الأرض	canoe	قارب
owl	بومة	national park	محمية طبيعية
splash	يطرطش (يرتطم بسطح الماء)	scientist	عالم
swamp	مستنقع	shell	صدفة

Practice



on Vocabulary Unit 5

Unit 5

1 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- 1 resources like water and trees are important for the environment.
a) Man-made b) Fossil c) Non-renewable d) Natural
- 2 Egypt's land along the Nile is, so we can grow food.
a) fertile b) poor c) dry d) wise
- 3 is a soft fabric used to make clothes.
a) Cloth b) Cotton c) Diamond d) Silver
- 4 Engineers use to make tools, machines, and buildings because of its strength.
a) iron b) silver c) gold d) diamond
- 5 Women wear which is made of gold, silver, or diamond.
a) hats b) jewelry c) scarves d) caps
- 6 Some minerals are and can only be found in few places in the world.
a) common b) local c) international d) rare
- 7 Gold is a metal.
a) rare b) cheap c) valuable d) renewable
- 8 The truck carried a heavy of boxes to the market.
a) load b) road c) code d) mode
- 9 The is a machine or tool used for digging.
a) trigger b) bigger c) digger d) figure
- 10 He began to after running in the hot sun.
a) sweet b) sweat c) met d) net

2 Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

A)

steel – fuel – energy – renewable

My father bought a new car that has cool features. It is made of (1) and it's bigger than our old car. It doesn't use (2) and it runs on electricity. This is good for our environment. We should use less non-renewable (3) to protect our planet.

B)

mineral – Gold – rare – cheap

In our science class, the teacher told us many things today. We learned about (1) resources. (2) is soft and shiny and it's used in making jewelry. Diamond is a (3) mineral which makes it valuable. Copper is a strong metal that we use in electrical wires and pipes.



Comparative Adjectives

- Comparative Adjectives are used to compare two people, things, animals, or things.
تُستخدم الصفات المقارنة لمقارنة شخصين أو حيوانين أو شيئين مختلفين.

A) Short adjectives:

عند المقارنة بين شيئين باستخدام الصفات القصيرة (ذات المقطع الواحد) نضع (er + than) بعد الصفة.
لاحظ الصفات الآتية عند إضافة (er).

short adjective + er + than صفة قصيرة

معظم الصفات القصيرة يضاف لها (er) وبعدها (than).

old → older

small → smaller

e.g. Gold is cheaper than diamond.

الصفات المنتهية بـ (e) يضاف لها (r) وبعدها (than).

large → larger

nice → nicer

e.g. Cats are nicer than dogs.

الصفات المنتهية بحرف (y) يسبقه حرف ساكن، يحذف الـ (y) ويضاف لها (ier) وبعدها (than).

heavy → heavier

angry → angrier

e.g. Amira is happier than Mohamed.

الصفات المنتهية بحرف ساكن يسبقه حرف متحرك، يضاف لها (er) وبعدها (than) مع مضاعفة الحرف الساكن.

big → bigger

thin → thinner

e.g. Elephants are bigger than lions.

B) Long adjectives:

عند المقارنة بين شيئين باستخدام الصفات الطويلة (ذات مقطعين أو أكثر) نضع (more / less أقل) قبل الصفة ويضاف بعدها (than).

e.g. dangerous / colorful / beautiful / delicious ...

more + long adjective + than الصفة الطويلة

e.g. Diamond is more precious than copper.



Note

توجد بعض الصفات غير المنتظمة ويتغير شكلها عند استخدامها كصفة مقارنة:

little → less than

e.g. I have less money than my brother.

many / much → more than

e.g. January has more days than February.

Practice



on Grammar Unit 5

Unit 5

1 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- 1 My bag is than Youmna's.
a) lighting b) lighter c) lightest d) light
- 2 She runs than her brother.
a) fast b) fastest c) fasting d) faster
- 3 This book is interesting than the last one.
a) more b) most c) much d) the most
- 4 Today is than yesterday.
a) cool b) cold c) cooling d) cooler
- 5 His explanation was than the teacher.
a) clearing b) clearest c) clearer d) clear
- 6 That mountain is than the one we climbed.
a) taller b) tall c) the tallest d) tallest
- 7 The couch is than the old one.
a) more comfortable b) the comfortable c) comfortable d) most comfortable
- 8 The test was than I expected.
a) easy b) easiest c) the easier d) easier
- 9 My phone is than yours.
a) smaller b) small c) smallest d) the small
- 10 The blue dress is prettier the red dress.
a) thin b) then c) the d) than

2 Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets:

- 1 This road is (narrowest) than the highway.
- 2 He is (much) polite than his cousin.
- 3 Apples are (healthy) than candy.
- 4 The movie was longer (then) the book.
- 5 She looks (happiest) today than she was yesterday.
- 6 This restaurant is (most) expensive than the one near school.
- 7 My cat is (quietest) than his dog.
- 8 His house is bigger (thin) mine.
- 9 These shoes are (cheap) than the boots.
- 10 Your phone is (many) expensive than mine.

Unit 6

Story Corner

1 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- 1 Billie and her family are the main of the story.
a) characters b) setting c) idea d) author
- 2 Which of the following is not an animal that Billie saw in the Everglades?
a) Owls b) Tigers c) Alligators d) Turtles
- 3 Billie traveled to the Everglades using her
a) car b) horse c) bike d) canoe
- 4 "The Talking Earth" is set in
a) India b) France c) Egypt d) Florida
- 5 Who didn't believe that the Earth could talk?
a) Billie b) The elders c) Billie's father d) Billie's mother

2 Read and write T (True) or F (False):

- 1 "The Talking Earth" shows us that the Earth can teach us lessons. ()
- 2 The setting of the story is in America. ()
- 3 Billie was happy to go to the Everglades alone. ()
- 4 Billie saw a small cottage in the Everglades. ()
- 5 Billie learned many lessons from the animals around her. ()

3 Read and complete the summary with the words in the box:

SB

catch – elders – Earth – Everglades – alligators

Billie Wind was a young Native American girl who loved science. She did not believe that the Earth could "talk" like the (1) said. To prove her wrong, they sent her to the (2) alone. At first, Billie struggled, but she learned from the animals. She heard (3) splashing in the water. In the end, Billie realized that the (4) did talk in a different way. She learned how to (5) fish and make fire like the animals.

4 Answer the following questions:

1 Who is the main character in "The Talking Earth"?

2 Where does Billie Wind live?

3 What does Billie love to study?

4 Why didn't Billie believe her family's stories?

5 What did the elders ask Billie to do?

6 Where did Billie go alone?

7 How did Billie feel at the beginning of her journey?

8 What animals did Billie hear at night?

9 What did Billie learn from the alligators?

10 How did the birds help each other in the wild?

11 What did Billie learn to do to survive?

12 Why did the elders send Billie to the Everglades?

13 What did Billie realize about nature?

14 How did Billie change by the end of the story?

15 What is the main message of the story?

حمل الآن

مجاناً وحصرياً

المراجعة رقم (4)

الترم الاول



Questions Bank



1 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- (1) Snakes often eat small animals, like or lizards.
(a) rats (b) hippos (c) camels (d) lions
- (2) Camels eat
(a) plants (b) insects (c) birds (d) lizards
- (3) Insects give lizards
(a) water (b) energy (c) food (d) lizards
- (4) Each animal in the desert has a/an role to play.
(a) simple (b) easy (c) important (d) hard
- (5) Small fish eat in the Nile River.
(a) birds (b) water weeds (c) crocodiles (d) big fish
- (6) is called the king of the Nile.
(a) Birds (b) Fish (c) Insects (d) Crocodile
- (7) The small fish in the Nile River are
(a) scary (b) colorful (c) very large (d) hunting crocodiles
- (8) Birds eat small fish, and even plants near the river.
(a) insects (b) crocodiles (c) animals (d) water weeds
- (9) Which of these animals are not living in or near the Nile River in Egypt now?
(a) birds (b) crocodiles (c) hippos (d) small fish
- (10) The queen wore a shiny gold at the ceremony.
(a) shade (b) crown (c) branch (d) sail

- (11) We sat under the tree to rest in the on hot days.
 (a) sail (b) crown (c) shade (d) branch
- (12) A bird built a nest on a high of the tree.
 (a) crown (b) shade (c) sail (d) branch
- (13) Tom made crowns from when he was young.
 (a) tree trunk (b) tree branches (c) tree leaves (d) tree apples
- (14) People rested on hot days.
 (a) in the sun (b) in the shade of the tree
 (c) on the tree's branches (d) inside the tree's trunk
- (15) "Selfish" means
 (a) caring for others only (b) being generous
 (c) caring for oneself only (d) being kind
- (16) The "kings of the Nile" are
 (a) birds (b) small fish (c) insects (d) crocodiles
- (17) Snakes often eat in the desert.
 (a) plants (b) camels
 (c) birds (d) small animals like rats or lizards
- (18) What is the of the story?
 (a) day (b) play (c) tree (d) moral
- (19) Is there orange juice left in the fridge?
 (a) a (b) an (c) any (d) some
- (20) She bought bottle of water.
 (a) a (b) an (c) some (d) any
- (21) Omar will buy apples for the picnic.
 (a) a (b) some (c) any (d) an

- (22) To be fit means to be healthy and
- (a) tired (b) active (c) smart (d) nervous
- (23) are the parts of your body that help you move.
- (a) Heart (b) Ears (c) Skin (d) Muscles
- (24) Lungs are the organs in your chest that help you
- (a) think (b) move (c) breathe (d) eat
- (25) Mental health is how
- (a) you feel and think (b) well your body moves
(c) strong your muscles are (d) how clear your vision is
- (26) "Stressed" is when you feel unhappy or
- (a) happy (b) pleased (c) relaxed (d) tired
- (27) helps make our body stronger.
- (a) Reading (b) Swimming (c) Traveling (d) Cooking
- (28) The help us breathe oxygen.
- (a) arms (b) legs (c) lungs (d) eyes
- (29) Taking time to relax and sleep well is good for your
- (a) bicycle (b) mental health (c) lunch box (d) washing machine
- (30) The pumps to send blood around the body.
- (a) lungs (b) muscles (c) heart (d) stomach
- (31) Deep breathing and playing outside can reduce
- (a) fun (b) price (c) stress (d) water
- (32) Do you have questions?
- (a) any (b) an (c) some (d) a
- (33) Blood carries products like carbon dioxide.
- (a) plastic (b) wooden (c) glasses (d) waste

- (34) Take care of your heart by eating food.
 (a) salty (b) fatty (c) good (d) hot
- (35) To stay healthy, you should wash your before and after eating.
 (a) eyes (b) legs (c) hands (d) ears
- (36) Brush your teeth daily with to stay healthy.
 (a) water (b) soap (c) salt (d) toothbrush
- (37) helps you lose weight and makes your bones stronger.
 (a) Drink water (b) Brush teeth
 (c) Exercise regularly (d) Sleep early

2 Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

1 (insects – hunt – Longest – home – rivers)

There are many (1) around the world. The Nile is one of the (2) rivers in the world. It's (3) to many different animals. Crocodiles are strong and dangerous. They (4) large animals in or near the water.

2 (care – selfish – weak – strong – bananas)

Jack had a healthy apple tree. The tree gave Jack apples. Jack traveled for a long time. When he came back the tree was (1) and he knew he was (2) He decided to take (3) of the tree. The tree grew (4) again.

3

(deep – care – well – home – happy)

Once, there were two frogs who couldn't live in a pond any longer. So they decided to look for a new (1) After a long time they saw a (2) well. One of the frogs said this (3) "Looks like a great place for us to live." And they were very (4)

4

(enjoyed – was – had – were – club)

Last month, I had a lot of things to do. On Saturday I (1) dinner at a nice restaurant. The food (2) delicious. Two days later I went to a nice party and (3) the songs. At last I exercised in my favorite (4)

5

(square – cottages – animals – vegetables – simple)

Life in a village is peaceful and (1) People live in cozy (2) surrounded by green fields and trees. There is a market in the main (3) where people buy and sell fresh fruit and (4) It's a quiet place. I love our village.

6

(jewelry – water – Copper – mineral resources – materials)

Minerals are precious (1) that we find underground. Gold, diamond, copper, and iron are all (2) Each one is special. Gold is soft and shiny, perfect for (3) (4) is great for wires. Metals and minerals are great for our life.



7

(alligators – attack – shells – survive – birds)

Basem watched the animals closely and saw how they (1) The (2) waited patiently for their food. The turtles hid in their (3) when danger was near, and the (4) built their nests.

8

(restaurants – cinema – community – square – market)

The city is a large (1) with many places to visit. People shop at the local (2) The main (3) is always busy. You can eat at a (4) or simply have fun with friends.

9

(reducing crowding – capital – town – Iconic Tower – future)

The New Administrative (1) is a very smart city designed for the (2) It helps in (3) in Cairo. Many government offices will move there. The famous (4) will be built using strong steel.

10

(supermarket – Coffee shop – club – bakery – meal)

Yesterday I went to the (1) to buy bread. Then I visited a (2) for a cup of tea. In the evening my friends and I met at a sports (3) We had a lot of fun all day. In the evening we had a nice (4) in the restaurant.



11 (Pharmacists – Paramedics – vets – nurses – workers)

Our community has many health care (1) who are true heroes. Doctors and (2) work hard at hospitals. (3) ensure we get the right medicine. (4) provide quick help in emergencies. They all encourage health habits in our lives.

12 (wind – flood – scary – wildfire – rain)

Last week, a terrible thunderstorm hit our town, with loud lightning and heavy (1) The streets quickly filled with water, causing a (2) We also heard about a spreading (3) in a forest far away, which was very (4) It's important to know about the extreme weather to stay safely in doors.

13 (floodwater – irrigation – drought – sandstorm – changes)

Ancient Egyptians were clever at dealing with nature's (1) They built canals to manage the Nile's (2) When a drought made the river's water low, they used (3) They also knew how to protect themselves from the strong wind and sand of a (4) by building homes with thick mud bricks.

14 (carbon – fist – vessel – organ – pump)

The heart is a strong (1) in the human body. It is about the size of a (2) The heart works like a (3) to send blood around the body. Blood moves through tubes called blood (4)

15 (water weeds – hunt – insects – camels – care)

The Nile River is full of life! You can see large crocodiles that (1) fish and other animals. Tiny (2) fly near the water, and small fish eat green (3) It is an important place where every creature plays a part. We must (4) of the Nile.

3 Read the text and answer the questions:

1 Natural resources are materials we get from nature, such as water, sunlight, soil, and minerals. They are essential for life, helping plants grow, animals survive, and humans meet their needs. If we use them wisely, they will last for future generations. But wasting or damaging them can harm the balance of nature.

(A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- (1) The is a natural resource.
(a) plastic (b) water (c) car (d) chair
- (2) We protect natural resources
(a) to make life harder (b) to keep life healthy on Earth
(c) to save money only (d) to remove nature

(B) Answer the following questions:

- (3) Name three examples of natural resources.
.....

- (4) How can humans protect natural resources?
.....

- (5) What might happen if we waste natural resources?
.....

2

Egypt has oil and natural gas, which are used to make fuel and electricity. Our fertile land along the Nile helps us grow crops like cotton and wheat. Additionally, Egypt's deserts contain valuable minerals such as gold and iron. These treasures are vital for our country's growth.

(A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- (1) The most important water resource in Egypt is:
 - (a) The Red Sea
 - (b) Lake Nasser
 - (c) The Nile River
 - (d) The Mediterranean sea
- (2) Oil and natural gas are used to make:
 - (a) food and clothes
 - (b) electricity
 - (c) fuel and electricity
 - (d) water and soil

(B) Answer the following questions:

- (3) Name two natural resources found in Egypt mentioned in the text.
.....
- (4) How does the fertile land in Egypt help its people?
.....
- (5) Why are natural resources important for a country's growth?
.....

جديد من شركة التأسيس السليم

العلوم
للمستوى 4, 5 و 6
الابتدائي



الدراسات الاجتماعية
للمستوى 4, 5 و 6
الابتدائي



3

Omar was a famous carpenter for building strong, beautiful houses. After many years, he wanted to rest, but the king told him to build one last house. Omar agreed, but he didn't choose good wood, didn't check the doors or windows, and finished it quickly without care. When the house was finished, the king smiled and gave the house to Omar as a gift. Omar was surprised. He had built it without care, and now he had to live in it.

(A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- (1) Omar was a famous carpenter for building houses.
(a) tall (b) strong (c) old (d) glass
- (2) The king gave the house as a
(a) prize (b) gift (c) room (d) job

(B) Answer the following questions:

- (3) Why did Omar build the house without care?

.....

- (4) What did the king give Omar?

.....

- (5) What was Omar?

.....

أقوى أدوات التأسيس بين يديك

الآن بالمكتبات

قواعد وأساليب
وتراكيب

قواعد الصفوف
الأول والثاني والثالث الابتدائي
الترمان



أساس
الرياضيات

قواعد الصفوف
الأول والثاني والثالث الابتدائي
الترمان



معلم القراءة
والكتابة

تعلم القراءة والكتابة
في ثلاث شهور فقط



4

Last week, I went to Khan Al Khalili Bazaar with my family. It was very busy and colorful. There were many shops selling gifts and clothes. I bought a necklace for my sister. We took photos. It was a very nice day.

(A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- (1) We went to Khan Al Khalili
(a) river (b) school (c) bazaar (d) museum
- (2) There were many shops selling
(a) boats (b) gifts (c) trees (d) tickets

(B) Answer the following questions:

- (3) What did you buy?
.....
- (4) How was the day last week?
.....
- (5) When did you go to Khan Al Khalili?
.....

5

The Administrative New Capital in Egypt is a modern city designed to reduce crowding in Cairo. It has wide streets, green spaces, and smart buildings. Government offices, business centers, and schools are located here. Iconic landmarks like the Iconic Tower attract visitors. The city uses advanced technology to provide clean energy and efficient services, making it a model for future development.

(A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- (1) The Administrative New Capital was built to:
(a) replace Alexandria (b) reduce crowding in Cairo
(c) increase tourism only (d) build more farms

- (2) The Iconic Tower is:
- (a) a school (b) a landmark (c) a park (d) a shopping mall

(B) Answer the following questions:

- (3) How do the streets look in the Administrative New Capital?
.....
- (4) What services does the city provide using advanced technology?
.....
- (5) Summarize the text in one sentence.
.....

6

The city is full of tall buildings, bright lights, and busy streets. Cars, buses, and trains carry people to work and school. There are parks where families relax and shopping malls with many stores. At night, the streets glow with colorful signs. People from different places live together, making the city lively and exciting.

(A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- (1) The city is full of:
- (a) small huts (b) tall buildings and lights
(c) fields (d) farms
- (2) People travel by in the city.
- (a) horses and carts (b) cars, buses, and trains
(c) only walking (d) boats

(B) Answer the following questions:

- (3) Describe the streets at night.

(4) Where do families relax in the city?

(5) Why is the city described as lively and exciting?

7

The village is surrounded by green hills and colorful flowers. A small river flows through the cottage and children play near its banks. Farmers work in the fields growing vegetables and fruit. The market is busy on Fridays with people selling many handmade goods. Neighbors share food and stories, making the village warm and friendly. The air is fresh and the nights are full of stars.

(A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

(1) The village surrounds with:

(a) tall buildings

(b) green hills and flowers

(c) deserts

(d) mountains of ice

(2) The market is busiest on:

(a) Mondays

(b) Fridays

(c) Sundays

(d) Saturdays

(B) Answer the following questions:

(3) What do farmers grow in the village?

(4) What activities do children do in the village?

(5) How is the night described in the village?

8

Nature can sometimes change in powerful ways, leading to extreme weather events. A sandstorm carries strong winds and dust that make it hard to see. During a heatwave, temperatures rise dangerously high for many days. A flood happens when too much water covers dry land, often causing damage. Meanwhile, drought is a long time without rain, which can harm crops and animals. Learning about these events helps us understand how to stay safe.

(A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- (1) What is it called when a lot of water covers dry land?
(a) flood (b) sandstorm (c) heatwave (d) drought
- (2) Which extreme weather event involves dangerously high temperatures for many days?
(a) flood (b) heatwave (c) sandstorm (d) drought

(B) Answer the following questions:

- (3) What makes it hard to see and breathe during a sandstorm?
.....
- (4) How can a drought affect plants and animals?
.....
- (5) Why is it important to learn about extreme weather events?
.....

أقوى أدوات التأسيس بين يديك

الآن بالمكتبات

قواعد وأساليب
وتراكيب

قواعد الصفوف
الأول والثاني والثالث الابتدائي
الترمضان



أساس
الرياضيات

قواعد الصفوف
الأول والثاني والثالث الابتدائي
الترمضان



معلم القراءة
والكتابة

تعلم القراءة والكتابة
في ثلاث شهور فقط



9

Sports are essential for a healthy lifestyle. They improve physical strength, support heart health, and boost mood. Sports like volleyball, running, or swimming help burn calories and increase flexibility. Sports also build confidence and cooperation. Being active through sports keeps both the body and mind strong and balanced.

(A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- (1) Sports have a mental benefit for
 - (a) boosting mood
 - (b) gaining weight
 - (c) watching TV
 - (d) sleeping more
- (2) Sports help improve
 - (a) laziness and fear
 - (b) anger and stress
 - (c) eating and dancing
 - (d) physical strength and confidence

(B) Answer the following questions:

- (3) What sport is not mentioned in the passage?
.....
- (4) How can playing sports help improve your health and fitness?
.....
- (5) What are some values or skills you can learn from playing team sports?
.....

جديد من شركة التأسيس السليم

العلوم
للصفوف 4، 5 و 6
الابتدائي



MATHEMATICS
GRADE 1st TO 3rd
PRIMARY SCHOOL



4 Read and write the correct form of the word (s) between brackets:

- (1) The weather is cold (**on**) winter.
- (2) The date tree is (**tall**) than an apple tree.
- (3) Reading is (**good**) than watching TV.
- (4) The (**wool**) is a soft, white plant that is used to make fabric.
- (5) The (**bakery**) has a large, swimming pool.
- (6) The (**sand**) in the garden is rich and good for vegetables.
- (7) (**Minerals**) powers our homes and machines.
- (8) Is this test (**more bad**) than the last one?
- (9) He runs (**more fast**) than his brother.
- (10) Gold is (**more cheap**) than diamonds.
- (11) My new phone is (**expensive**) than my old one.
- (12) She is (**more happy**) today than yesterday.
- (13) (**water**) and natural gas are fossil fuels for energy.
- (14) Farmers grow (**gold**) in the fertile land a long the Nile.
- (15) We need to protect our (**buildings**) for the future.
- (16) The (**river**) in Egypt is the most important water source.
- (17) We always have lunch (**on**) the afternoon.
- (18) The meeting will start (**on**) 9 o'clock.
- (19) Hana was born (**on**) march.
- (20) We will travel (**at**) the 15th of may.
- (21) My family moved to this city (**on**) 2010.
- (22) I (**always**) go to school on Fridays.
- (23) Lions often (**sleep**) for their food in the wild.



ادخل على الرابط
أو قم بمسح الكود
وذاكر معنا



- (24) What (**do**) the Ancient Egyptians do when the river floods?
- (25) We (**doesn't**) have modern machines in ancient Egypt.
- (26) During a (**heat wave**) the land becomes very dry.
- (27) The (**thunder storm**) brought strong hot windows.
- (28) What (**do**) the Ancient Egyptians build?
- (29) (**Birds**) are small insects with thin wings that buzz around.
- (30) The Ancient Egyptians built canals to control the Nile's (**drought**).
- (31) Yesterday, I (**do**) my homework late.
- (32) They (**don't**) want to live in the well before.
- (33) The Ancient Egyptians (**build**) the canals.
- (34) Farmers (**can't**) grow crops because there was no rain.
- (35) The Nile River (**flood**) every year in the past.
- (36) Yesterday, I (**go**) to work late.
- (37) (**Was**) you see in the sandstorm yesterday?
- (38) I (**were**) at home when the flood happened.
- (39) The sudden (**sun light**) mad a loud noise and flashed.
- (40) A (**pond**) spread quickly through the dry forest.
- (41) During the (**heatwave**) the air was filled with dust and strong winds.
- (42) I saw (**an**) bird in the tree.
- (43) Do you have (**some**) pictures for the party?
- (44) She wants to become (**an**) doctor.
- (45) Eman ate (**a**) orange last night.
- (46) He doesn't have (**some**) books in his bag.
- (47) My family (**never**) eats dinner together every night.

- (48) The Nile River (**never**) flows through Egypt.
- (49) Bees and butterflies are types of (**birds**).
- (50) We sat under the tree in the cool (**sun**) to escape the heat.

5 Put the words in the correct order to make a sentences:

- (1) animals - Desert - food - rarely - find - .
.....
- (2) always - Camels - store - bodies - their - water - in - .
.....
- (3) many - has - rides - The theme park - fun - .
.....
- (4) live - swamps - and - hunt - Alligators - fish - in - .
.....
- (5) sells - bread - The bakery - every morning - fresh - .
.....
- (6) provide - for - transportation - Fossil fuels - and factories - energy - .
.....
- (7) important - Minerals - for - building - are - strong - bones - .
.....
- (8) The turtles - in - hide - shells - their - .
.....

(9) learn - story - What - you - from - did - the - ?

.....

(10) water - can - shape - the - How - world - ?

.....

(11) resources - We - protect - natural - must - our - .

.....

(12) minerals - How - get - do - we - ?

.....

(13) for - ,plants - need - water - animals - and - People - life - .

.....

(14) stuck - ship - the - mud - thick - got - in - The - .

.....

(15) digger - little - a - path - clear - Did - the - ?

.....

(16) important - Egypt - resources - has - natural - many - .

.....

(17) Nile - vital - a - River - The - source - is - .

.....

(18) gas - Oil - natural - and - underground - found - are - mineral - .

.....

(19) fresh air - have - and - Most villages - green fields - .

.....

(20) busy - Cities - and - are - full of - often - people - .

(21) is - of Egypt - Cairo - The - capital - .

(22) buy - I - and - Cakes - bread - can - at the bakery - .

(23) tennis - He - at the club - plays - .

(24) restaurant - serves - The - fresh food - delicious - .

(25) through - pumps - blood - vessels - Heart - .

(26) fit - means - healthy - Being - and - strong - being - .

(27) animals - under - Some - hide - rocks - .

(28) quickly - forests - Wildfires - dry - spread - in - .

(29) characters - story - The - has - and - a - setting - .

(30) is - a - the - moral - What - story - in - ?

(31) weather - about - extreme - learn - must - We - .

(32) frogs - Two - a - Lived - small - in - pond - .

(33) new - a - home - look - decided - They - to - for -

(34) thunderstorm - can - Loud - be - very - A - .

(35) a - no - means - rain - Drought - long - is - time - there - for - .

(36) safe - is - to - outside - go - a - sandstorm - during - It - not - .

(37) healthy - stay - us - Sports - help - to - .

(38) muscles - Football - grow - your - helps - .

(39) does - help - How - swimming - the - body - ?

(40) sauce - the - Pour - red - all - it - over - .

(41) yummy - mix - of - make - foods - This - very - koshari - .

(42) has - many - Koshari - ingredients - Simple - .

.....

(43) eat - water - weeds - Small - fish - .

.....

(44) small - eat - and - fish - Birds - insects - .

.....

(45) protect - We - the - must - River - Nile - .

.....

6 Punctuate the following sentences:

(1) she bought apples oranges and bananas.

.....

(2) where are you going after school

.....

(3) My brother plays football every friday

.....

(4) Ahmed went to cairo last week

.....

(5) plants animals and people need water.

.....

(6) we must use our resources wisely

.....

(7) can we live without water

.....

(8) fertile land helps farmers grow cotton

(9) gold is shiny valuable, and soft

(10) egypt has many important natural resources

(11) The Nile river is a vital water source

(12) we are going to the park tomorrow

(13) the cake is so tasty

(14) I will visit my grandpa next sunday

(15) what a beautiful day

(16) farmers keep animals in the barn

(17) Can you help me ali?

(18) too much stress can hurt your heart

(19) what is the size of your heart

.....

(20) each animal has an important role in nature

.....

(21) two frogs lived in a small pond

.....

(22) is it safe to go outside during a sandstorm

.....

(23) ancient Egyptians faced floods, drought, and sandstorms

.....

(24) a thunderstorm can be very loud and scary

.....

(25) yes it is so funny.

.....

(26) What is adel's favorite snack

.....

(27) i don't have any food in the fridge

.....

(28) do you know what crocodiles eat

.....

(29) we need rice pasta ,Lentils, and chick peas.

.....

(30) are fares and Ali best friends?

.....

7 Write a paragraph of [40] words using the words below:

1

"Egyptian villages"

Guiding elements: ● Fresh air ● Fields ● Calm places

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

2

"How to keep the earth safe"

Guiding elements: ● Animals ● Plants ● Safe place

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

3

"A journey to a favorite place"

Guiding elements: ● New experience ● Friends ● Interesting

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

4

"Treasures of Egypt"

Guiding elements: ● Egypt has many treasures ● Name the famous treasures
● How can we keep them safe

5

"New Administrative Capital"

Guiding elements: ● Very smart ● Icon Tower ● Reduce crowding

6

"The great city that you like"

Guiding elements: ● Have fun ● Live in ● Visit grandparents

7

"Trees are important"

Guiding elements: • Give us oxygen • Make shade • Give food

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

8

"Sports you like"

Guiding elements: • Lose weight • Bones stronger • Healthy life

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

9

"Good habits"

Guiding elements: • "Good habits" • Now • Doing sports

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

10

"How to stay healthy"

Guiding elements: ● Fit ● Sports ● Eat

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

11

"Life in the Nile River"

Guiding elements: ● Home ● Crocodiles ● Birds

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

12

"Animals in the desert"

Guiding elements: ● Camels ● Snakes ● Insects

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

13

"My favorite Egyptian food"

Guiding elements: • koshari • Red sauce • Yummy

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

14

"The heart"

Guiding elements: • Muscle • Pump • Vessel

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

15

"Health care heroes"

Guiding elements: • Doctors • Paramedics • Pharmacists

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

16

"Extreme weather"

Guiding elements: • Heat • Wildfire • Animals

17

"The weather in Ancient Egypt"

Guiding elements: • Floods • Built • Sandstorm

18

"Places in our community"

Guiding elements: • Coffee shop • Eat • Play

19

"Natural resources"

Guiding elements: • The Nile • Oil • Important

جديد من شركة التأسيس السليم

ادخل على الرابط
أو قم بمسح الكود
وذاكر معنا



MATHEMATICS
GRADE 1st TO 3rd
PRIMARY SCHOOL



انضم لقناة الواتساب الرسمية واستمتع
بفيديوهات الشرح والمراجعة والتدريبات
وذاكر مع التأسيس السليم

Questions Bank



1 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- (1) Snakes often eat small animals, like or lizards.
(a) rats (b) hippos (c) camels (d) lions
- (2) Camels eat
(a) plants (b) insects (c) birds (d) lizards
- (3) Insects give lizards
(a) water (b) energy (c) food (d) lizards
- (4) Each animal in the desert has a/an role to play.
(a) simple (b) easy (c) important (d) hard
- (5) Small fish eat in the Nile River.
(a) birds (b) water weeds (c) crocodiles (d) big fish
- (6) is called the king of the Nile.
(a) Birds (b) Fish (c) Insects (d) Crocodile
- (7) The small fish in the Nile River are
(a) scary (b) colorful (c) very large (d) hunting crocodiles
- (8) Birds eat small fish, and even plants near the river.
(a) insects (b) crocodiles (c) animals (d) water weeds
- (9) Which of these animals are not living in or near the Nile River in Egypt now?
(a) birds (b) crocodiles (c) hippos (d) small fish
- (10) The queen wore a shiny gold at the ceremony.
(a) shade (b) crown (c) branch (d) sail

- (11) We sat under the tree to rest in the on hot days.
(a) sail (b) crown (c) shade (d) branch
- (12) A bird built a nest on a high of the tree.
(a) crown (b) shade (c) sail (d) branch
- (13) Tom made crowns from when he was young.
(a) tree trunk (b) tree branches (c) tree leaves (d) tree apples
- (14) People rested on hot days.
(a) in the sun (b) in the shade of the tree
(c) on the tree's branches (d) inside the tree's trunk
- (15) "Selfish" means
(a) caring for others only (b) being generous
(c) caring for oneself only (d) being kind
- (16) The "kings of the Nile" are
(a) birds (b) small fish (c) insects (d) crocodiles
- (17) Snakes often eat in the desert.
(a) plants (b) camels
(c) birds (d) small animals like rats or lizards
- (18) What is the of the story?
(a) day (b) play (c) tree (d) moral
- (19) Is there orange juice left in the fridge?
(a) a (b) an (c) any (d) some
- (20) She bought bottle of water.
(a) a (b) an (c) some (d) any
- (21) Omar will buy apples for the picnic.
(a) a (b) some (c) any (d) an

- (22) To be fit means to be healthy and
 (a) tired (b) active (c) smart (d) nervous
- (23) are the parts of your body that help you move.
 (a) Heart (b) Ears (c) Skin (d) Muscles
- (24) Lungs are the organs in your chest that help you
 (a) think (b) move (c) breathe (d) eat
- (25) Mental health is how?
 (a) you feel and think (b) well your body moves
 (c) strong your muscles are (d) how clear your vision is
- (26) "Stressed" is when you feel unhappy or
 (a) happy (b) pleased (c) relaxed (d) tired
- (27) helps make our body stronger.
 (a) Reading (b) Swimming (c) Traveling (d) Cooking
- (28) The help us breathe oxygen.
 (a) arms (b) legs (c) lungs (d) eyes
- (29) Taking time to relax and sleep well is good for your
 (a) bicycle (b) mental health (c) lunch box (d) washing machine
- (30) The pumps to send blood around the body.
 (a) lungs (b) muscles (c) heart (d) stomach
- (31) Deep breathing and playing outside can reduce
 (a) fun (b) price (c) stress (d) water
- (32) Do you have questions?
 (a) any (b) an (c) some (d) a
- (33) Blood carries products like carbon dioxide.
 (a) plastic (b) wooden (c) glasses (d) waste

- (34) Take care of your heart by eating food.
 (a) salty (b) fatty (c) good (d) hot
- (35) To stay healthy, you should wash your before and after eating.
 (a) eyes (b) legs (c) hands (d) ears
- (36) Brush your teeth daily with to stay healthy.
 (a) water (b) soap (c) salt (d) toothbrush
- (37) helps you lose weight and makes your bones stronger.
 (a) Drink water (b) Brush teeth
 (c) Exercise regularly (d) Sleep early

2 Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

1 (insects – hunt – Longest – home – rivers)

There are many (1) **rivers** around the world. The Nile is one of the (2) **Longest** rivers in the world. It's (3) **home** to many different animals. Crocodiles are strong and dangerous. They (4) **hunt** large animals in or near the water.

2 (care – selfish – weak – strong – bananas)

Jack had a healthy apple tree. The tree gave Jack apples. Jack traveled for a long time. When he came back the tree was (1) **weak** and he knew he was (2) **selfish**. He decided to take (3) **care** of the tree. The tree grew (4) **strong** again.



3

(deep – care – well – home – happy)

Once, there were two frogs who couldn't live in a pond any longer. So they decided to look for a new (1) **home**. After a long time they saw a (2) **deep** well. One of the frogs said this (3) **well** "Looks like a great place for us to live." And they were very (4) **happy**.

4

(enjoyed – was – had – were – club)

Last month, I had a lot of things to do. On Saturday I (1) **had** dinner at a nice restaurant. The food (2) **was** delicious. Two days later I went to a nice party and (3) **enjoyed** the songs. At last I exercised in my favorite (4) **club**.

5

(square – cottages – animals – vegetables – simple)

Life in a village is peaceful and (1) **simple**. People live in cozy (2) **cottages** surrounded by green fields and trees. There is a market in the main (3) **square** where people buy and sell fresh fruit and (4) **vegetables**. It's a quiet place. I love our village.

6

(jewelry – water – Copper – mineral resources – materials)

Minerals are precious (1) **materials** that we find underground. Gold, diamond, copper, and iron are all (2) **mineral resources**. Each one is special. Gold is soft and shiny, perfect for (3) **jewelry**. (4) **Copper** is great for wires. Metals and minerals are great for our life.





7

(alligators – attack – shells – survive – birds)

Basem watched the animals closely and saw how they (1) **survive**. The (2) **alligators** waited patiently for their food. The turtles hid in their (3) **shells** when danger was near, and the (4) **birds** built their nests.

8

(restaurants – cinema – community – square – market)

The city is a large (1) **community** with many places to visit. People shop at the local (2) **market**. The main (3) **square** is always busy. You can eat at a (4) **restaurants** or simply have fun with friends.

9

(reducing crowding – capital – town – Iconic Tower – future)

The New Administrative (1) **capital** is a very smart city designed for the (2) **future**. It helps in (3) **reducing crowding** in Cairo. Many government offices will move there. The famous (4) **Iconic Tower** will be built using strong steel.

10

(supermarket – Coffee shop – club – bakery – meal)

Yesterday I went to the (1) **bakery** to buy bread. Then I visited a (2) **Coffee shop** for a cup of tea. In the evening my friends and I met at a sports (3) **club**. We had a lot of fun all day. In the evening we had a nice (4) **meal** in the restaurant.



11 (Pharmacists – Paramedics – vets – nurses – workers)

Our community has many health care (1) **workers** who are true heroes. Doctors and (2) **nurses** work hard at hospitals. (3) **Pharmacists** ensure we get the right medicine. (4) **Paramedics** provide quick help in emergencies. They all encourage health habits in our lives.

12 (wind – flood – scary – wildfire – rain)

Last week, a terrible thunderstorm hit our town, with loud lightning and heavy (1) **rain**. The streets quickly filled with water, causing a (2) **flood**. We also heard about a spreading (3) **wildfire** in a forest far away, which was very (4) **scary**. It's important to know about the extreme weather to stay safely in doors.

13 (floodwater – irrigation – drought – sandstorm – changes)

Ancient Egyptians were clever at dealing with nature's (1) **changes**. They built canals to manage the Nile's (2) **floodwater**. When a drought made the river's water low, they used (3) **irrigation**. They also knew how to protect themselves from the strong wind and sand of a (4) **sandstorm**. by building homes with thick mud bricks.

14 (carbon – fist – vessel – organ – pump)

The heart is a strong (1) **organ** in the human body. It is about the size of a (2) **fist**. The heart works like a (3) **pump** to send blood around the body. Blood moves through tubes called blood (4) **vessel**.

15 (water weeds – hunt – insects – camels – care)

The Nile River is full of life! You can see large crocodiles that (1) **hunt** fish and other animals. Tiny (2) **insects** fly near the water, and small fish eat green (3) **water weeds**. It is an important place where every creature plays a part. We must (4) **care** of the Nile.

3 Read the text and answer the questions:

1 Natural resources are materials we get from nature, such as water, sunlight, soil, and minerals. They are essential for life, helping plants grow, animals survive, and humans meet their needs. If we use them wisely, they will last for future generations. But wasting or damaging them can harm the balance of nature.

(A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- (1) The is a natural resource.
(a) plastic (b) water (c) car (d) chair
- (2) We protect natural resources
(a) to make life harder (b) to keep life healthy on Earth
(c) to save money only (d) to remove nature

(B) Answer the following questions:

- (3) Name three examples of natural resources.
Water, sunlight, and minerals.
- (4) How can humans protect natural resources?
By using them wisely.
- (5) What might happen if we waste natural resources?

Harm the balance of nature



2

Egypt has oil and natural gas, which are used to make fuel and electricity. Our fertile land along the Nile helps us grow crops like cotton and wheat. Additionally, Egypt's deserts contain valuable minerals such as gold and iron. These treasures are vital for our country's growth.

(A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- (1) The most important water resource in Egypt is:
 - (a) The Red Sea
 - (b) Lake Nasser
 - (c) The Nile River
 - (d) The Mediterranean sea
- (2) Oil and natural gas are used to make:
 - (a) food and clothes
 - (b) electricity
 - (c) fuel and electricity
 - (d) water and soil

(B) Answer the following questions:

- (3) Name two natural resources found in Egypt mentioned in the text.
Oil and gaz
- (4) How does the fertile land in Egypt help its people?
Grow crops like cotton and wheat for them.
- (5) Why are natural resources important for a country's growth?
because they give valuable treasures.

جديد من شركة التأسيس السليم

العلوم
للمصفوف 4, 5 و 6
الابتدائي



الدراسات الاجتماعية
للمصفوف 4, 5 و 6
الابتدائي



3

Omar was a famous carpenter for building strong, beautiful houses. After many years, he wanted to rest, but the king told him to build one last house. Omar agreed, but he didn't choose good wood, didn't check the doors or windows, and finished it quickly without care. When the house was finished, the king smiled and gave the house to Omar as a gift. Omar was surprised. He had built it without care, and now he had to live in it.

(A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- (1) Omar was a famous carpenter for building houses.
(a) tall (b) strong (c) old (d) glass
- (2) The king gave the house as a
(a) prize (b) gift (c) room (d) job

(B) Answer the following questions:

- (3) Why did Omar build the house without care?

Because he wanted to rest.

- (4) What did the king give Omar?

The house as a gift.

- (5) What was Omar?

A carpenter.



ادخل على الرابط
أو قم بمسح الكود
وذاكر معنا



انضم لقناة واتساب الرسمية واستمتع
بفيديوهات الشرح والمراجعة والتدريبات
وذاكر مع التأسيس السليم

أقوى أدوات التأسيس بين يديك

الآن بالمكتبات

قواعد وأساليب
وتراكيب

قواعد الصفوف
الأول والثاني والثالث الابتدائي
الترمان



أساس
الرياضيات

قواعد الصفوف
الأول والثاني والثالث الابتدائي
الترمان



معلم القراءة
والكتابة

تعلم القراءة والكتابة
في ثلاث شهور فقط



4

Last week, I went to Khan Al Khalili Bazaar with my family. It was very busy and colorful. There were many shops selling gifts and clothes. I bought a necklace for my sister. We took photos. It was a very nice day.

(A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- (1) We went to Khan Al Khalili
 (a) river (b) school (c) bazaar (d) museum
- (2) There were many shops selling
 (a) boats (b) gifts (c) trees (d) tickets

(B) Answer the following questions:

- (3) What did you buy?
A necklace.
- (4) How was the day last week?
A very nice day.
- (5) When did you go to Khan Al Khalili?
Last week.



5

The Administrative New Capital in Egypt is a modern city designed to reduce crowding in Cairo. It has wide streets, green spaces, and smart buildings. Government offices, business centers, and schools are located here. Iconic landmarks like the Iconic Tower attract visitors. The city uses advanced technology to provide clean energy and efficient services, making it a model for future development.

(A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- (1) The Administrative New Capital was built to:
 (a) replace Alexandria (b) reduce crowding in Cairo
 (c) increase tourism only (d) build more farms

- (2) The Iconic Tower is:
- (a) a school (b) a landmark (c) a park (d) a shopping mall

(B) Answer the following questions:

- (3) How do the streets look in the Administrative New Capital?
Wide.
- (4) What services does the city provide using advanced technology?
Smart buildings.
- (5) Summarize the text in one sentence.

The Administrative New Capital.

6

The city is full of tall buildings, bright lights, and busy streets. Cars, buses, and trains carry people to work and school. There are parks where families relax and shopping malls with many stores. At night, the streets glow with colorful signs. People from different places live together, making the city lively and exciting.

(A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- (1) The city is full of:
- (a) small huts (b) tall buildings and lights
(c) fields (d) farms
- (2) People travel by in the city.
- (a) horses and carts (b) cars, buses, and trains
(c) only walking (d) boats

(B) Answer the following questions:

- (3) Describe the streets at night.
Glow with colorful signs.



- (4) Where do families relax in the city?

In the parks.

- (5) Why is the city described as lively and exciting?

Because people live from the different places together.

7

The village is surrounded by green hills and colorful flowers. A small river flows through the cottage and children play near its banks. Farmers work in the fields growing vegetables and fruit. The market is busy on Fridays with people selling many handmade goods. Neighbors share food and stories, making the village warm and friendly. The air is fresh and the nights are full of stars.

(A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- (1) The village surrounds with:

(a) tall buildings

(b) green hills and flowers

(c) deserts

(d) mountains of ice

- (2) The market is busiest on:

(a) Mondays

(b) Fridays

(c) Sundays

(d) Saturdays

(B) Answer the following questions:

- (3) What do farmers grow in the village?

Vegetables and fruits.

- (4) What activities do children do in the village?

They play near the small river.

- (5) How is the night described in the village?

Full of stars.

8

Nature can sometimes change in powerful ways, leading to extreme weather events. A sandstorm carries strong winds and dust that make it hard to see. During a heatwave, temperatures rise dangerously high for many days. A flood happens when too much water covers dry land, often causing damage. Meanwhile, drought is a long time without rain, which can harm crops and animals. Learning about these events helps us understand how to stay safe.

(A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- (1) What is it called when a lot of water covers dry land?
(a) flood (b) sandstorm (c) heatwave (d) drought
- (2) Which extreme weather event involves dangerously high temperatures for many days?
(a) flood (b) heatwave (c) sandstorm (d) drought

(B) Answer the following questions:

- (3) What makes it hard to see and breathe during a sandstorm?

It carries strong winds and dust.

- (4) How can a drought affect plants and animals?

It's long time without rain, it harms crops and animals.

- (5) Why is it important to learn about extreme weather events?

To stay safe.

أقوى أدوات التأسيس بين يديك

الآن بالمكتبات

قواعد وأساليب
وتراكيب

قواعد الصفوف
الأول والثاني والثالث الابتدائي
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أساس
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قواعد الصفوف
الأول والثاني والثالث الابتدائي
الترمان



معلم القراءة
والكتابة

تعلم القراءة والكتابة
في ثلاث شهور فقط



9

Sports are essential for a healthy lifestyle. They improve physical strength, support heart health, and boost mood. Sports like volleyball, running, or swimming help burn calories and increase flexibility. Sports also build confidence and cooperation. Being active through sports keeps both the body and mind strong and balanced.

(A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- (1) Sports have a mental benefit for
 - (a) boosting mood
 - (b) gaining weight
 - (c) watching TV
 - (d) sleeping more
- (2) Sports help improve
 - (a) laziness and fear
 - (b) anger and stress
 - (c) eating and dancing
 - (d) physical strength and confidence

(B) Answer the following questions:

- (3) What sport is not mentioned in the passage?

Football.

- (4) How can playing sports help improve your health and fitness?

It helps burn calories and increase flexibility.

- (5) What are some values or skills you can learn from playing team sports?

Build confidence and cooperation.

جديد من شركة التأسيس السليم

العلوم
للصفوف 4، 5 و 6
الابتدائي



MATHEMATICS
GRADE 1st to 3rd
PRIMARY SCHOOL



4 Read and write the correct form of the word (s) between brackets:

- (1) The weather is cold **in** (**on**) winter
- (2) The date tree is **taller** (**tall**) than an apple tree.
- (3) Reading is **better** (**good**) than watching TV.
- (4) The **cotton** (**wool**) is a soft, white plant that is used to make fabric.
- (5) The **club** (**bakery**) has a large, swimming pool.
- (6) The **soil** (**sand**) in the garden is rich and good for vegetables.
- (7) **Gaz** (**Minerals**) powers our homes and machines.
- (8) Is this test **worse**.(**more bad**) than the last one?
- (9) He runs **faster** (**more fast**) than his brother.
- (10) Gold is **cheaper** (**more cheap**) than diamonds.
- (11) My new phone is **more expensive** (**expensive**) than my old one.
- (12) She is **happier** (**more happy**) today than yesterday.
- (13) **Oil** (**water**) and natural gas are fossil fuels for energy.
- (14) Farmers grow **cotton** (**gold**) in the fertile land a long the Nile.
- (15) We need to protect our **Earth** (**buildings**) for the future.
- (16) The **Nile** (**river**) in Egypt is the most important water source.
- (17) We always have lunch **in** (**on**) the afternoon.
- (18) The meeting will start **at** (**on**) 9 o'clock.
- (19) Hana was born **in** (**on**) march.
- (20) We will travel **on** (**at**) the 15th of may.
- (21) My family moved to this city **in** (**on**) 2010.
- (22) I **never** (**always**) go to school on Fridays.
- (23) Lions often **hunt** (**sleep**) for their food in the wild.



ادخل على الرابط
أو قم بمسح الكود
وذاكر معنا



- (24) What **did** (**do**) the Ancient Egyptians do when the river floods?
- (25) We **didn't** (**doesn't**) have modern machines in ancient Egypt.
- (26) During a **drought** (**heat wave**) the land becomes very dry.
- (27) The **heatwave** (**thunder storm**) brought strong hot winds.
- (28) What **did** (**do**) the Ancient Egyptians build?
- (29) **Flies** (**Birds**) are small insects with thin wings that buzz around.
- (30) The Ancient Egyptians built canals to control the Nile's **Flood** (**drought**).
- (31) Yesterday, I **did** (**do**) my homework late.
- (32) They **didn't** (**don't**) want to live in the well before.
- (33) The Ancient Egyptians **built** (**build**) the canals.
- (34) Farmers **couldn't** (**can't**) grow crops because there was no rain.
- (35) The Nile River **flooded** (**flood**) every year in the past.
- (36) Yesterday, I **went** (**go**) to work late.
- (37) **Did** (**Was**) you see in the sandstorm yesterday?
- (38) I **was** (**were**) at home when the flood happened.
- (39) The sudden **thunderstorm** (**sun light**) mad a loud noise and flashed.
- (40) A **wildfire** (**pond**) spread quickly through the dry forest.
- (41) During the **sandstorm** (**heatwave**) the air was filled with dust and strong winds.
- (42) I saw **a** (**an**) bird in the tree.
- (43) Do you have **any** (**some**) pictures for the party?
- (44) She wants to become **a** (**an**) doctor.
- (45) Eman ate **an** (**a**) orange last night.
- (46) He doesn't have **any** (**some**) books in his bag.
- (47) My family **always** (**never**) eats dinner together every night.

- (48) The Nile River **always** (**never**) flows through Egypt.
- (49) Bees and butterflies are types of **insects** (**birds**).
- (50) We sat under the tree in the cool **shade** (**sun**) to escape the heat.

5 Put the words in the correct order to make a sentences:

- (1) animals - Desert - food - rarely - find - .

Desert animals rarely find food.

- (2) always - Camels - store - bodies - their - water - in - .

Camels always store water in their bodies.

- (3) many - has - rides - The theme park - fun - .

The theme park has many fun rides.

- (4) live - swamps - and - hunt - Alligators - fish - in - .

Alligators live and hunt fish in swamps.

- (5) sells - bread - The bakery - every morning - fresh - .

The bakery sells fresh bread every morning

- (6) provide - for - transportation - Fossil fuels - and factories - energy - .

Fossil fuels provide energy for transportation and factories.

- (7) important - Minerals - for - building - are - strong - bones - .

Minerals are important for building strong bones.

- (8) The turtles - in - hide - shells - their - .

The turtles hide in their shells.



(9) learn - story - What - you - from - did - the - ?

What did you learn from the story?

(10) water - can - shape - the - How - world - ?

How can water shape the world?

(11) resources - We - protect - natural - must - our - .

We must protect our natural resources.

(12) minerals - How - get - do - we - ?

How do we get minerals?

(13) for - ,plants - need - water - animals - and - People - life - .

People, plants, and animals need water for life.

(14) stuck - ship - the - mud - thick - got - in - The - .

The ship got stuck in the thick mud.

(15) digger - little - a - path - clear - Did - the - ?

Did the little digger clear a path?

(16) important - Egypt - resources - has - natural - many - .

Egypt has many important natural resources.

(17) Nile - vital - a - River - The - source - is - .

The Nile River is a vital source.

(18) gas - Oil - natural - and - underground - found - are - minerals - .

Oil and gas are natural minerals found underground.

(19) fresh air - have - and - Most villages - green fields - .

Most villages have green fields and fresh air.

(20) busy - Cities - and - are - full of - often - people - .

Cities are often busy and full of people.

(21) is - of Egypt - Cairo - The - capital - .

Cairo is the capital of Egypt.

(22) buy - I - and - Cakes - bread - can - at the bakery - .

I can buy bread and cakes at the bakery.

(23) tennis - He - at the club - plays - .

He plays tennis at the club.

(24) restaurant - serves - The - fresh food - delicious - .

The restaurant serves delicious fresh food.

(25) through - pumps - blood - vessels - Heart - .

The heart pumps blood through vessels.

(26) fit - means - healthy - Being - and - strong - being - .

Being fit means being healthy and strong.

(27) animals - under - Some - hide - rocks - .

Some animals hide under rocks.

(28) quickly - forests - Wildfires - dry - spread - in - .

Wildfires spread quickly in dry forests.

(29) characters - story - The - has - and - a - setting - .

The story has characters and a setting.

(30) is - a - the - moral - What - story - in - ?

What is the moral in a story?

(31) weather - about - extreme - learn - must - We - .

We must learn about extreme weather.

(32) frogs - Two - a - Lived - small - in - pond - .

Two frogs lived in a small pond.

(33) new - a - home - look - decided - They - to - for - .

They decided to look for a new home.

(34) thunderstorm - can - Loud - be - very - A - .

A thunderstorm can be very loud.

(35) a - no - means - rain - Drought - long - is - time - there - for - .

Drought means there is no rain for a long time.

(36) safe - is - to - outside - go - a - sandstorm - during - It - not - .

It is not safe to go outside during a sandstorm.

(37) healthy - stay - us - Sports - help - to - .

Sports help us to stay healthy

(38) muscles - Football - grow - your - helps - .

Football helps your muscles grow.

(39) does - help - How - swimming - the - body - ?

How does swimming help the body?

(40) sauce - the - Pour - red - all - it - over - .

Pour the red sauce all over it.

(41) yummy - mix - of - make - foods - This - very - koshari - .

This mix of foods makes koshari very yummy.

(42) has - many - Koshari - ingredients - Simple - .

Koshari has many simple ingredients.

(43) eat - water - weeds - Small - fish - .

Small fish eat water weeds.

(44) small - eat - and - fish - Birds - insects - .

Birds eat small insects and fish.

(45) protect - We - the - must - River - Nile - .

We must protect the River Nile.

ذاكي
معاني

6 Punctuate the following sentences:

(1) she bought apples oranges and bananas.

S - ,

(2) where are you going after school

W - ?

(3) My brother plays football every friday

F - .

(4) Ahmed went to cairo last week

C - .

(5) plants animals and people need water.

P - ,

(6) we must use our resources wisely

W - .

(7) can we live without water

C - ?

(8) fertile land helps farmers grow cotton

F - .

(9) gold is shiny valuable, and soft

G - .

(10) egypt has many important natural resources

E - .

(11) The Nile river is a vital water source

R - .

(12) we are going to the park tomorrow

W - .

(13) the cake is so tasty

T - .

(14) I will visit my grandpa next sunday

S - .

- | | |
|--|-------|
| (15) what a beautiful day _ | W - ! |
| (16) farmers keep animals in the barn _ | F - . |
| (17) Can you help me _ ali? | , - A |
| (18) too much stress can hurt your heart _ | T - . |
| (19) what is the size of your heart _ | W - ? |
| (20) each animal has an important role in nature _ | E - . |
| (21) two frogs lived in a small pond _ | T - . |
| (22) is it safe to go outside during a sandstorm _ | I - ? |
| (23) ancient Egyptians faced floods, drought, and sandstorms _ | A - . |
| (24) a thunderstorm can be very loud and scary _ | A - . |
| (25) yes _ it is so funny. | Y - , |
| (26) What is adel's favorite snack _ | A - ? |
| (27) i don't have any food in the fridge _ | I - . |
| (28) do you know what crocodiles eat _ | D - ? |
| (29) we need rice _ pasta, Lentils, and chick peas. | W - , |
| (30) are fares and Ali best friends? | A - F |

جديد من شركة التأسيس السليم

العلوم
للصفوف 4 و 5 و 6
الابتدائي



MATHEMATICS
GRADE 1st TO 3rd
PRIMARY SCHOOL



7 Write a paragraph of [40] words using the words below:

1

"Egyptian villages"

Guiding elements: • Fresh air • Fields • Calm places

Write a paragraph of not less than FORTY words using THREE guiding elements.

2

"How to keep the earth safe"

Guiding elements: • Animals • Plants • Safe place

Write a paragraph of not less than FORTY words using THREE guiding elements.

3

"A journey to a favorite place"

Guiding elements: • New experience • Friends • Interesting

Write a paragraph of not less than FORTY words using THREE guiding elements.

4

"Treasures of Egypt"

Guiding elements: • Egypt has many treasures • Name the famous treasures
• How can we keep them safe

Write a paragraph of not less than FORTY words using THREE guiding elements.

5

"New Administrative Capital"

Guiding elements: • Very smart • Icon Tower • Reduce crowding

Write a paragraph of not less than FORTY words using THREE guiding elements.

6

"The great city that you like"

Guiding elements: • Have fun • Live in • Visit grandparents

Write a paragraph of not less than FORTY words using THREE guiding elements.

7

"Trees are important"

Guiding elements: • Give us oxygen • Make shade • Give food

Write a paragraph of not less than FORTY words using THREE guiding elements.

8

"Sports you like"

Guiding elements: • Lose weight • Bones stronger • Healthy life

Write a paragraph of not less than FORTY words using THREE guiding elements.

9

"Good habits"

Guiding elements: • "Good habits" • Now • Doing sports

Write a paragraph of not less than FORTY words using THREE guiding elements.

10

"How to stay healthy"

Guiding elements: • Fit • Sports • Eat

Write a paragraph of not less than FORTY words using THREE guiding elements.

11

"Life in the Nile River"

Guiding elements: • Home • Crocodiles • Birds

Write a paragraph of not less than FORTY words using THREE guiding elements.

12

"Animals in the desert"

Guiding elements: • Camels • Snakes • Insects

Write a paragraph of not less than FORTY words using THREE guiding elements.

13

"My favorite Egyptian food"

Guiding elements: • koshari • Red sauce • Yummy

Write a paragraph of not less than FORTY words using THREE guiding elements.

14

"The heart"

Guiding elements: • Muscle • Pump • Vessel

Write a paragraph of not less than FORTY words using THREE guiding elements.

15

"Health care heroes"

Guiding elements: • Doctors • Paramedics • Pharmacists

Write a paragraph of not less than FORTY words using THREE guiding elements.

16

"Extreme weather"

Guiding elements: • Heat • Wildfire • Animals

Write a paragraph of not less than FORTY words using THREE guiding elements.

17

"The weather in Ancient Egypt"

Guiding elements: • Floods • Built • Sandstorm

Write a paragraph of not less than FORTY words using THREE guiding elements.

18

"Places in our community"

Guiding elements: • Coffee shop • Eat • Play

Write a paragraph of not less than FORTY words using THREE guiding elements.

19

"Natural resources"

Guiding elements: • The Nile • Oil • Important

Write a paragraph of not less than FORTY words using THREE guiding elements.

حمل الآن

مجاناً وحصرياً

المراجعة رقم (5)

الترم الاول



• **Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:**

1. The Nile River is a vital source.
a) water b) soil c) air d) electricity
2. The thick part of a tree is called the
a) branch b) trunk c) leaf d) root
3. Our land helps grow cotton.
a) dry b) rocky c) fertile d) sandy
4. The heart works like a to send blood around the body.
a) pipe b) pump c) tube d) engine
5. You can buy fresh bread and cakes from the.....
a) restaurant b) coffee shop c) theme park d) bakery
6. The New Administrative is a very smart city.
a) street b) Capital c) park d) river
7. The little watched the big ship get stuck in mud.
a) truck b) digger c) car d) boat
8. Doctors and work hard to treat illnesses.
a) engineers b) nurses c) pilots d) teachers
9. The kids had fun on the water rides at the
a) restaurant b) coffee shop c) theme park d) bakery
10. Ancient Egyptians built to manage the Nile's floodwater.
a) pyramids b) canals c) temples d) walls
11. The heart is a strong in the human body.
a) tool b) organ c) bone d) muscle
12. Our community has many who are true heroes.
a) teachers b) healthcare workers c) drivers d) farmers
13. The big ship was trying to load its
a) passengers b) water c) cargo d) animals
14. The small digger cleared a around the ship.
a) road b) path c) river d) bridge
15. The heart also helps remove waste like dioxide.
a) oxygen b) water c) carbon d) nitrogen
16. Our family had dinner together at a nice Italian.....
a) restaurant b) supermarket c) coffee shop d) bakery
17. The famous will be built using strong steel.
a) Eiffel Tower b) Clock Tower c) Icon Tower d) Leaning Tower
18. The heart is about the size of a
a) foot b) fist c) hand d) palm
19. provide quick help in emergencies.
a) teachers b) firefighters c) paramedics d) farmers

20. Various like gold are essential for our country's development.
a) plants b) minerals c) birds d) soil
21. The streets filled with quickly.
a) lava b) sand c) floodwater d) mud
22. Copper helps carry
a) water b) soil c) electricity d) sand
23. The big ship got stuck.....
a) in the sand b) in the thick, heavy mud c) on a rock d) in a shallow river
24. The Nile River is of life!
a) fail b) full c) fall d) feel
25. Gold is used for beautiful jewelry, while diamond is even more
a) soft b) valuable c) common d) heavy
26. We must use minerals..... and avoid waste.
a) carelessly b) slowly c) quickly d) wisely
27. A spread in a forest far away.
a) flood b) drought c) wildfire d) tornado
28. The wildfire was very
a) safe b) quiet c) scary d) small
29. Deep under the earth, we discover resources.
a) water b) mineral c) plants d) soil
30. Minerals are and take millions of years to form.
a) renewable b) soft c) non-renewable d) common
31. Tiny insects fly near the
a) desert b) water c) house d) ground
32. You can go to the to buy groceries.
a) supermarket b) theme park c) club d) bakery
33. Small fish eat green
a) leaves b) water weeds c) sand d) stones
34. Eating ... and vegetables give you important vitamins.
a) cakes b) biscuits c) rice d) fruits
35. Children should ... to stay healthy and active.
a) eat late b) sleep early c) wake up late d) drink soda
36. To stay healthy, you should wash your ... before and after eating.
a) eyes b) legs c) hands d) ears
37. ... helps you lose weight and makes your bones stronger.
a) drink water b) brush teeth c) sleep early d) exercise regularly
38. Brush your teeth daily with ... to stay healthy.
a) water b) soap c) toothbrush d) salt
39. The ... help us breathe in oxygen.
a) arms b) legs c) lungs d) eyes

40. Tom made crowns from..... when he was young.
a) tree branches b) tree leaves c) tree apples d) tree trunk
41. The heart is a strong ... that keeps us alive.
a) tool b) muscle c) machine d) tongue
42. Sleeping well and relaxing is good for your
a) mental health b) shoe size c) homework d) lunch box
43. "Selfish" means.....
a) caring for others only b) being generous c) caring for oneself only d) being kind
44. The ... beats to send blood around the body.
a) lungs b) muscles c) heart d) stomach
45. Tom rested on hot days in the.....
a) sun b) shade of the tree c) tree's branches d) tree's trunk
46. Take care of your heart by eating ... food.
a) salty b) fatty c) good d) hot
47. Blood carries ... products like carbon dioxide.
a) plastic b) wooden c) glasses d) waste
48. We use our to lift heavy things.
a) bones b) muscles c) skin d) hair
49. Deep breathing and playing outside can reduce ...
a) fun b) price c) stress d) water
50. The consonant cluster in "branches" is
a) -es b) br- c) -an d) -ch
51. Which word has the consonant cluster 'cr-'?
a) black b) plant c) crops d) drink
52. helps make our bodies strong.
a) swimming b) traveling c) reading d) cooking
53. Taking time to relax and sleep well is good for your ...
a) lunch box b) bicycle c) washing machine d) mental health
54. A person only thinks about himself.
a) kind b) selfish c) helpful d) friendly
55. Birds eat small fish,.....and even plants near the river.
a) insects b) crocodiles c) water weeds d) animals
56. The "kings of the Nile" are.....
a) small fish b) birds c) insects d) crocodiles
57. Snakes in the desert often eat.....
a) plants b) camels c) small animals like rats or lizards d) birds
58. Small fish eat in the Nile River.
a) birds b) water weeds c) crocodiles d) big fish
59. The small fish in the Nile River are.....
a) scary b) colorful c) very large d) hunting crocodiles
60. Insects provide..... for lizards in the desert.
a) water b) shade c) energy d) home
61. The "Giving Tree" story teaches us that
a) we should ignore people who help us b) we should care for others
c) trees are only for playing d) it's okay to be selfish sometimes

62. Which of these animals is NOT living in or near the Nile River in Lesson 1?
a) crocodiles b) birds c) hippos d) small fish
63. If something happens 90% of the time, which adverb of frequency would you use?
a) sometimes b) rarely c) always d) usually
64. What spreads quickly in a dry forest with strong winds?
a) flood b) drought c) wildfire d) sandstorm
65. ... is a severe wind that carries sand and dust through the air.
a) thunderstorm b) flood c) sandstorm d) heatwave
66. ... is a large amount of water covering dry land.
a) drought b) flood c) wildfire d) sandstorm
67. A long time without rain is called ...
a) thunderstorm b) flood c) wildfire d) drought
68. A ... burns through forests and homes.
a) flood b) drought c) wildfire d) sandstorm
69. In a thunderstorm, children might be afraid of ...
a) the wind b) the lightning c) the heat d) the sand
70. The Ancient Egyptians built to control the Nile's water.
a) pyramids b) temples c) canals and basins d) large boats
71. The two frogs after leaving their pond.
a) flew away b) walked slowly c) leaped through fields and grass d) dug a new hole
72. Sandstorms called in Ancient Egypt.
a) sirocco b) monsoon c) khamsin d) tornado
73. The Nile's water during droughts in Ancient Egypt became
a) high b) low c) muddy d) salty
74. One of the frogs suggested as a new home.
a) a big river b) a deep well c) a small puddle d) another pond
75. Oil and natural gas are used to make.....
a) food b) clothes c) fuel and electricity d) water
76. Cotton is a natural resource used to make.....
a) jewelry b) fabric c) fuel d) buildings
77. The helps push blood throughout the body.
a) pipe b) heart c) tube d) engine
78. Farmers grow crops on soil.
a) dry b) rocky c) fertile d) sandy
79. You can buy fresh pastries at a
a) restaurant b) coffee shop c) theme park d) bakery
80. The New Administrative is designed with modern buildings.
a) street b) Capital c) park d) river
81. A small moved around the ship stuck in mud.
a) truck b) digger c) car d) boat

82. Doctors and play an important role in hospitals.
a) engineers b) nurses c) pilots d) teachers
83. Ancient Egyptians built to control the Nile's water.
a) pyramids b) canals c) temples d) walls
84. The heart is about the size of a
a) foot b) fist c) hand d) palm
85. Firefighters and respond quickly in emergencies.
a) teachers b) paramedics c) farmers d) drivers
86. Minerals like gold are for the country's economy.
a) plants b) essential c) birds d) soil
87. The thick part of a tree is called the
a) branch b) trunk c) leaf d) root
88. The big ship tried to load its before leaving.
a) passengers b) water c) cargo d) animals
89. To stay healthy, children should every day.
a) sleep late b) eat junk food c) exercise d) watch TV
90. Blood carries and nutrients to every cell.
a) stress b) nerves c) oxygen d) water
91. A spreads through forests during dry seasons.
a) flood b) drought c) wildfire d) sandstorm
92. The streets filled quickly with after the heavy rain.
a) lava b) sand c) water d) rocks
93. Eating fruits and vegetables gives you important
a) cakes b) biscuits c) rice d) vitamins
94. Children should wash their before and after meals.
a) eyes b) legs c) hands d) ears
95. The "Giving Tree" story teaches us to care for
a) ourselves only b) trees only c) others d) money
96. Small fish in the Nile River eat green
a) leaves b) water weeds c) sand d) stones
97. The tallest building in Africa, the in the New Administrative Capital.
a) Icon Tower b) Eiffel Tower c) Clock Tower d) Leaning Tower
98. What is iron mainly used to make because of its super strength?
a) necklaces b) electrical wires c) cars and bridges d) coins
99. Mazen's uncle's house was by the flood.
a) built b) damaged c) cleaned d) sold
100. During a heatwave the temperature is for days.
a) low b) high c) slow d) fast

- **Read and complete the sentences with the words from the box:**

1) (non-renewable – valuable – electricity – wisely – mineral resources)

Deep under the earth, we discover valuable (–1–) Gold is used for beautiful jewelry, while diamond is even more (–2–) Copper helps carry (–3–), and iron is super strong for buildings. Since these minerals are (–4–) and take millions of years to form, we must use them (–5–) and avoid waste.

2) (crocodiles – Nile – insects – hunt – water weeds)

The (–1–) River is full of life! You can see large (–2–) that (–3–) fish and other animals. Tiny (–4–) fly near the water, and small fish eat green (–5–).

3) (cottages – square – meeting – animals)

In the village (–1–) people gather for a weekly (–2–) Farmers bring fresh produce, and children enjoy watching the (–3–) nearby. Small (–4–) surround the area.

4) (Digger – load – give up – cargo – path)

The little (–1–) watched the big ship get stuck in the thick mud while trying to (–2–) its (–3–) Other machines tried to help but had to (–4–). The small digger didn't (–5–) and worked hard, clearing a (–6–) around the ship.

5) (animals – meeting – field – cottages – square)

In the village (–1–), people gathered for a friendly (–2–) Children played while the (–3–) wandered nearby. We walked past charming (–4–) and saw a wide green (–5–).

6) (water – fertile – natural gas – minerals – natural resources)

Egypt has many important (–1–). The Nile River is a vital (–2–) source, and our (–3–) land helps grow cotton. We also find oil and (–4–) underground. These gifts from nature, including various (–5–) like gold, are essential for our country's development.

7) (Gold – non-renewable – iron – under the earth – wisely)

Deep (–1–), we discover valuable mineral resources. (–2–) is used for beautiful jewelry, while diamond is even more valuable. Copper helps carry electricity, and (–3–) is super strong for buildings. Since these minerals are (–4–), we must use them (–5–).

8) (give up – path – ship – digger – cargo)

The little (–1–) watched the big (–2–) get stuck in the mud while trying to load its (–3–). Other machines tried to help but had to (–4–). The small digger didn't give up and cleared a (–5–) around the ship.

9) (fist – pump – vessels – carbon – organ)

The heart is a strong (–1–) in the human body. It is about the size of a (–2–). The heart works like a (–3–) to send blood around the body. Blood moves through blood (–4–). It also helps remove (–5–) dioxide from the body.

10) (floodwater – sandstorm – canals – bricks – irrigation)

Ancient Egyptians were clever at dealing with nature's changes. They built (–1–) to manage the Nile's (–2–). When water was low, they used (–3–). They protected themselves from a (–4–) by building homes with mud (–5–).

11) (habits – healthcare workers – paramedics – nurses - pharmacists)

Our community has many (–1–). Doctors and (–2–) treat illnesses. (–3–) give the right medicine, and (–4–) help in emergencies. They teach good health (–5–).

12) (restaurant – club – bakery – coffee shop – supermarket)

Yesterday, I went to the (–1–) to buy bread, then to a (–2–) for tea. In the evening I met friends at a sports (–3–), and later we had dinner at a (–4–) near the (–5–).

13) (steel – government – Capital – reducing crowding – Icon Tower)

The New Administrative (–1–) is a smart city. It helps in (–2–) in Cairo. Many (–3–) offices will move there. The famous (–4–) will be built using (–5–).

14) (flood – thunderstorm – wildfire – scary – safely)

Last week, a terrible (–1–) hit our town. Heavy rain caused a (–2–). A (–3–) spread in a forest and was very (–4–). It's important to stay (–5–) indoors.

15) (recipe – ingredients – selfish – flyer – delicious)

My mom taught me a new (–1–). It's a (–2–) meal with many (–3–). We made a colorful (–4–) to promote our restaurant. It's important not to be (–5–) with food.

• **Correct the underlined words to make correct sentences:**

1. The sudden sunlight made a loud noise and flashed brightly.
2. The sand in the garden is rich and good for growing vegetables.
3. Minerals power our homes and many machines.
4. Trees can be used to generate clean energy.
5. After days of heavy rain, the river caused a big drought in the town.
6. 1- My grandmother gave me her secret story for chocolate cake.
7. 2- The new pizza place handed out a book with their menu.
8. 3- The Nile River is home to many rabbits
9. 4- Animals often play for food to survive in nature.
- 10.5- You can find many tiny elephants buzzing around flowers.

11. The **wool** is a soft, white plant that is used to make fabric.
12. The **bakery** has a large swimming pool.
13. Blood carries waste products like **oxygen**.
14. The **river** is Egypt's most important water source.
15. **Water** and natural gas are fossil fuels used for energy.
16. Farmers grow **gold** in the fertile land along the Nile.
17. The sun provides **wind** which is essential for plants.
18. We need to protect our **buildings** for the future.
19. Nutrients are substances that give us **electricity**.
20. A **pond** spread quickly through the dry forest, burning many trees.
21. During the **heatwave** the air was filled with dust and strong winds.
22. We need to stay **dangerously** indoors when there's a big storm.

• **Reorder the words to make correct sentences:**

1. healthy / **Sports** / stay / help / us
2. bright / sun / shines / **The** / every / day
3. help / **Doctors** / sick / patients / the / treat
4. eat / vegetables / to / **We** / stay / healthy
5. climb / mountains / **People** / enjoy / during / vacations
6. **Nile** / flows / Egypt / in / the / longest / river / world
7. people / **healthcare workers** / help / treat / illnesses / every / day
8. **Heart** / pumps / blood / through / vessels / all / body
9. **Bakery** / sells / fresh / bread / and / cakes
10. **Minerals** / like / gold / are / important / for / development
11. **Exercise** / helps / you / stay / fit / and / strong
12. **Firefighters** / provide / quick / help / in / emergencies
13. **The** / famous / Eiffel Tower / will / be / built / with / steel
14. **Diggers** / cleared / the / mud / around / the / ship
15. **Oil** / and / natural / gas / are / valuable / resources
16. **Theme park** / has / exciting / rides / for / kids
17. were / **Pyramids** / built / to / manage / Nile / floodwater
18. the / heart / is / about / the / size / of a / **fist**
19. **Vegetables** / and / fruits / give / us / energy / daily
20. arrive / quickly / to / **Paramedics** / help / sick / people
21. the / **New Administrative Capital** / is / a / very / smart / city
22. **Water** / is / essential / for / all / living / things
23. helps / carry / electricity / in / **Copper** / wires
24. **Some** / animals / hide / under / rocks / for / safety
25. **Koshari** / is / a / tasty / Egyptian / meal
26. eat / green / water / **Small fish** / weeds / in / Nile

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27. **Birds** / eat / insects / and / fish / near / the / river
28. can / be / **Sandstorm** / dangerous / in / desert / areas
29. **Thunderstorm** / can / be / very / loud / and / scary
30. **The** / streets / flooded / after / heavy / rain
31. **Drought** / means / a / long / time / without / rain
32. strengthens / muscles / **Exercise** / and / keeps / body / fit
33. **Tom** / was / very / selfish / in / the / story
34. teach / children / many / useful / **Schools** / things
35. **Rain** / falls / heavily / in / winter
36. **Trees** / give / shade / and / oxygen / to / us
37. swim / in / pool / **He** / likes / the
38. clean / water / rivers / **We** / must / keep
39. play / music / **Students** / in / the / band
40. **Birds** / fly / high / in / the / sky
41. exercise / **Daily** / helps / your / body / stay / fit
42. **Fruits** / are / full / vitamins / and / minerals
43. **The** / desert / is / hot / and / dry
44. paint / wall / **She** / the / colorful / a
45. **Wind** / blows / strongly / during / storms
46. write / letters / **I** / to / my / friend
47. simple / **Koshari** / ingredients / has / many
48. add / **Then** / some / chickpeas
49. **Pour** / all / it / over / sauce / red
50. mix / of / foods / makes / **This** / very / yummy / Koshari
51. **Flowers** / bloom / beautifully / in / spring
52. ride / bikes / park / **Children** / in / the / like to
53. **Moon** / looks / bright / at / night
54. build / houses / **Engineers** / new / modern
55. **Chocolate** / tastes / sweet / and / yummy
56. save / electricity / **We** / should / always
57. **Lions** / live / in / the / wild / savanna
58. sing / loudly / **She** / every / morning
59. **Clouds** / cover / sky / sometimes / the
60. cook / dinner / **Mom** / every / evening
61. **Stars** / shine / bright / at / night
62. clean / beach / **Volunteers** / the / help
63. **Water** / is / clear / and / cool / in / the / river
64. ride / horses / **Tourists** / often / do / on / farms
65. **Snow** / falls / quietly / in / mountains
66. climb / trees / **Monkeys** / love / to

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67. **Rainbows** / appear / after / rain / beautiful
68. draw / pictures / **Children** / like / to
69. **Bees** / make / honey / from / flowers
70. write / stories / **Students** / in / class
71. **Butterflies** / fly / around / colorful / flowers
72. play / football / **Boys** / on / the / field
73. **Rivers** / flow / fast / after / heavy / rain
74. grow / muscles / **Football** / your / helps
75. more / **Eating** / give / us / energy / fruits
76. many / important / **Egypt** / has / natural / resources
77. a / vital / water / **The** / Nile / River / is / source
78. found / **Oil** / underground / gas / natural / and / are / minerals
79. lose / **Exercise** / weight / you / helps
80. fresh food / **The** / delicious / restaurant / serves
81. natural / **We** / must / protect / our / resources
82. minerals / get / **How** / we / do?
83. little / story / digger / the / about / **What** / is?
84. world / can / water / **How** / shape / the?
85. story / from / learn / **What** / did / you / the / ?
86. at / club / tennis / **He** / plays / the
88. rides / exciting / park / **The** / theme / has
89. bakery / bread / **I** / can / buy / and cakes / at the
90. help / **How** / does / swimming / the body?
91. blood / vessels / through / pumps / **Heart** / blood
92. strong / fit / **Being** / means / healthy / and / to be
93. under / rocks / **Some** / animals / hide
94. **Tom** / was / very / selfish
95. quickly / forests / in / dry / **Wildfires** / spread
96. rivers / **The** / Nile / longest / the / one / world's / is
97. water weeds / **Small** / eat / fish
98. small / eat / and / fish / **Birds** / insects
99. hot tea / **I** / drink / at / the coffee shop
100. essential / life / **Water** / for / is
101. no / **It** / has / shape
102. clean / grow / can / **Water** / cool / and / things
103. plants / animals / water / **People** / and / need
104. greater / part / always / **It** / is / something / of
105. **We** / protect / must / the / Nile / River
106. loud / **A** / thunderstorm / very / be / can
107. heavy / streets / flooded / the / after / **The** / rain

108. quickly / forests / in / dry / **Wildfires** / spread
109. long / no / for / means / **Drought** / rain / is / time / there
110. safe / to / outside / go / a / **Is** / sandstorm / during / it?
111. tasty / meal / a / **Koshari** / is / Egyptian
112. **First** / cook / rice / you
113. **prepare** / pot / small / in / another / pasta
114. water / in / **Then** / boil / lentils
115. red / **You** / make / sauce / also / need / to
116. crispy / need / make / **You** / onions / to
117. flyer / a / is / **What?**
118. top / and / **Add** / the / on / pasta / lentils
119. thin / **First**, / cut / onions / slices / into
120. oil / fry / **Next**, / onions / in

• **Read the text and answer the questions:**

• **Passage 1**

Natural resources are materials we get from nature, such as water, sunlight, soil, and minerals. They are essential for life, helping plants grow, animals survive, and humans meet their needs. If we use them wisely, they will last for future generations. But wasting or damaging them can harm the balance of nature.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1- The is a natural resource

a) plastic b) water c) car d) chair

2- We protect natural resources

a) to make life harder b) to save money only
c) to keep life healthy on Earth d) to remove nature

Answer the following questions:

3- Name three examples of natural resources.

4- How can humans protect natural resources?

5- What might happen if we waste natural resources?

Passage 2

Playing sports is super important for our health! When you exercise, it makes your heart strong and helps your muscles grow. Activities like swimming are great because they make your lungs strong, too. Being fit means you're healthy and strong. Exercise also boosts your mental

health, helping you sleep better and reducing stress. So, staying active keeps both your body and mind happy!

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1- Swimming makes your strong.

a) muscles b) bones c) lungs d) heart

2- Being “fit” means

a) feeling tired b) being stressed c) being healthy and strong d) forgetting things

Answer the following questions:

3- How does playing football help your body?

4- What are two benefits of exercising regularly for your mind?

5- Why is it important to keep your heart strong?

Passage 3

Sports play an important role in maintaining good health. Regular physical activity strengthens muscles, improves heart function, and boosts mental health. Playing sports also helps manage weight, reduce stress, and build social skills.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1- Playing sports helps in ...

a) eating more food b) watching TV c) improving health d) sleeping all day

2- The ... is NOT a type of sport.

a) football b) swimming c) cooking d) running

Answer the following questions:

3- How do sports help people?

4- What is the benefit of regular physical activity?

5- Do you think playing any sports is important? Why?

Passage 4

Egypt is rich in natural resources that help us live. The Nile River is our most important water resource, providing water for drinking and farming. We also have oil and natural gas, which are used to make fuel and electricity. Our fertile land along the Nile helps us grow crops like cotton and wheat. Additionally, Egypt's deserts contain valuable minerals such as gold and iron. These treasures are vital for our country's growth.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1- is the most important water resource in Egypt.

a) The Red Sea b) Lake Nasser c) The Nile River d) The Mediterranean Sea

2- Oil and natural gas are used to make

a) food and clothes b) jewelry and buildings c) fuel and electricity d) water and soil

Answer the following questions:

3- Name two natural resources found in Egypt mentioned in the text.

4- How does the fertile land in Egypt help its people?

5- Why are natural resources important for a country's growth?

Passage 5

Playing sports is a fun way to stay healthy. It helps keep the heart strong, muscles active, and the body fit. Sports also teach teamwork and discipline. Activities like basketball, tennis, or cycling can improve energy levels and reduce anxiety.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1- Playing sports is benefit for ...

a) gaining weight quickly b) feeling tired all day c) reducing anxiety d) watching TV

2- Which sport is mentioned in the passage?

a) Golf b) Tennis c) Swimming d) Volleyball

Answer the following questions:

3- What do sports teach?

4- Why is it important to stay active every day?

5- What are the sports that improve energy levels?

Passage 6

The Administrative New Capital in Egypt is a modern city designed to reduce crowding in Cairo. It has wide streets, green spaces, and smart buildings. Government offices, business centers, and schools are located there. Iconic landmarks like the Iconic Tower attract visitors. The city uses advanced technology to provide clean energy and efficient services, making it a model for future development.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1- The Administrative New Capital was built to

a) replace Alexandria b) reduce crowding in Cair c) increase tourism only d) build more farms

2- The Iconic Tower is

a) a school b) a landmark c) a park d) a shopping mall

Answer the following questions:

3- How do the streets look like in the Administrative New Capital?

4- What services does the city provide using advanced technology?

5- Why do you think green spaces are important in the Administrative New Capital?

Passage 7

Nature can sometimes change in powerful ways, leading to extreme weather. A sandstorm carries strong winds and dust, making it hard to see. During a heatwave, temperatures become dangerously high for many days. A flood happens when too much water covers dry land, often causing damage. When there's no rain for a long time, it's called a drought, which can harm crops and animals. Learning about these events helps us understand how to stay safe.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1- What is it called when a lot of water covers dry land?

a) Sandstorm b) Heatwave c) Flood d) Drought

2- Which extreme weather event involves dangerously high temperatures for many days?

a) Flood b) Sandstorm c) Heatwave d) Drought

Answer the following questions:

3- What makes it hard to see and breathe during a sandstorm?

4- How can a drought affect plants and animals?

5- Why is it important to learn about extreme weather events?

Passage 8

The village is surrounded by green hills and colorful flowers. A small river flows through the center, and children play near its banks. Farmers work in the fields, growing vegetables and fruit. The market is busy on Fridays, with people selling handmade goods. Neighbors share food and stories, making life warm and friendly. The air is fresh, and the nights are full of stars.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1- The village is surrounded with

a) tall buildings b) green hills and flowers c) deserts d) mountains of ice

2- The market is busy on

a) Mondays b) Fridays c) Saturdays d) Sundays

Answer the following questions:

3- What do farmers grow in the village?

4- What activities do children do in the village?

5- How is the night described in the village?

Passage 9

The city is full of tall buildings, bright lights, and busy streets. Cars, buses, and trains carry people to work and school. There are parks where families relax and large shopping malls with many stores. At night, the streets glow with colorful signs. People from different places live together, making the city lively and exciting.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1- The city is full of

a) small huts b) tall buildings c) fields d) farms

2- People travel by in the city.

a) horses and carts b) cars, buses, and trains c) only walking d) boat

Answer the following questions:

3- Describe the street at night.

4- Where do families relax in the city?

5- Why is the city described as lively and exciting?

Passage 10

Even though the desert is hot and dry, many animals do well there. Snakes often eat small animals like rats or lizards to survive. Camels are well-adapted to the desert and eat plants to stay strong. Lizards get their energy by eating insects. Some desert animals, like owls, come out at night when it's cooler, while others hide under rocks during the day to stay cool. Each animal in the desert has an important role, helping nature stay in balance.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1- Lizards eat to get energy in the desert.

a) plants b) rats c) insects d) camels

2- Owls usually come out in the desert.

a) during the day b) at night c) when it's hot d) when it rains

Answer the following questions:

- 1- How do some animals stay cool in the desert during the day?**
- 2- What do camels eat to stay strong in the desert?**
- 3- Why is each animal's role important in the desert?**

Passage 11

The rainforest is one of the most important ecosystems on Earth. It is home to thousands of animals, plants, and insects. Rainforests help clean the air, store water, and regulate the climate. Many medicines are discovered from plants that grow in these forests. Unfortunately, deforestation is causing serious damage, and animals are losing their homes. People around the world must work together to protect rainforests for future generations.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1. Rainforests are important because they

a) store water and clean the air b) are very dry c) have no plants d) are deserts

2. Many medicines come from

a) animals in the desert b) plants in the rainforest c) minerals underground d) saltwater

Answer the following questions:

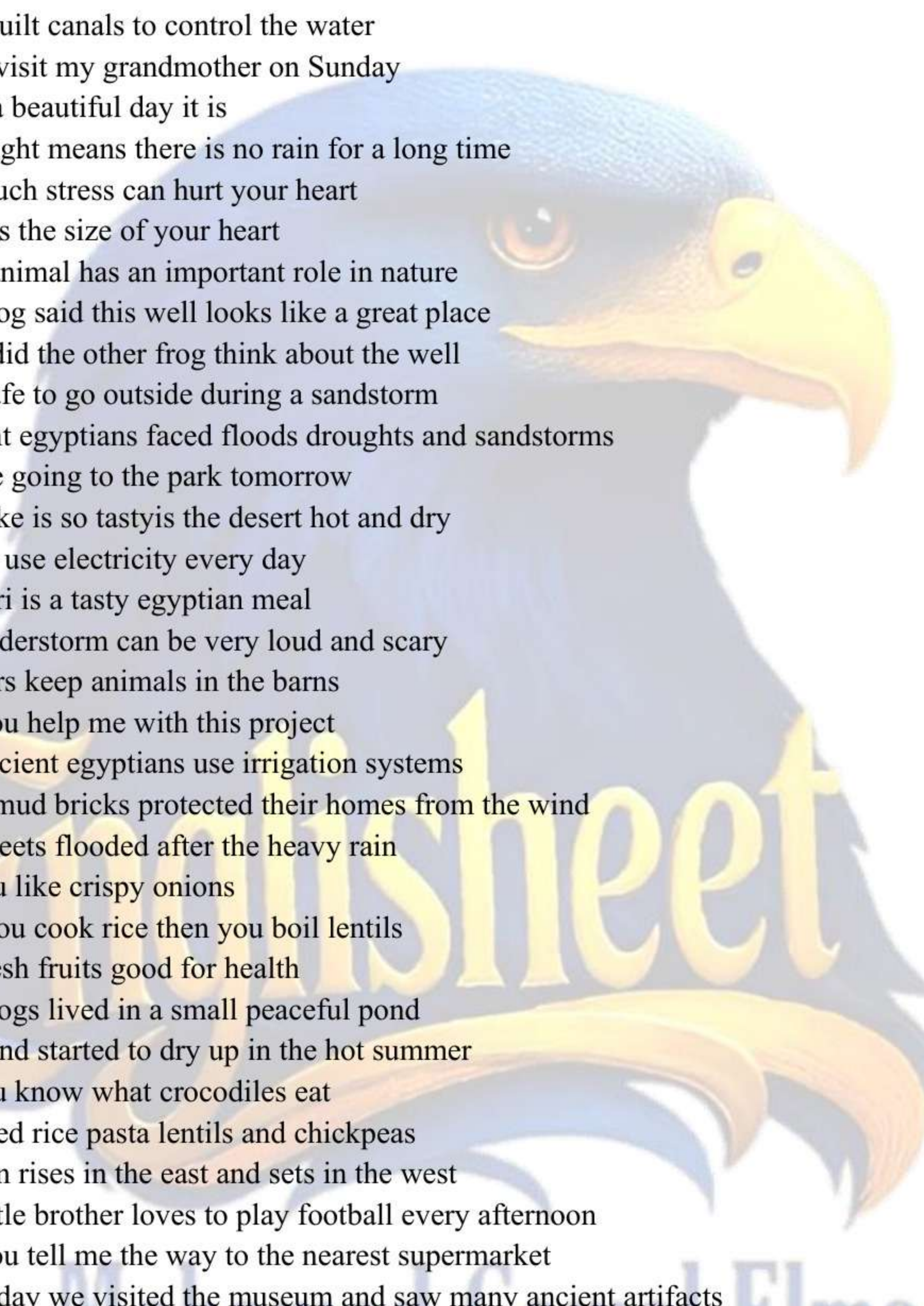
3. Name two benefits of rainforests for the environment.

4. Why are animals losing their homes in the rainforest?

5. What can people do to protect rainforests for the future?

• Punctuate the following:

- 1. wildfires spread quickly in dry forests**
- 2. size doesnt matter what matters is helping others**
- 3. water is essential for life it has no shape**
- 4. plants animals and people need water can**
- 5. water clean cool and grow things**
- 6. we must use our resources wisely**
- 7. the swamp was dark and cold**
- 8. alligators were swimming near the boat**
- 9. the nile river flooded every year it brought rich soil**
- 10.egypt has many important natural resources**
- 11.the nile river is a vital water source isnt it**
- 12.oil natural gas and minerals are found underground**
- 13.fertile land helps farmers grow cotton**
- 14.gold is shiny valuable and soft**

- 
15. they built canals to control the water
 16. i will visit my grandmother on Sunday
 17. what a beautiful day it is
 18. a drought means there is no rain for a long time
 19. too much stress can hurt your heart
 20. what is the size of your heart
 21. each animal has an important role in nature
 22. one frog said this well looks like a great place
 23. what did the other frog think about the well
 24. is it safe to go outside during a sandstorm
 25. ancient egyptians faced floods droughts and sandstorms
 26. we are going to the park tomorrow
 27. the cake is so tasty is the desert hot and dry
 28. do we use electricity every day
 29. koshari is a tasty egyptian meal
 30. a thunderstorm can be very loud and scary
 31. farmers keep animals in the barns
 32. can you help me with this project
 33. did ancient egyptians use irrigation systems
 34. thick mud bricks protected their homes from the wind
 35. the streets flooded after the heavy rain
 36. do you like crispy onions
 37. first you cook rice then you boil lentils
 38. are fresh fruits good for health
 39. two frogs lived in a small peaceful pond
 40. the pond started to dry up in the hot summer
 41. do you know what crocodiles eat
 42. we need rice pasta lentils and chickpeas
 43. the sun rises in the east and sets in the west
 44. my little brother loves to play football every afternoon
 45. can you tell me the way to the nearest supermarket
 46. yesterday we visited the museum and saw many ancient artifacts
 47. please remember to wash your hands before dinner
 48. the cat jumped over the fence and ran into the garden
 49. do you want to join us for a picnic this weekend
 50. mom baked a chocolate cake for my birthday party
 51. the teacher asked us to read the first chapter of the book
 52. i saw a rainbow after the heavy rain stopped
 53. my friends and i went to the park to fly kites
 54. do you know how many planets are in our solar system

- 
55. the dog barked loudly when the stranger approached the house
56. we went to the zoo and saw lions tigers and elephants
57. please bring your homework to class tomorrow
58. the airplane took off and soon we were above the clouds
59. have you ever seen a shooting star in the night sky
60. i like to drink orange juice in the morning
61. the children were playing happily in the playground
62. she found a lost puppy and decided to take care of it
63. we will go swimming after lunch if the weather is nice
64. can you help me carry these heavy books to the car
65. the flowers in the garden are blooming beautifully
66. i lost my keys but luckily found them under the sofa
67. our family went to the beach during the summer holidays
68. he opened the door and saw a surprise birthday party
69. do you remember to lock the windows before leaving
70. the river flows gently through the green valley
71. my sister is learning to play the piano very well
72. we watched the sunset from the top of the hill
73. the children are excited because tomorrow is a school trip
74. have you finished reading the story about the brave knight
75. the bakery sells fresh bread cakes and cookies every morning
76. my favorite color is blue what is yours
77. the little bird built a nest in the big oak tree
78. i like to eat apples bananas and grapes as a snack
79. did you hear the loud thunder during the storm last night
80. we are planning a surprise party for our friend's graduation

• **Write a paragraph of about 50 words on**

1. Trees in our life
2. Treasures of Egypt
3. Good Habits (past – now)
4. New Administrative Capital (very smart – Icon Tower – reduce crowding)
5. Egyptian Villages (fresh air – fields – calm place)
7. A place you want to visit (beach – games – friends)
8. Healthcare Heroes (doctors – paramedics – diagnose)
9. Sports help us stay fit and happy (lose weight – bones stronger)
10. How to stay safe during disasters
11. The role of sports help stay healthy (mental health – sleep better)
12. How sports help the heart (muscles – increase energy)

• **Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:**

1. water
2. trunk
3. fertile
4. pump
5. bakery
6. Capital
7. digger
8. nurses
9. theme park
10. canals
11. organ
12. healthcare workers
13. cargo
14. path
15. carbon
16. restaurant
17. Icon Tower
18. fist
19. paramedics
20. minerals
21. floodwater
22. electricity
23. in the thick, heavy mud
24. full
25. valuable
26. wisely
27. wildfire
28. scary
29. mineral
30. non-renewable
31. water
32. supermarket
33. water weeds
34. fruits
35. sleep early
36. hands
37. exercise regularly
38. toothbrush
39. lungs
40. tree branches
41. muscle
42. mental health
43. caring for oneself only
44. heart

- 
- 45.shade of the tree
 - 46.good
 - 47.waste
 - 48.muscles
 - 49.stress
 - 50.br-
 - 51.crops
 - 52.swimming
 - 53.mental health
 - 54.selfish
 - 55.insects
 - 56.crocodiles
 - 57.small animals like rats or lizards
 - 58.water weeds
 - 59.colorful
 - 60.energy
 - 61.we should care for others
 - 62.hippos
 - 63.usually
 - 64.wildfire
 - 65.sandstorm
 - 66.flood
 - 67.drought
 - 68.wildfire
 - 69.the lightning
 - 70.canals and basins
 - 71.leaped through fields and grass
 - 72.khamsin
 - 73.low
 - 74.a deep well
 - 75.fuel and electricity
 - 76.fabric
 - 77.heart
 - 78.fertile
 - 79.bakery
 - 80.Capital
 - 81.digger
 - 82.nurses
 - 83.canals
 - 84.fist
 - 85.paramedics
 - 86.essential
 - 87.trunk
 - 88.cargo
 - 89.exercise

- 90.oxygen
- 91.wildfire
- 92.water
- 93.vitamins
- 94.hands
- 95.others
- 96.water weeds
- 97.Icon Tower
- 98.cars and bridges
- 99.damaged
- 100. high

● **Read and complete (fill in the blanks)**

Minerals passage:

- 1. mineral resources
- 2. valuable
- 3. electricity
- 4. non-renewable
- 5. wisely

Nile passage:

- 1. Nile
- 2. crocodiles
- 3. hunt
- 4. insects
- 5. water weeds

Village passage:

- 1. square
- 2. meeting
- 3. animals
- 4. cottages

Ship passage:

- 1. Digger
- 2. load
- 3. cargo
- 4. give up
- 5. path

Village (second):

- 1. square
- 2. meeting
- 3. animals
- 4. cottages
- 5. field

Egypt resources:

- 1. natural resources
- 2. water
- 3. fertile

4. natural gas
5. minerals

Gold passage:

1. under the earth
2. Gold
3. iron
4. non-renewable
5. wisely

Ship (second):

1. digger
2. ship
3. cargo
4. give up
5. path

Heart passage:

1. organ
2. fist
3. pump
4. vessels
5. carbon

Ancient Egypt passage:

1. canals
2. floodwater
3. irrigation
4. sandstorm
5. bricks

Healthcare passage:

1. healthcare workers
2. nurses
3. pharmacists
4. paramedics
5. habits

Shops passage:

1. bakery
2. coffee shop
3. club
4. restaurant
5. supermarket

Capital passage:

1. Capital
2. reducing crowding
3. government
4. Icon Tower
5. steel

Storm passage:

1. flood
2. thunderstorm
3. wildfire
4. scary
5. safely

Food passage:

1. recipe
2. delicious
3. ingredients
4. flyer
5. selfish

Correct the underlined words

1. sunlight → thunder
2. sand → soil
3. Minerals → Electricity
4. Trees → Wind
5. drought → flood
6. story → recipe
7. book → flyer
8. rabbits → crocodiles
9. play → hunt
10. elephants → insects
11. wool → cotton
12. bakery → club
13. oxygen → carbon dioxide
14. river → Nile
15. water → oil
16. gold → crops
17. wind → sunlight
18. buildings → environment
19. electricity → energy
20. pond → wildfire
21. heatwave → sandstorm
22. dangerously → safely

● **Reorder the words**

1. Sports help us stay healthy.
2. The Sun shines bright every day.
3. Doctors help treat sick patients.
4. We eat vegetables to stay healthy.
5. People enjoy climbing mountains during vacations.
6. The Nile is the longest river in Egypt.
7. Healthcare workers help treat illnesses every day.
8. The heart pumps blood through vessels all over the body.
9. The bakery sells fresh bread and cakes.

10. Minerals like gold are important for development. ... (and so on for all reorder items, already structured in the file).
11. Exercise helps you stay fit and strong.
12. Firefighters provide quick help in emergencies.
13. The famous Eiffel Tower will be built with steel.
14. Diggers cleared the mud around the ship.
15. Oil and natural gas are valuable resources.
16. Theme park has exciting rides for kids.
17. Pyramids were built to manage Nile floodwater.
18. The heart is about the size of a fist.
19. Vegetables and fruits give us energy daily.
20. Paramedics arrive quickly to help sick people.
21. The New Administrative Capital is a very smart city.
22. Water is essential for all living things.
23. Copper helps carry electricity in wires.
24. Some animals hide under rocks for safety.
25. Koshari is a tasty Egyptian meal.
26. Small fish eat green water weeds in Nile.
27. Birds eat insects and fish near the river.
28. Sandstorm can be dangerous in desert areas.
29. Thunderstorm can be very loud and scary.
30. The streets flooded after heavy rain.
31. Drought means a long time without rain.
32. Exercise strengthens muscles and keeps body fit.
33. Tom was very selfish in the story.
34. Schools teach children many useful things.
35. Rain falls heavily in winter.
36. Trees give shade and oxygen to us.
37. He likes to swim in the pool.
38. We must keep rivers clean water.
39. Students play music in the band.
40. Birds fly high in the sky.
41. Daily exercise helps your body stay fit.
42. Fruits are full of vitamins and minerals.
43. The desert is hot and dry.
44. She paint a colorful wall.
45. Wind blows strongly during storms.
46. I write letters to my friend.
47. Koshari has many simple ingredients.
48. Then add some chickpeas.
49. Pour all red sauce over it.
50. This mix of foods makes very yummy Koshari.
51. Flowers bloom beautifully in spring.
52. Children like to ride bikes in the park.
53. Moon looks bright at night.

- 
54. Engineers build new modern houses.
 55. Chocolate tastes sweet and yummy.
 56. We should always save electricity.
 57. Lions live in the wild savanna.
 58. She sings loudly every morning.
 59. Clouds sometimes cover the sky.
 60. Mom cooks dinner every evening.
 61. Stars shine bright at night.
 62. Volunteers help clean the beach.
 63. Water is clear and cool in the river.
 64. Tourists often ride horses on farms.
 65. Snow falls quietly in mountains.
 66. Monkeys love to climb trees.
 67. Rainbows appear beautiful after rain.
 68. Children like to draw pictures.
 69. Bees make honey from flowers.
 70. Students write stories in class.
 71. Butterflies fly around colorful flowers.
 72. Boys play football on the field.
 73. Rivers flow fast after heavy rain.
 74. Football helps grow your muscles.
 75. Eating more fruits give us energy.
 76. Egypt has many important natural resources.
 77. The Nile River is a vital water source.
 78. Oil and natural gas are minerals found underground.
 79. Exercise helps you lose weight.
 80. The restaurant serves delicious fresh food.
 81. We must protect our natural resources.
 82. How do we get minerals?
 83. What is the story about the little digger?
 84. How can water shape the world?
 85. What did you learn from the story?
 86. He plays tennis at the club.
 87. The theme park has exciting rides.
 88. I can buy bread and cakes at the bakery.
 89. How does swimming help the body?
 90. Heart pumps blood through blood vessels.
 91. Being fit means to be strong and healthy.
 92. Some animals hide under rocks.
 93. Tom was very selfish.
 94. Wildfires spread quickly in dry forests.
 95. The Nile is one of the world's longest rivers.
 96. Small fish eat water weeds.
 97. Birds eat small fish and insects.
 98. I drink hot tea at the coffee shop.

99. Water is essential for life.
100. It has no shape.
101. Water can grow clean and cool things.
102. People, animals, and plants need water.
103. It is always part of something greater.
104. We must protect the Nile River.
105. A thunderstorm can be very loud.
106. The streets flooded after heavy rain.
107. Wildfires spread quickly in dry forests.
108. Drought means there is no rain for a long time.
109. Is it safe to go outside during a sandstorm?
110. Koshari is a tasty Egyptian meal.
111. First you cook rice.
112. Prepare pasta in another small pot.
113. Then boil lentils in water.
114. You also need to make red sauce.
115. You need to make crispy onions.
116. What is a flyer?
117. Add lentils on top of the pasta.
118. First, cut onions into thin slices.
119. Next, fry onions in oil.

Passage 1 – Natural Resources

1. water
2. to keep life healthy on Earth
3. Examples: water, sunlight, soil, minerals
4. Protect by using wisely, recycling, avoiding waste
5. Wasting causes harm to nature and future generations

Passage 2 – Sports (Swimming)

1. lungs
2. being healthy and strong
3. Football helps muscles grow and heart stay strong
4. Benefits: better sleep, reduced stress
5. Important to keep heart strong for survival

Passage 3 – Sports (General)

1. improving health
2. cooking
3. Sports help people stay fit, reduce stress, build social skills
4. Benefit: strengthens muscles, improves heart function
5. Yes, important because it keeps body and mind healthy

Passage 4 – Egypt's Resources

1. The Nile River
2. fuel and electricity

3. Examples: oil, natural gas, gold, iron
4. Fertile land helps grow crops like cotton and wheat
5. Important for country's growth and economy

Passage 5 – Sports (Fun Way)

1. reducing anxiety
2. Tennis
3. Sports teach teamwork and discipline
4. Important to stay active for health and energy
5. Basketball, tennis, cycling

Passage 6 – New Administrative Capital

1. reduce crowding in Cairo
2. landmark
3. Streets are wide and modern
4. Services: clean energy, efficient technology
5. Green spaces are important for health and environment

Passage 7 – Extreme Weather

1. Flood
2. Heatwave
3. Sandstorm: dust and strong winds make it hard to see/breathe
4. Drought harms crops and animals
5. Important to learn to stay safe

Passage 8 – Village

1. green hills and flowers
2. Fridays
3. Farmers grow vegetables and fruit
4. Children play near the river banks
5. Nights are full of stars

Passage 9 – City

1. tall buildings
2. cars, buses, and trains
3. Streets glow with colorful signs at night
4. Families relax in parks
5. City is lively and exciting because of people and activities

Passage 10 – Desert Animals

1. insects
2. at night
3. Some hide under rocks during the day
4. Camels eat plants
5. Each role keeps nature balanced

Passage 11 – Rainforest

1. store water and clean the air
2. plants in the rainforest
3. Benefits: clean air, regulate climate, store water
4. Animals lose homes due to deforestation
5. People must work together to protect rainforests

- **Write a paragraph of about 50 words on**

1. Trees in our life

Trees are very important in our life. They give us oxygen, shade, and fruits. They protect the environment and keep the air clean. People use wood for houses and furniture. Without trees, life would be difficult. We must plant more trees to make our world green and healthy.

2. Treasures of Egypt

Egypt is full of treasures that show its great history. The Pyramids, the Nile River, and the Egyptian Museum are world-famous. Gold, iron, and natural gas are valuable resources. These treasures help Egypt grow and attract tourists. Protecting them keeps our culture alive for future generations.

3. Good Habits (past – now)

In the past, people had good habits like sleeping early and eating healthy food. Now, we also need to follow these habits to stay strong. Washing hands, exercising, and saving water are important today. Good habits make our life better and help us live happily and safely.

4. New Administrative Capital

The New Administrative Capital is a very smart city in Egypt. It was built to reduce crowding in Cairo. It has wide streets, green spaces, and modern buildings. The Icon Tower is a famous landmark there. This city uses clean energy and advanced technology to support Egypt's future.

5. Egyptian Villages

Egyptian villages are calm places with fresh air and green fields. Farmers grow vegetables and fruits, and children play near the river. Life in villages is simple and peaceful. People share food and stories, making the community friendly. Villages are important for agriculture and for keeping traditions alive.

7. A place you want to visit

I want to visit the beach with my friends. We can play games, swim in the sea, and enjoy the fresh air. The beach is full of fun and relaxation. Spending time there makes me happy and helps me forget stress. It is my favorite place to visit.

8. Healthcare Heroes

Healthcare heroes are doctors, nurses, and paramedics. They diagnose illnesses, treat patients, and save lives. They work hard in hospitals and emergencies. Their role is very important for our community. Without them, people would suffer. We must respect and thank healthcare heroes for their great efforts every day.

9. Sports help us stay fit and happy

Sports help us stay fit and happy. They make our bones stronger and help us lose weight. Playing football, swimming, or running keeps our body active. Sports also reduce stress and give us energy. They are fun activities that improve health and bring joy to our lives.

10. How to stay safe during disasters

To stay safe during disasters, we must follow safety rules. During floods, move to higher places. In sandstorms, stay indoors and cover your face. During heatwaves, drink water and avoid the sun. Listening to warnings and helping others keeps everyone safe. Preparation is the key to survival.

11. The role of sports in staying healthy

Sports play a big role in staying healthy. They improve mental health, help us sleep better, and reduce stress. Regular exercise keeps the body strong and fit. Playing sports with friends also builds teamwork. Sports are not only fun but also essential for a happy, healthy life.

12. How sports help the heart

Sports help the heart by strengthening muscles and increasing energy. Running, swimming, and cycling make the heart pump blood better. A strong heart keeps the body healthy and active. Sports also reduce the risk of diseases. Exercising daily is the best way to protect the heart and live longer.

Englisheet
Mr. Mohamed Gamal Elmasry

جميع المذكرات متاحة للسادة المدرسين بالاسم واللوجو ورقم الهاتف بجودة عالية وأسعار تنافسية

للتواصل فون أو واتساب على الأرقام

01204831952 - 01270125415

مع أطيب الدعوات وأرق الأمنيات بالنجاح والتوفيق

Unit One - Food, Nature, and Culture

The Present Simple Tense

◆ Choose the correct answer: (13 marks)

1. My brother _____ football every weekend. (plays – play – playing – played)
2. We _____ to the cinema on Fridays. (go – goes – going – went)
3. The sun _____ in the east. (rises – rise – rose – rising)
4. He _____ his car every Sunday. (washes – wash – washed – washing)
5. Birds _____ south in the winter. (fly – flies – flew – flying)
6. She _____ drink coffee. She prefers tea. (doesn't – don't – isn't – didn't)
7. We _____ go to work on Saturdays. (don't – doesn't – aren't – isn't)
8. He doesn't _____ any brothers or sisters. (have – has – had – having)
9. It doesn't often _____ in the desert. (rain – rains – raining – rained)
10. _____ you like pizza? (Do – Does – Are – Did)
11. Where _____ your father work? (does – do – did – is)
12. She doesn't _____ in the afternoon. (study – studies – studied – studying)
13. How _____ Omar get ready for the exam? (does – do – did – are)

◆ Correct the following: (12 marks)

1. They (goes) _____ to school by bus.
2. She (don't) _____ like pizza.
3. It (rains) _____ in summer.
4. We (doesn't) _____ live in Cairo.
5. The shop (open) _____ at 10 a.m.
6. He (study) _____ English every night.
7. They (plays) _____ in the park on Fridays.
8. She (not watch) _____ TV in the morning.
9. I (don't eats) _____ breakfast early.
10. Does he (goes) _____ to school by car?
11. He (does not likes) _____ reading books.
12. My mother (cook) _____ dinner every evening.

◆ **Find the mistake and correct it: (5 marks)**

1. He don't play football every day.
2. The shop open at 8 a.m.
3. We doesn't go to school on Friday.
4. She like ice cream.
5. It rain a lot in winter.

◆ **Rewrite using the word in brackets: (5 marks)**

1. He watches TV every night. (never)
2. They go to school by bus. (always)
3. She eats breakfast in the morning. (sometimes)
4. I study English in the evening. (usually)
5. We play football on Fridays. (often)

◆ **Rearrange the words to make correct sentences: (10 marks)**

1. study / English / I / every / night
2. always / she / early / gets / up
3. go / to / school / they / by / bus
4. play / on / we / football / Fridays
5. every / washes / his / car / Sunday / he
6. in / doesn't / tea / the / drink / morning / she
7. your / work / does / where / father
8. at / they / dinner / have / night
9. do / what / you / usually / weekends / on
10. breakfast / I / eat / never / late

**DREAM
BIG.
WORK
HARD.
Make It Happen!**

Englisheet-Mr. Mohamed Gamal Elmasry

Unit Two – My Healthy Body

Some / Any / A / An

◆ Choose the correct answer: (15 marks)

1. I have _____ apples in my bag. (some – any – a – an)
2. There isn't _____ milk in the fridge. (some – any – a – an)
3. She wants _____ orange. (a – an – some – any)
4. We don't have _____ bread. (some – any – a – an)
5. There are _____ students in the classroom. (some – any – a – an)
6. He doesn't have _____ money. (some – any – a – an)
7. Can I have _____ sugar, please? (some – any – a – an)
8. I need _____ umbrella because it's raining. (a – an – some – any)
9. There isn't _____ water in the bottle. (some – any – a – an)
10. We saw _____ elephants at the zoo. (some – any – a – an)
11. She bought _____ new dress yesterday. (a – an – some – any)
12. Do you have _____ pens? (some – any – a – an)
13. He wants to eat _____ sandwich. (a – an – some – any)
14. There are _____ apples, but there isn't _____ milk. (some – any – a – an)
15. I didn't see _____ people at the park. (some – any – a – an)

◆ Correct the following: (15 marks)

1. I have (any) _____ friends in my class.
2. There isn't (some) _____ juice in the bottle.
3. She wants (some) _____ apple.
4. We don't have (a) _____ rice.
5. He needs (an) _____ banana for lunch.
6. There are (a) _____ students in the hall.
7. Can I have (any) _____ water, please?
8. I bought (some) _____ umbrella.
9. There isn't (a) _____ cheese left.
10. We saw (any) _____ monkeys at the zoo.
11. Do you have (some) _____ eraser?
12. He ate (an) _____ orange and (a) _____ apple.
13. They don't have (some) _____ pencils.

14. There are (a) _____ books on the table.
15. I want (an) _____ sandwich and (a) _____ juice.

◆ **Find the mistake and correct it: (5 marks)**

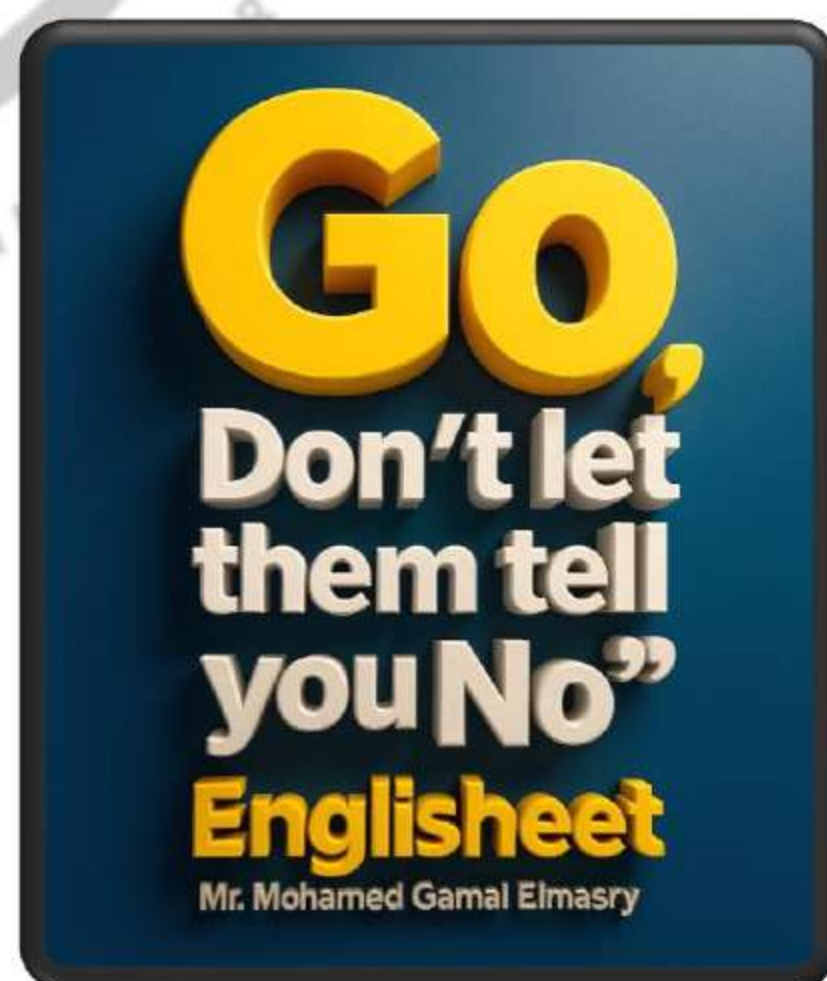
1. There are any apples on the plate.
2. He didn't buy some bread.
3. I saw an elephant and some orange.
4. We don't have a sugar.
5. She needs some umbrella.

◆ **Rewrite using the word in brackets: (5 marks)**

1. I don't have apples. (some)
2. She doesn't want tea. (any)
3. He has water. (some)
4. There isn't milk in the fridge. (any)
5. I want sandwich. (a)

◆ **Rearrange the words to make correct sentences: (10 marks)**

1. have / some / I / apples / red
2. there / any / milk / isn't / fridge / the / in
3. classroom / are / there / students / in / some / the
4. needs / umbrella / an / she
5. buy / I / bread / some / want / to
6. water / there / in / isn't / the / bottle / any
7. some / have / can / tea / I / please
8. an / eat / wants / he / apple
9. some / bought / yesterday / I / bananas
10. pen / you / have / a / do



Unit Three – When Nature Changes

The Past Simple Tense

1. I _____ a movie yesterday. (watched – watching – watches – watch)
2. He _____ his grandma last week. (visited – visiting – visits – visit)
3. They _____ football yesterday afternoon. (played – playing – plays – play)
4. She _____ her homework last night. (did – do – does – doing)
5. We _____ to the park on Friday. (went – go – goes – going)
6. I _____ breakfast at 7 o'clock yesterday. (had – has – having – have)
7. Ahmed didn't _____ the window. (close – closes – closing – closed)
8. He _____ at home yesterday evening. (was – were – is – are)
9. _____ he go to school yesterday? (Did – Does – Do – Was)
10. Did you _____ the movie last night? (watch – watched – watching – watches)
11. Where _____ you travel last summer? (did – do – does – doing)
12. When did she _____ to Cairo? (go – goes – going – gone)
13. They _____ very tired yesterday. (were – are – is – was)
14. She _____ to play basketball when she was young. (used – use – uses – using)
15. I _____ a new book last week. (bought – buy – buying – buys)

◆ Correct the following: (15 marks)

1. He (goed) _____ to the zoo yesterday.
2. I (write) _____ a letter last night.
3. They (eat) _____ pizza yesterday.
4. He (didn't went) _____ to school.
5. I didn't (ate) _____ my lunch.
6. They didn't (saw) _____ the movie.
7. She (didn't wrote) _____ the homework.
8. We (didn't took) _____ the bus.
9. I (bayed) _____ a new phone last week.
10. She (runned) _____ in the race.
11. They (swim) _____ in the sea yesterday.
12. I (didn't drank) _____ any water.
13. Did you (taked) _____ your medicine?

14. Where (do) _____ they travel last month?

15. When did he (goes) _____ to school?

◆ **Find the mistake and correct it: (5 marks)**

1. He didn't went to the party yesterday.

2. They was very happy last night.

3. I bought a new bag last week.

4. We didn't saw the film.

5. Did she went to the museum?

◆ **Rewrite using the word in brackets: (5 marks)**

1. I go to school every day. (yesterday)

2. She writes a story every week. (last week)

3. We play football every Friday. (played)

4. They eat pizza every weekend. (yesterday)

5. He visits his uncle every month. (last month)

◆ **Rearrange the words to make correct sentences: (10 marks)**

1. went / yesterday / zoo / to / the / they

2. I / last / watched / night / movie / a

3. not / didn't / the / open / Ahmed / door

4. did / yesterday / where / go / you

5. teacher / our / spoke / us / to

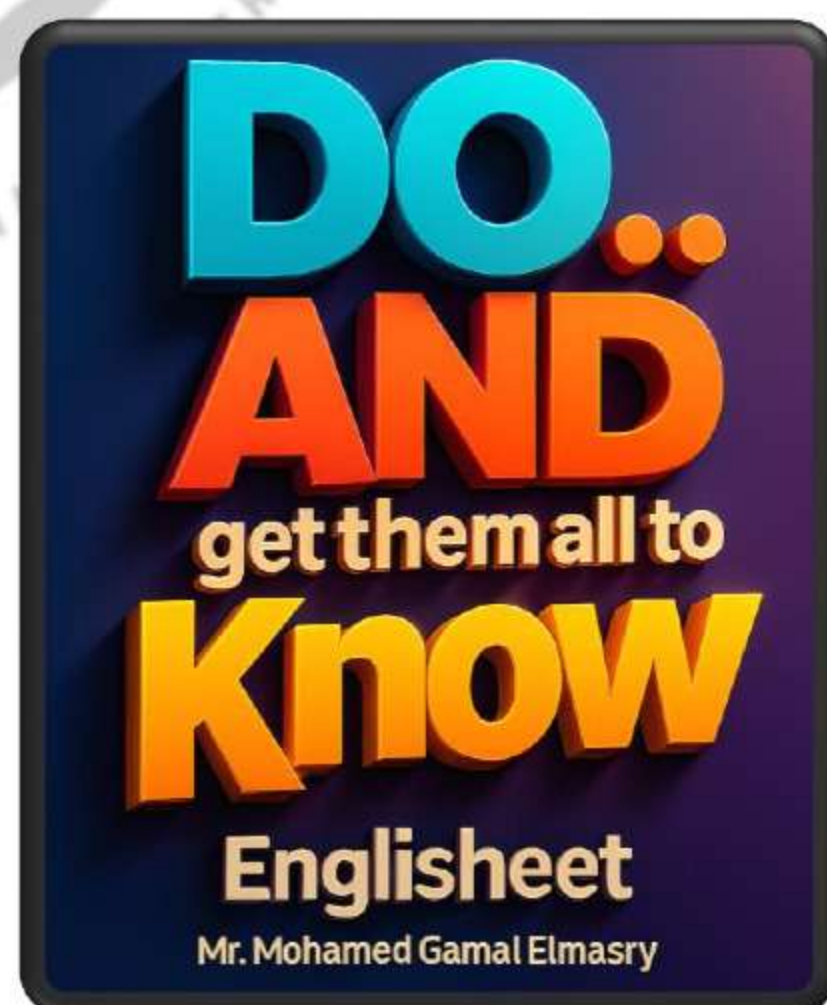
6. bought / shop / the / in / new / shoes / she

7. last / we / picnic / a / had / week

8. did / he / the / homework / finish

9. very / were / they / tired / night / last

10. wasn't / home / at / he / yesterday



Unit Four – My Community

The Prepositions Of Place

◆ **Choose the correct answer: (15 marks)**

1. The book is _____ the table. (on – in – under – next to)
2. The cat is _____ the bed. (on – in – at – behind)
3. My father is _____ the office now. (in – on – at – under)
4. We are sitting _____ the garden. (in – on – at – behind)
5. The students are _____ the classroom. (on – in – at – under)
6. There is a mirror _____ the wall. (in – at – on – between)
7. The dog is sleeping _____ the chair. (under – in – on – between)
8. The restaurant is _____ the bank and the school. (between – on – under – in)
9. The teacher stands _____ the board. (behind – under – at – in)
10. The picture is _____ the door. (in – on – at – next to)
11. The children are playing _____ the park. (on – at – in – behind)
12. There is a car _____ the right side of the road. (at – on – in – between)
13. We pray _____ the mosque. (in – on – at – under)
14. The ball is _____ the box. (on – in – between – under)
15. The bus stop is _____ the hospital. (next to – in – on – under)

◆ **Correct the preposition: (15 marks)**

1. The cat is on the box. (it's inside)
2. We study on the school.
3. My brother works in the airport. (it's a specific building)
4. The teacher writes in the board.
5. The car is in the road. (it's moving)
6. The man sits in the chair.
7. There is a flower in the wall.
8. The children are on the garden.
9. My house is at the city.
10. The ball is between the table. (only one object)

11. The plane flies on the sky.
12. The girl is at her room.
13. The picture is in the wall.
14. The shop is behind of the bank.
15. He is sitting on his car.

◆ **Find the mistake and correct it: (5 marks)**

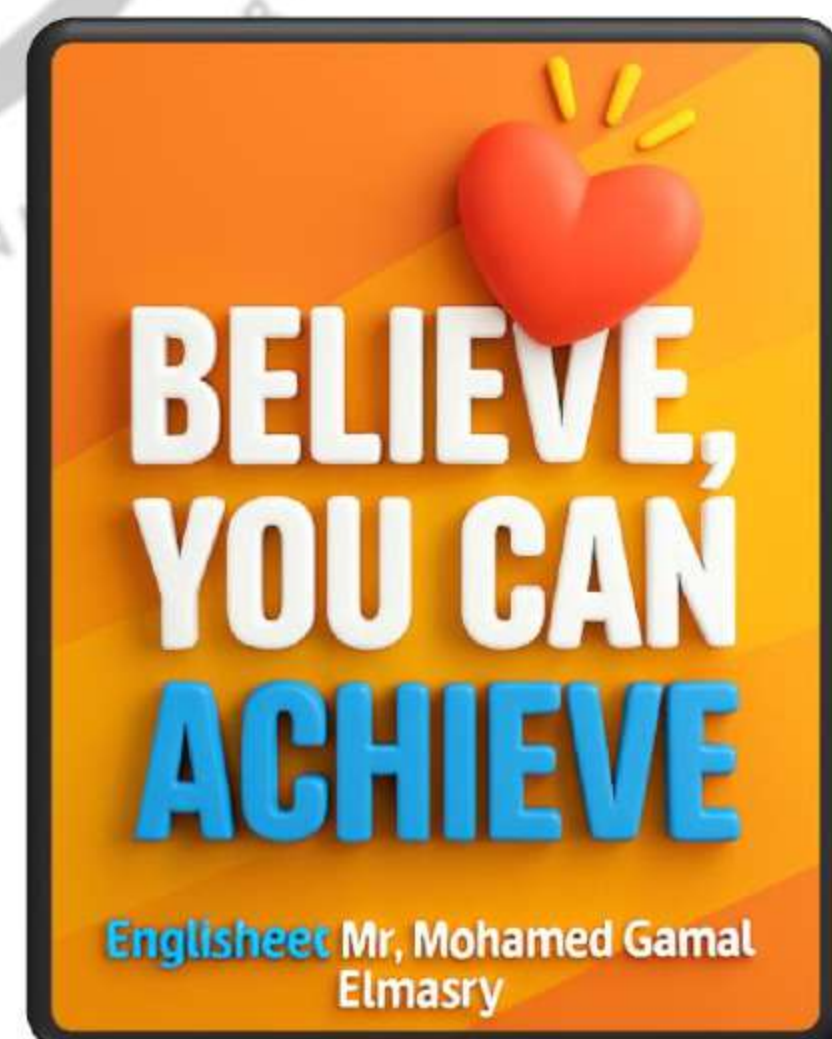
1. The lamp is in the table.
2. We are on the cinema.
3. The picture is in the wall.
4. The cat sleeps at the box.
5. My father works in the bank street.

◆ **Rewrite using the word in brackets: (5 marks)**

1. The ball is _____ the chair. (under)
2. The clock is _____ the wall. (on)
3. My mother is _____ the kitchen. (in)
4. We are _____ the station. (at)
5. The dog is _____ the bed. (under)

◆ **Rearrange the words to make correct sentences: (10 marks)**

1. in / garden / the / flowers / are / the
2. wall / the / picture / is / on / the
3. under / the / the / table / cat / is
4. school / the / children / the / in / are
5. the / the / bus / stop / next to / is / bakery
6. box / toy / the / the / in / is
7. park / the / they / playing / are / in
8. bank / the / the / behind / restaurant / is
9. the / the / table / on / books / are
10. chair / the / under / bag / is / the



Unit Five – Our World, Our Resources

The Adjectives (Comparative Form)

◆ **Choose the correct answer: (15 marks)**

1. A lion is _____ than a cat. (strong – stronger – strongest – strongs)
2. This bag is _____ than that one. (heavy – heavier – heaviest – heavies)
3. My house is _____ than yours. (big – bigger – biggest – bigs)
4. The cheetah is _____ than the zebra. (fast – faster – fastest – more fast)
5. Today is _____ than yesterday. (cold – colder – coldest – cool)
6. Your handwriting is _____ than mine. (good – better – best – well)
7. This road is _____ than the old one. (wide – wider – widest – more wide)
8. My hair is _____ than my sister's. (long – longer – longest – more long)
9. The mountain is _____ than the hill. (high – higher – highest – tall)
10. A camel is _____ than a horse. (slow – slower – slowest – more slow)
11. That shop is _____ than this one. (cheap – cheaper – cheapest – more cheap)
12. This chair is _____ than the sofa. (small – smaller – smallest – little)
13. My bag is _____ than your bag. (light – lighter – lightest – more light)
14. The park is _____ today than yesterday. (busy – busier – busiest – more busy)
15. My phone is _____ than Ali's. (new – newer – newest – more new)

◆ **Correct the adjective form: (15 marks)**

1. The tiger is fast than the rabbit.
2. This book is interestinger than that one.
3. My room is more small than yours.
4. This road is narrow than that road.
5. The elephant is bigger than the cow.
6. My bike is expensiver than yours.
7. This movie is gooder than the last one.
8. My hair is long than her hair.
9. This test is difficulter than the last test.
10. Summer is hotter than winter.

11. Your handwriting is badder than mine.
12. That tower is tall than the building.
13. This pen is cheaper than the pencil.
14. The red apple is sweet than the green one.
15. The camel is slower that the horse.

◆ **Find the mistake and correct it: (5 marks)**

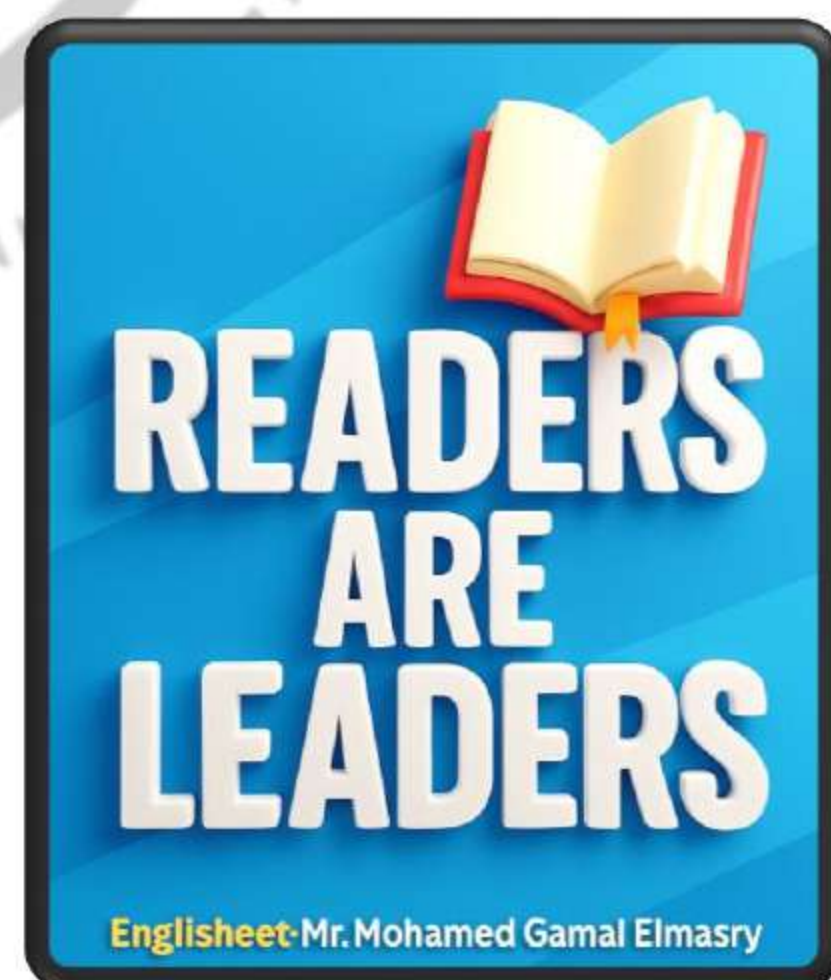
1. This street is most long than that one.
2. My car is expensivest than yours.
3. Today is more colder than yesterday.
4. The giraffe is tallest than the horse.
5. This problem is easier than that one.

◆ **Rewrite using the word in brackets: (5 marks)**

1. This pen is good. (than – pencil)
2. Today is hot. (than – yesterday)
3. My house is big. (than – your house)
4. The tiger is dangerous. (than – lion)
5. My bag is light. (than – your bag)

◆ **Rearrange the words to make correct sentences: (10 marks)**

1. taller / is / Ali / than / Omar
2. the / colder / winter / is / summer / than
3. heavier / this / bag / that / is / than / one
4. faster / than / a / the / rabbit / turtle / is
5. my / smaller / house / your / is / than
6. than / the / my / river / lake / longer / is
7. my / car / yours / than / cheaper / is
8. my / sister / older / brother / is / than / my
9. today / yesterday / warmer / is / than
10. stronger / dog / the / cat / than / is



General Revision On All Units

◆ Choose the correct answer: (15 marks)

1. My brother _____ to school every day. (goes – go – going – went)
2. We _____ in Cairo last year. (live – lived – lives – living)
3. She doesn't _____ coffee in the morning. (drink – drinks – drinking – drank)
4. There isn't _____ milk in the fridge. (some – any – a – an)
5. I have _____ apple and _____ orange. (a / an – an / a – some / any – any / a)
6. He _____ a new bicycle last week. (buys – buy – bought – buying)
7. They _____ TV every evening. (watch – watching – watches – watched)
8. There are _____ books on the desk. (some – any – a – an)
9. We play football _____ Fridays. (on – in – at – by)
10. My birthday is _____ June. (at – in – on – by)
11. The meeting is _____ 8 o'clock. (on – in – at – by)
12. The Nile is _____ than the Amazon. (long – longer – longest – more long)
13. Ahmed is _____ than his brother. (taller – tall – the tallest – more tall)
14. Yesterday I _____ a movie at home. (watch – watching – watched – watches)
15. My bag is _____ than yours. (heavy – heavier – the heaviest – more heavy)

◆ Correct the following: (15 marks)

1. She (go) _____ to school every morning.
2. We (didn't goes) _____ to the park yesterday.
3. There isn't (some) _____ sugar in the cup.
4. He (bayed) _____ a new phone last week.
5. I (am play) _____ football every Friday.
6. They (don't eats) _____ breakfast early.
7. There are (a) _____ students in the classroom.
8. We (study) _____ English yesterday.
9. The shop (open) _____ at 9 o'clock.
10. My father (don't work) _____ on Fridays.
11. The cat (sleped) _____ on the sofa last night.

12. We go to school (at) _____ the morning.
13. Ali is (more tall) _____ than Omar.
14. She doesn't (likes) _____ apples.
15. I (was go) _____ to the club last weekend.

◆ **Find the mistake and correct it: (5 marks)**

1. There are any pencils on the table.
2. We didn't goes to the cinema.
3. My house is bigger than yours.
4. He plays football at Sunday.
5. She bought a new dress yesterday.

◆ **Rewrite using the word in brackets: (5 marks)**

1. He is tall. His brother is taller. (short)
2. I go to school by bus. (yesterday)
3. There is some bread. (any)
4. My car is fast. (the fastest)
5. We play football in the morning. (on)

◆ **Rearrange the words to make correct sentences: (10 marks)**

1. school / every / goes / to / day / he
2. yesterday / we / park / the / visited
3. milk / isn't / fridge / there / the / in / any
4. than / taller / is / Ahmed / Ali
5. at / meeting / starts / 9 / the / o'clock
6. apple / she / an / bought / yesterday
7. morning / in / get / I / early / up / the
8. dinner / have / we / 8 / at / o'clock
9. longer / river / is / the / Nile / any / than / other
10. study / usually / I / evening / the / in

مع أطيب الدعوات وأرق الأمنيات بالنجاح والتوفيق

Unit One – Present Simple Tense

Choose the correct answer

1. plays
2. go
3. rises
4. washes
5. fly
6. doesn't
7. don't
8. have
9. rain
10. Do
11. does
12. study
13. does

Correct the following

1. go → goes
2. don't → doesn't
3. rains → doesn't rain
4. doesn't → don't
5. open → opens
6. study → studies
7. plays → play
8. not watch → doesn't watch
9. don't eats → don't eat
10. goes → go
11. does not likes → does not like
12. cook → cooks

Find the mistake

1. don't → doesn't
2. open → opens
3. doesn't → don't

4. like → likes
5. rain → rains

Rewrite

1. He never watches TV every night.
2. They always go to school by bus.
3. She sometimes eats breakfast in the morning.
4. I usually study English in the evening.
5. We often play football on Fridays.

Rearrange

1. I study English every night.
2. She always gets up early.
3. They go to school by bus.
4. We play football on Fridays.
5. He washes his car every Sunday.
6. She doesn't drink tea in the morning.
7. Where does your father work?
8. They have dinner at night.
9. What do you usually do on weekends?
10. I never eat breakfast late.

Unit Two – Some / Any / A / An

Choose the correct answer

1. some
2. any
3. an
4. any
5. some
6. any
7. some
8. an
9. any
10. some

11. a
12. any
13. a
14. some / any
15. any

Correct the following

1. any → some
2. some → any
3. some apple → an apple
4. a rice → some rice
5. an banana → a banana
6. a students → some students
7. any water → some water
8. some umbrella → an umbrella
9. a cheese → any cheese
10. any monkeys → some monkeys
11. some eraser → an eraser
12. an orange and a apple → an orange and an apple
13. some pencils → any pencils
14. a books → some books
15. an sandwich and a juice → a sandwich and a juice

Find the mistake

1. any apples → some apples
2. some bread → any bread
3. some orange → an orange
4. a sugar → any sugar
5. some umbrella → an umbrella

Rewrite

1. I have some apples.
2. She doesn't want any tea.
3. He has some water.
4. There isn't any milk in the fridge.

5. I want a sandwich.

Rearrange

1. I have some red apples.
2. There isn't any milk in the fridge.
3. There are some students in the classroom.
4. She needs an umbrella.
5. I want to buy some bread.
6. There isn't any water in the bottle.
7. Can I have some tea please?
8. He wants to eat an apple.
9. I bought some bananas yesterday.
10. Do you have a pen?

Unit Three – Past Simple Tense

Choose the correct answer

1. watched
2. visited
3. played
4. did
5. went
6. had
7. close
8. was
9. Did
10. watch
11. did
12. go
13. were
14. used
15. bought

Correct the following

1. goed → went

2. write → wrote
3. eat → ate
4. didn't went → didn't go
5. ate → eat
6. saw → see
7. wrote → write
8. took → take
9. buyed → bought
10. runned → ran
11. swim → swam
12. drank → drink
13. taked → take
14. do → did
15. goes → go

Find the mistake

1. didn't went → didn't go
2. was → were
3. buyed → bought
4. saw → see
5. went → go

Rewrite

1. I went to school yesterday.
2. She wrote a story last week.
3. We played football.
4. They ate pizza yesterday.
5. He visited his uncle last month.

Rearrange

1. They went to the zoo yesterday.
2. I watched a movie last night.
3. Ahmed didn't open the door.
4. Where did you go yesterday?
5. Our teacher spoke to us.

6. She bought new shoes in the shop.
7. We had a picnic last week.
8. Did he finish the homework?
9. They were very tired last night.
10. He wasn't at home yesterday.

Unit Four – Prepositions of Place

Choose the correct answer

1. on
2. under
3. in
4. in
5. in
6. on
7. under
8. between
9. at
10. next to
11. in
12. on
13. in
14. in
15. next to

Correct the preposition

1. on → in
2. on → in
3. in → at
4. in → on
5. in → on
6. in → on
7. in → on
8. on → in

9. at → in
10. between → under
11. on → in
12. at → in
13. in → on
14. behind of → behind
15. on → in

Find the mistake

1. in the table → on the table
2. on the cinema → in the cinema
3. in the wall → on the wall
4. at the box → in the box
5. in the bank street → at the bank

Rewrite

1. The ball is under the chair.
2. The clock is on the wall.
3. My mother is in the kitchen.
4. We are at the station.
5. The dog is under the bed.

Rearrange

1. The flowers are in the garden.
2. The picture is on the wall.
3. The cat is under the table.
4. The children are in the school.
5. The bus stop is next to the bakery.
6. The toy is in the box.
7. They are playing in the park.
8. The restaurant is behind the bank.
9. The books are on the table.
10. The bag is under the chair.

Unit Five – Comparative Adjectives

Choose the correct answer

1. stronger
2. heavier
3. bigger
4. faster
5. colder
6. better
7. wider
8. longer
9. higher
10. slower
11. cheaper
12. smaller
13. lighter
14. busier
15. newer

Correct the adjective

1. fast → faster
2. interestinger → more interesting
3. more small → smaller
4. narrow → narrower
5. biger → bigger
6. expensiver → more expensive
7. gooder → better
8. long → longer
9. difficulter → more difficult
10. hoter → hotter
11. badder → worse
12. tall → taller
13. cheapper → cheaper

14. sweet → sweeter
15. slower that → slower than

Find the mistake

1. most long → longer
2. expensivest → more expensive
3. more colder → colder
4. tallest → taller
5. easier → easier

Rewrite

1. This pen is better than the pencil.
2. Today is hotter than yesterday.
3. My house is bigger than your house.
4. The tiger is more dangerous than the lion.
5. My bag is lighter than your bag.

Rearrange

1. Ali is taller than Omar.
2. Winter is colder than summer.
3. This bag is heavier than that one.
4. A turtle is slower than a rabbit.
5. My house is smaller than your house.
6. My river is longer than the lake.
7. My car is cheaper than yours.
8. My sister is older than my brother.
9. Today is warmer than yesterday.
10. The dog is stronger than the cat.

General Revision On Units

Choose the correct answer (15 marks)

1. goes
2. lived
3. drink
4. any
5. an / a
6. bought
7. watch
8. some
9. on
10. in
11. at
12. longer
13. taller
14. watched
15. heavier

Correct the following (15 marks)

1. She **goes** to school every morning.
2. We **didn't go** to the park yesterday.
3. There isn't **any** sugar in the cup.
4. He **bought** a new phone last week.
5. I **play** football every Friday.
6. They **don't eat** breakfast early.
7. There are **some** students in the classroom.
8. We **studied** English yesterday.
9. The shop **opens** at 9 o'clock.
10. My father **doesn't work** on Fridays.
11. The cat **slept** on the sofa last night.
12. We go to school **in** the morning.
13. Ali is **taller** than Omar.

14. She doesn't **like** apples.
15. I **went** to the club last weekend.

Find the mistake and correct it (5 marks)

1. There are any pencils → **There aren't any pencils** on the table.
2. We didn't goes → **We didn't go** to the cinema.
3. biger → **bigger**
4. at Sunday → **on Sunday**
5. buyed → **bought**

Rewrite using the word in brackets (5 marks)

1. He is tall. His brother is taller → His brother is **shorter**.
2. I go to school by bus → I went to school by bus **yesterday**.
3. There is some bread → There isn't **any** bread.
4. My car is fast → My car is **the fastest**.
5. We play football in the morning → We play football **on** the morning.

Rearrange the words (10 marks)

1. He goes to school every day.
2. We visited the park yesterday.
3. There isn't any milk in the fridge.
4. Ahmed is taller than Ali.
5. The meeting starts at 9 o'clock.
6. She bought an apple yesterday.
7. I get up early in the morning.
8. We have dinner at 8 o'clock.
9. The Nile River is longer than any other.
10. I usually study in the evening.



Trees in Our Life

Trees are very important in our life. A tree is a big plant with leaves and branches. Trees give us fruits, wood, and shade. They help us breathe clean air.

الأشجار مهمة جداً في حياتنا. الشجرة هي نبات كبير له أوراق وأغصان. الأشجار تعطينا الفواكه والخشب والظل. هي تساعدنا على تنفس هواء نظيف.



My Favorite Recipe

First, I boil the pasta. Then, I cook the rice and lentils. After that, I make the tomato sauce. Next, I mix everything together. Finally, I enjoy my delicious Koshari!

أولاً، أقوم بسلق المعكرونة. ثم أطبخ الأرز والعدس. بعد ذلك، أقوم بإعداد صلصة الطماطم. تالياً، أخلط كل شيء معاً. أخيراً، أستمتع بالكشري اللذيذ!



How to Stay Healthy

I play sports every day to stay fit. Running and swimming make me strong. Eating fruits and vegetables is good for my body. Sports help me stay happy and healthy.

أنا أمارس الرياضة كل يوم لأبقى لائقاً بدنياً. الجري والسباحة يجعلاني قوياً. تناول الفواكه والخضروات مفيد لجسمي. الرياضة تساعدني على البقاء سعيداً وبصحة جيدة.



Good Habits

In the past, I didn't eat many fruits. I watched too much TV. Now, I eat healthy food, play sports, and sleep early. These good habits make me strong.

في الماضي، لم أكن أكل الكثير من الفواكه. وكنت أشاهد التلفاز كثيراً. الآن، أكل طعاماً صحياً، وأمارس الرياضة، وأنام مبكراً. هذه العادات الجيدة تجعلني قوياً.



Healthcare Heroes

Doctors and paramedics are real heroes. Doctors diagnose illnesses and treat patients. Paramedics work fast to save lives. They take people safely to hospitals.

الأطباء والمسعفون هم أبطال حقيقيون. الأطباء يشخصون الأمراض ويعالجون المرضى. المسعفون يعملون بسرعة لإنقاذ الأرواح. هم ينقلون الناس بأمان إلى المستشفيات.



Sports Help Us Fit

Sports help us stay fit and happy. They help us lose weight and make bones stronger. Playing football or swimming keeps bodies active. Sports give us energy.

الرياضة تساعدنا على البقاء لائقين وسعداء. تساعدنا على فقدان الوزن وجعل العظام أقوى. لعب كرة القدم أو السباحة يحافظ على نشاط الجسم. الرياضة تمنحنا الطاقة.





The Role of Sports

The role of sports is very important. Sports improve mental health and help us sleep better. When we play sports, we feel relaxed. Sports keep both body and mind strong.

دور الرياضة مهم جداً. الرياضة تحسن الصحة العقلية وتساعدنا على النوم بشكل أفضل. عندما نمارس الرياضة، نشعر بالاسترخاء. الرياضة تحافظ على قوة الجسم والعقل معاً.



Sports & The Heart

Sports help the heart in many ways. They make our muscles stronger and increase energy. Running or swimming keeps the heart active. Sports help us feel fit and full of power.

الرياضة تساعد القلب بطرق عديدة. تجعل عضلاتنا أقوى وتزيد الطاقة. الجري أو السباحة يحافظ على نشاط القلب. الرياضة تساعدنا على الشعور باللياقة والقوة.



The Two Frogs

Two best friend frogs lived in a small pond. During summer, the pond started to dry up. They decided to look for a new home. They saw a deep well and thought before acting.

عاش ضفدعان صديقان في بركة صغيرة. خلال الصيف، بدأت البركة تجف. قررا البحث عن منزل جديد. رأيا بئراً عميقة وفكرا قبل التصرف.



Visit the Beach

I want to visit the beach with my friends. We can play games and swim in the sea. The weather will be sunny and nice. I love spending time with friends at the beach.

أريد زيارة الشاطئ مع أصدقائي. يمكننا لعب الألعاب والسباحة في البحر. الطقس سيكون مشمساً وجميلاً. أحب قضاء الوقت مع الأصدقاء على الشاطئ.



The City I Like (Cairo)

I like Cairo because it is a great city. I live in it with my family. I visit my grandparents every weekend. We have fun and enjoy beautiful places.

أنا أحب القاهرة لأنها مدينة عظيمة. أعيش فيها مع عائلتي. أزور أجدادي في كل عطلة نهاية أسبوع. نستمع بوقتنا ونستمع بالأمكن الجميلة.



New Capital City

The New Administrative Capital is a smart city. It has the Icon Tower, the tallest in Africa. The city helps to reduce crowding in Cairo. It is clean and modern.

العاصمة الإدارية الجديدة مدينة ذكية. يوجد بها البرج الأيقوني، الأطول في أفريقيا. المدينة تساعد على تقليل الزحام في القاهرة. إنها نظيفة وحديثة.





Treasures of Egypt

Egypt has many treasures like the Pyramids. They are important because they show our history. We must keep them safe and clean. We should protect our ancient temples.

مصر لديها العديد من الكنوز مثل الأهرامات. هي مهمة لأنها تظهر تاريخنا. يجب أن نحافظ عليها آمنة ونظيفة. يجب أن نحمي معابدنا القديمة.



How to Be Strong

To be strong, we should never give up. We must work hard and believe in ourselves. Helping others makes us strong. True strength comes from patience and kindness.

لنكون أقوياء، يجب ألا نستسلم أبداً. يجب أن نعمل بجد ونؤمن بأنفسنا. مساعدة الآخرين تجعلنا أقوياء. القوة الحقيقية تأتي من الصبر واللطف.



Keep Earth Safe

We can keep Earth safe by protecting nature. We must not cut trees or pollute water. Protecting animals and plants is important. Everyone should help make the world clean.

يمكننا الحفاظ على سلامة الأرض بحماية الطبيعة. يجب ألا نقطع الأشجار أو نلوث المياه. حماية الحيوانات والنباتات أمر مهم. يجب على الجميع المساعدة في جعل العالم نظيفاً.



Egyptian Villages

Egyptian villages are calm and beautiful. The air is fresh, and the fields are green. People live a simple, peaceful life on farms. It is a great place to relax and enjoy nature.

القرى المصرية هادئة وجميلة. الهواء نقي، والحقول خضراء. الناس يعيشون حياة بسيطة وهادئة في المزارع. إنه مكان رائع للاسترخاء والاستمتاع بالطبيعة.



Journey to New Place

I went on a journey to a new place. It was a nice experience, and I felt happy. I saw new things and met friendly people. I will never forget this wonderful trip.

ذهبت في رحلة إلى مكان جديد. كانت تجربة لطيفة، وشعرت بالسعادة. رأيت أشياء جديدة وقابلت أشخاصاً ودودين. لن أنسى أبداً هذه الرحلة الرائعة.



Amazing Place Trip

Last week, I had a new experience. The weather was good and sunny. I took many photos and enjoyed my time. It was an amazing place to visit with family.

الأسبوع الماضي، خضت تجربة جديدة. الطقس كان جيداً ومشمساً. التقطت العديد من الصور واستمتعت بوقتي. كان مكاناً مذهلاً للزيارة مع العائلة.





Favorite Place Trip

**I went with my friends to my favorite place.
It was a new and interesting experience.
We played games and laughed a lot. We
had a great day together.**

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ذهبت مع أصدقائي إلى مكاني المفضل. كانت
تجربة جديدة وممتعة. لعبنا الألعاب وضحكنا
كثيراً. قضينا يوماً رائعاً معاً.

كيفية طباعة صفحات معينة من ملف معين مثلا ازاي نطبع الصفحات من صفحة 4 الى صفحة 9

